



DEFCO  **N**

NSM 101 for ICS

About me

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Electrical Engineer

Sr. ICS Security Consultant

- Control system security assessments
- ICS Village (DEF CON & RSA Conference)

Entergy (11+ years)

- SCADA Engineer (10 years)
- Project Robus (ICS Protocol Fuzzing)
 - 30+ implementation vulnerabilities in DNP3 stacks
- Substation Security Team

BSidesJackson

What happens when you use nmap or a fuzzer on an ICS?



If ICS are so vulnerable,
why haven't we seen
more attacks?

We aren't looking!

Two Key Reasons



Intent



Visibility

Intent

Very little ICS targeted attack data

- Maroochy Shire to Stuxnet to German Steel Plant

Why are **targeted** attacks different?

- It's a "Who" not a "What"
- Professional, organized, well-funded
- If you kick them out, they will return



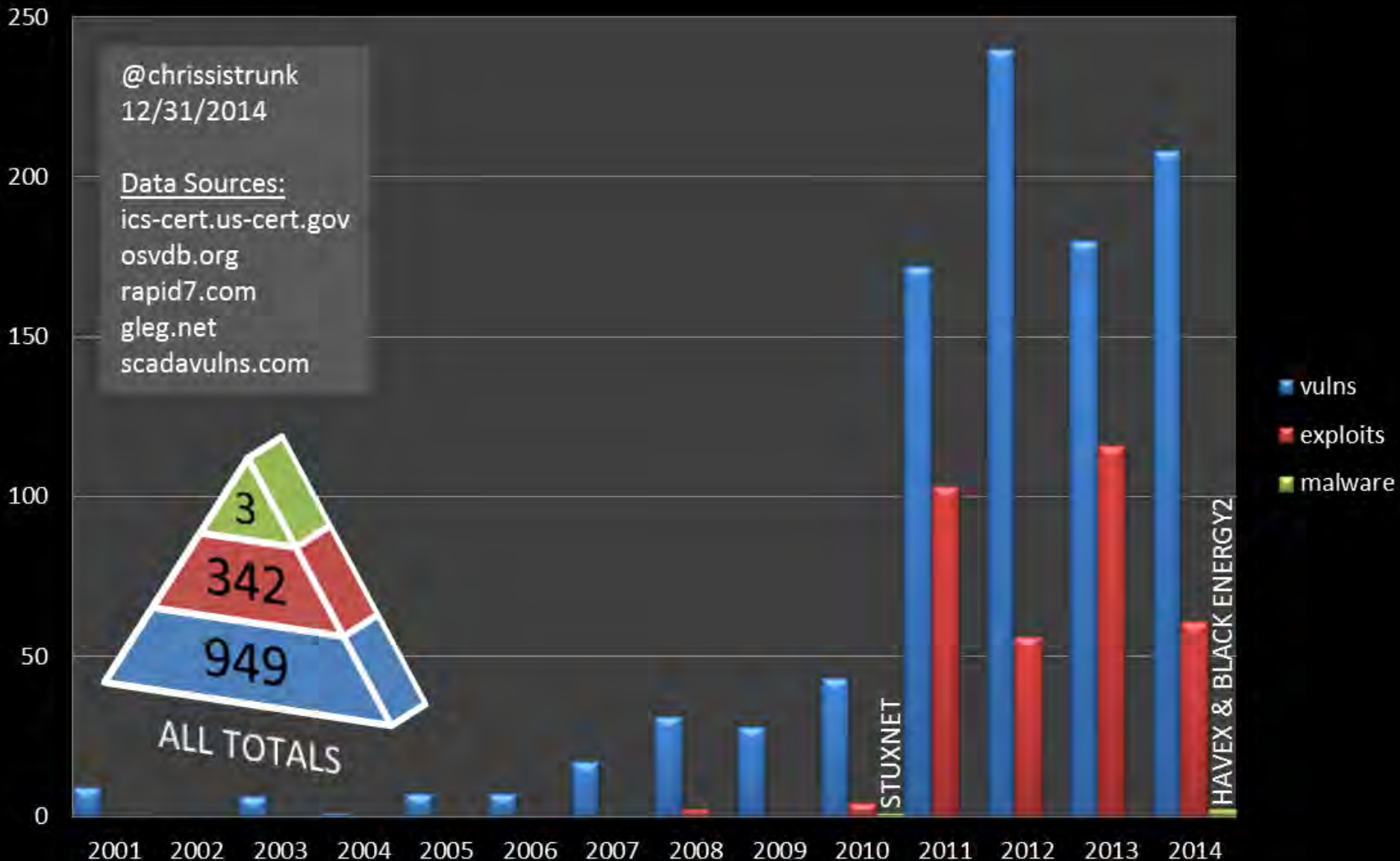
Visibility



Visibility



Public ICS Vulnerabilities Per Year



If your ICS gets hacked...

you can't make gadgets
water
electricity anymore

Now what?

- More Gov't security regulations
- ICS security still lagging
- Breaches are inevitable
 - Attacks aren't stopping
 - Every sector
 - Including ICS

What can we do to get ahead of this???

Network Security Monitoring

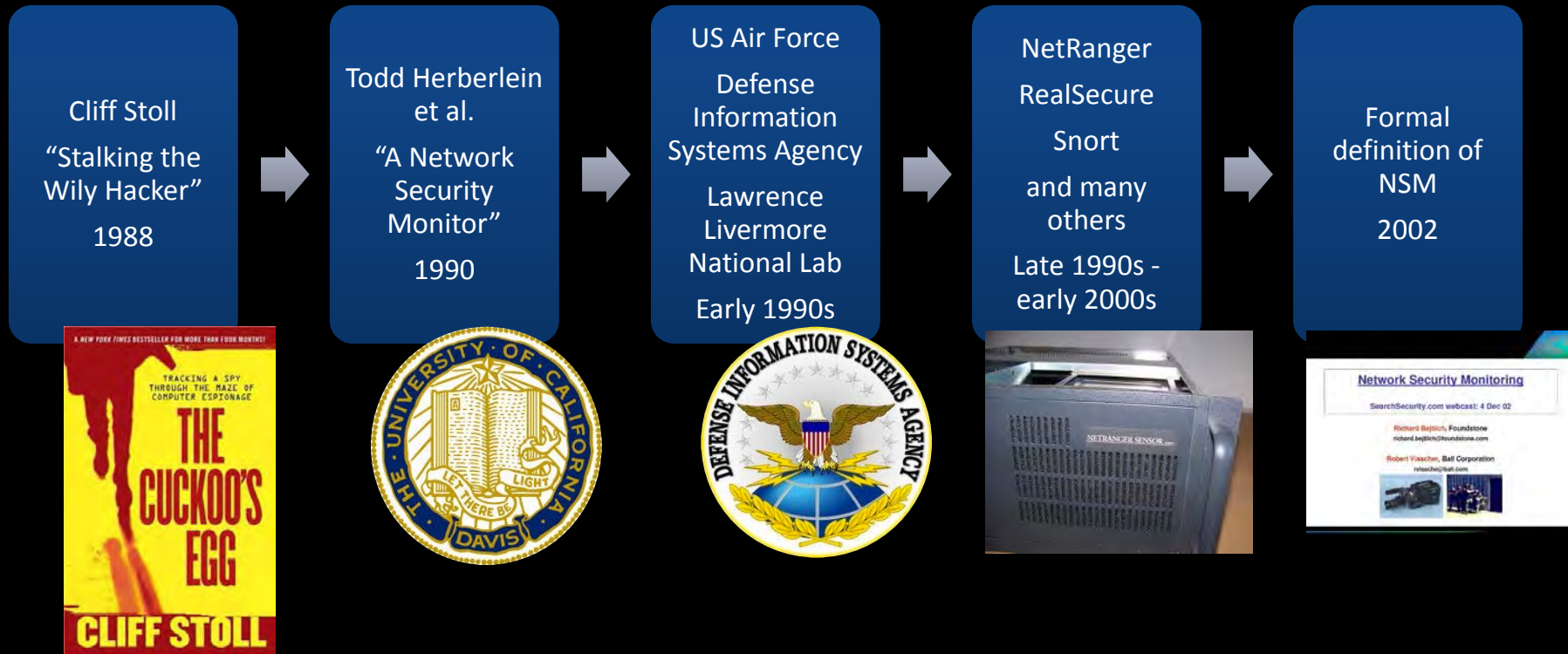
“The collection, analysis, and escalation of indications and warnings to detect and respond to intrusions. **NSM** is a way to find intruders on your network and do something about them before they damage your enterprise.”

- *The Practice of Network Security Monitoring*



Network Security Monitoring

Invented in 1990, still in use today



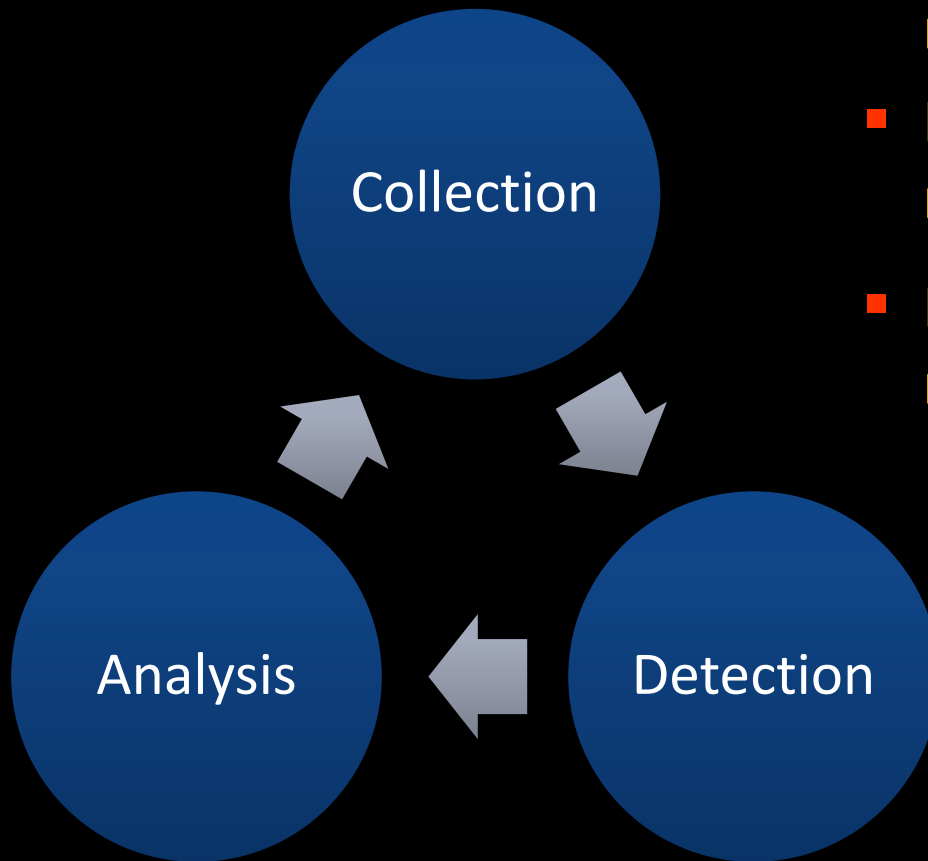
Before we start looking...

We need

- At least one person (to watch and hunt)
- The right tools to collect and analyze the data



The NSM Cycle



- Model for action, based on network-derived data
- Requires **people** and process, not just technology
- Focuses on the adversary, not the vulnerability

Methods of Monitoring

- **Network tap** – physical device which relays a copy of packets to an NSM sensor
- **SPAN or mirrored ports** – switch configuration which sends copies of packets to a separate port where NSM sensor can connect
- **Host NIC** – configured to watch all network traffic flowing on its segment (usually on NSM sensor)
- **Serial port tap** – physical device which relays serial traffic to another port, usually requires additional software to interpret data



Stratus Engineering



Huake Networks

Types of Data Collected

- **Full content data** – unfiltered collection of packets
- **Extracted content** – data streams, files, Web pages, etc.
- **Session data** – conversation between nodes
- **Transaction data** – requests and replies between nodes
- **Statistical data** – description of traffic, such as protocol and volume
- **Metadata** – aspects of data, e.g. who owns this IP address
- **Alert/log data** – triggers from IDS tools, tracking user logins, etc.

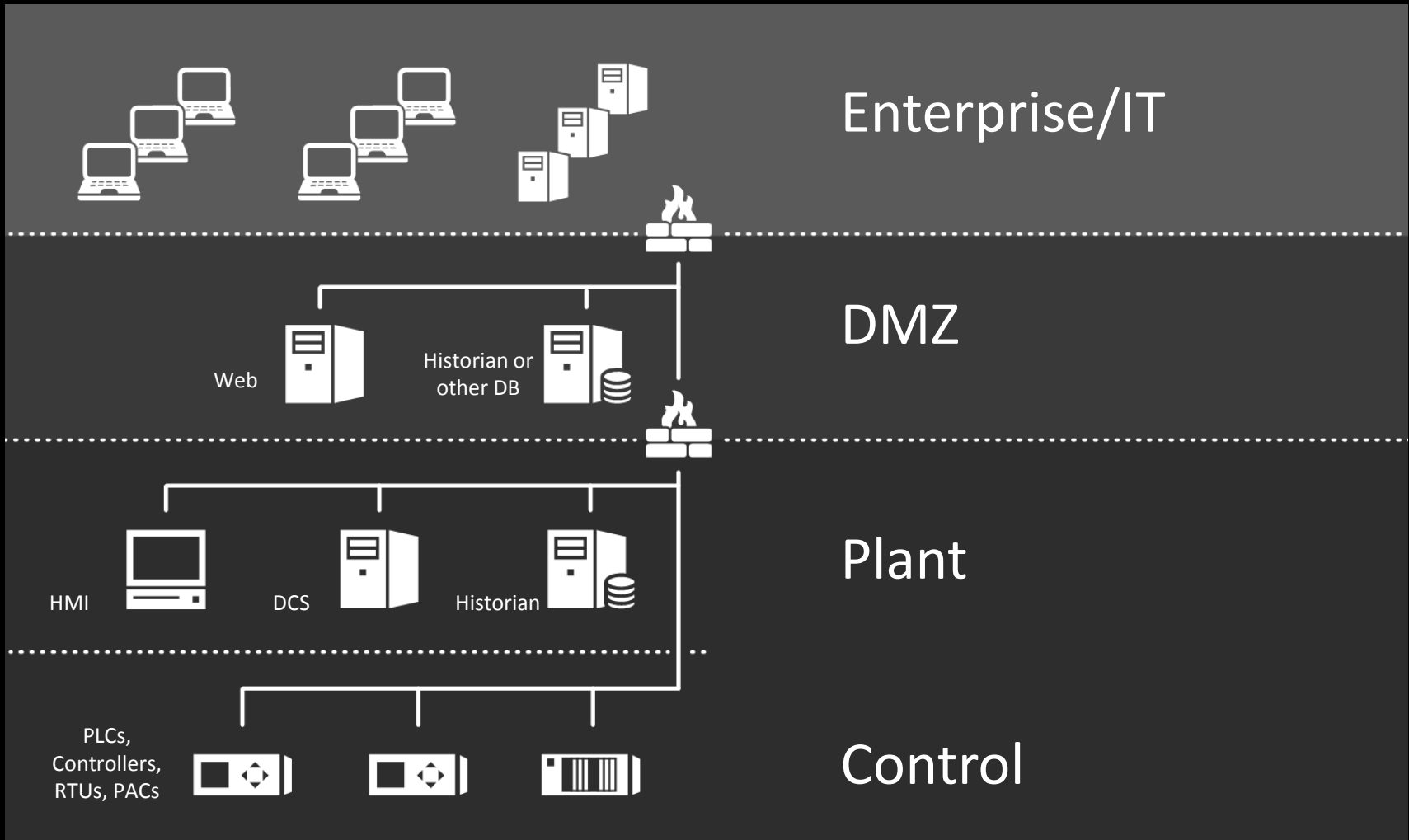


Difficulties for NSM

- Encrypted networks
- Widespread NAT
- Devices moving between network segments
- Extreme traffic volume
- Privacy concerns

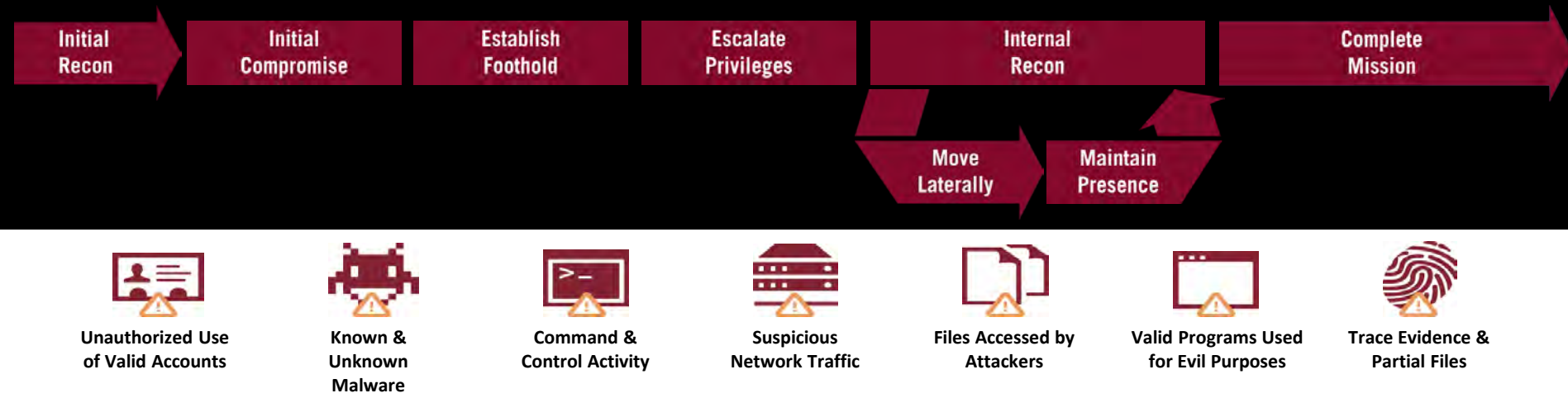
Issues that most ICS do not face!

Example ICS



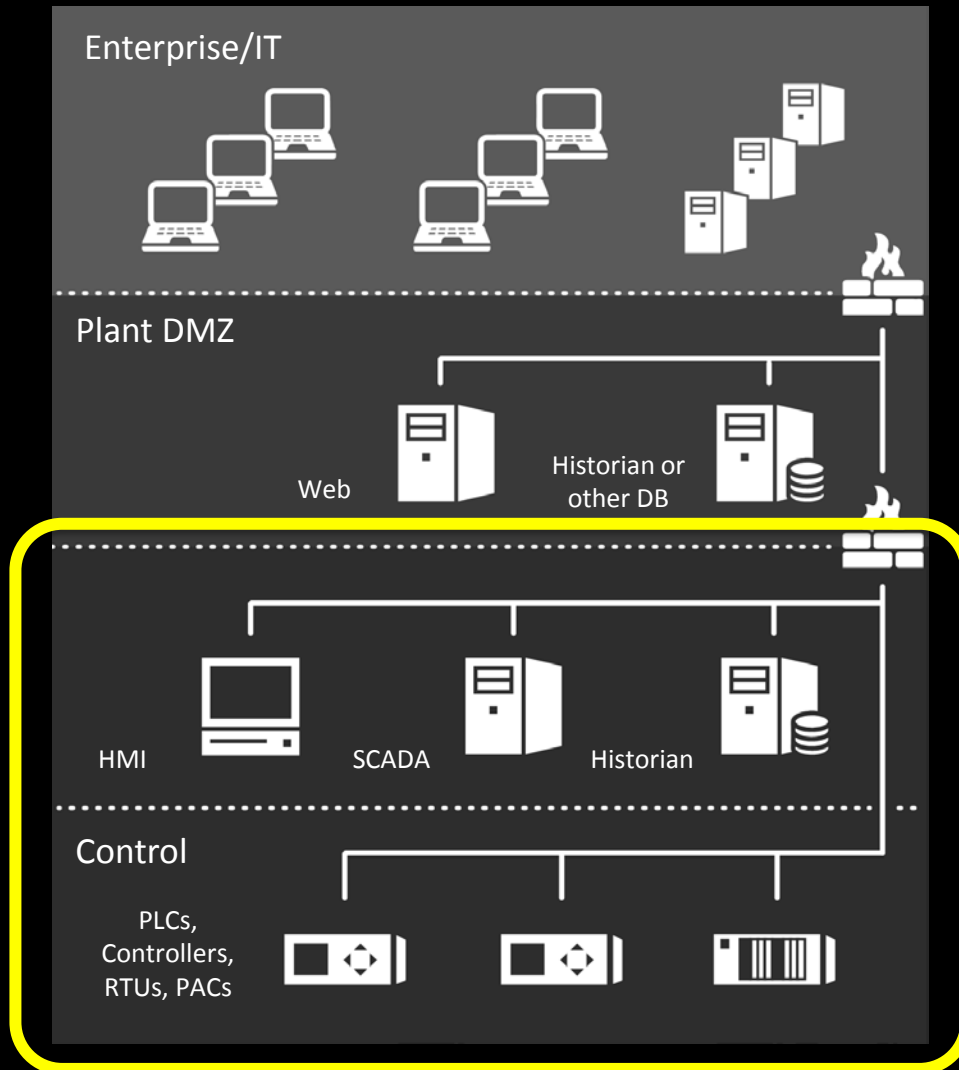
Anatomy of an Attack

While attackers often use malware to gain an initial foothold, they quickly move to other tactics to execute their attacks.



Over all Mandiant attack investigations, only a little more than half of victim computers have malware on them.

Attacker Objectives



Attacker's goals:

- Damage equipment
- Affect or steal process info
- Cause safety or compliance issue
- Pivot from vulnerable ICS to enterprise

Attacker's options:

- Gain physical access to an ICS host
- Gain remote access to an ICS host
- Compromise a highly-privileged client machine with access to the ICS network



Let's do some NSM!

Let's do some NSM!



Inquisitive mind

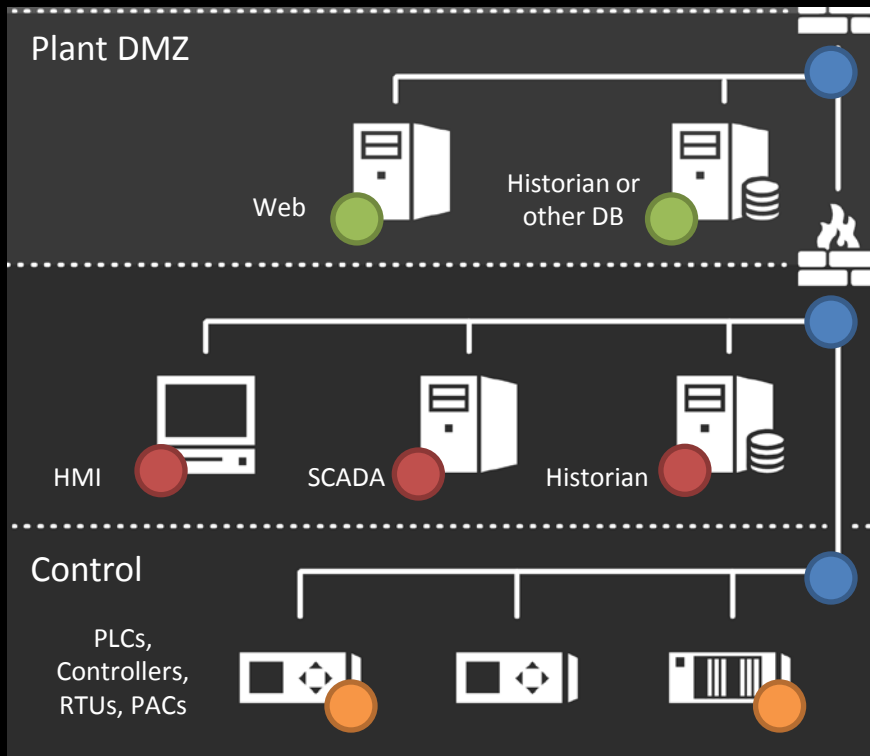
NSM hunting tools

NSM collection tools

Protection

NSM Collection

- Enterprise technology collectors
- Logs and/or Agent
- Network sensors
- Logs only



- Firewall Logs
- Session Data
- NIDS/HIDS Logs
- Full packet capture
- Windows Logs and syslog
- SNMP (CPU % etc.)
- Alerts from security agents (AV, whitelisting, etc.)

NSM Collection



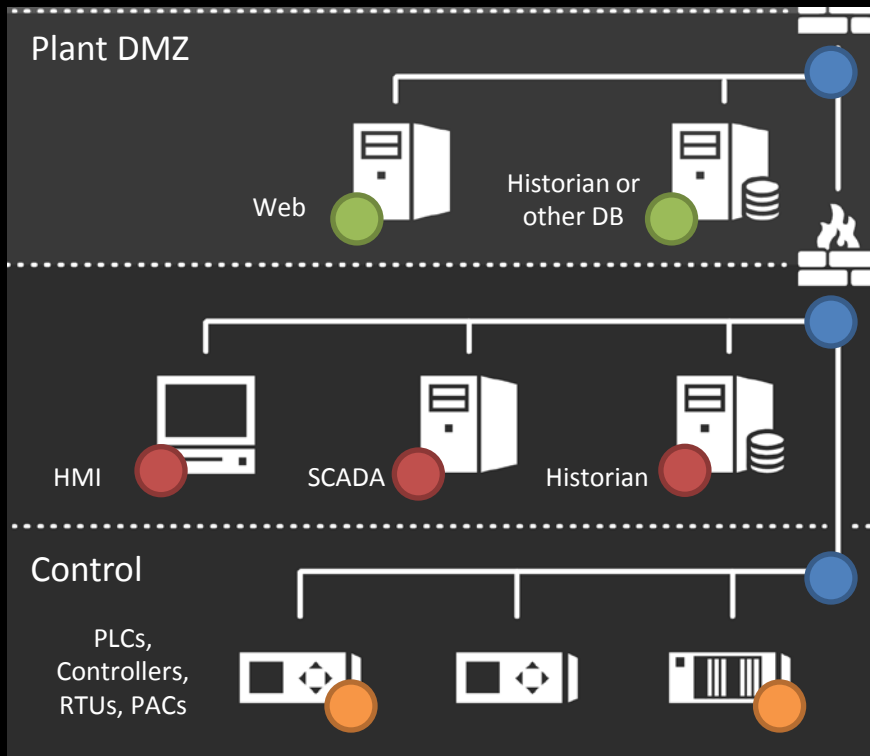
http://3.bp.blogspot.com/-B6PtheVJ9Jg/Uj4EErYhHdl/AAAAAAAAAFE/i_2dk9emrp4/s1600/Deer+tracks.jpg

What are we looking for?

- Exceptions from baseline (e.g. A talks to B but never C)
- “Top Talkers”
- Unexpected connectivity (to Internet, Business network)
- Known malicious IPs and domains
- Logins using default accounts
- Error messages that could correlate to vulnerabilities
- Unusual system and firewall log entries
- Host-based IDS or other security system alerts
- Unexpected file and firmware updates
- Antivirus alerts
- And others....

NSM Detection & “Hunting”

Analyst looks at detected anomalies or alerts then escalates to IR



- IDS alerts
- Anomaly detection
- Firmware updates, other commands
- Login with default credentials
- High CPU or network bandwidth
- Door alarms when nobody is supposed to be working
- Devices going off-line or behaving strangely

NSM Detection



Cuddeback Digital Camera 10/11/08 1:56 AM

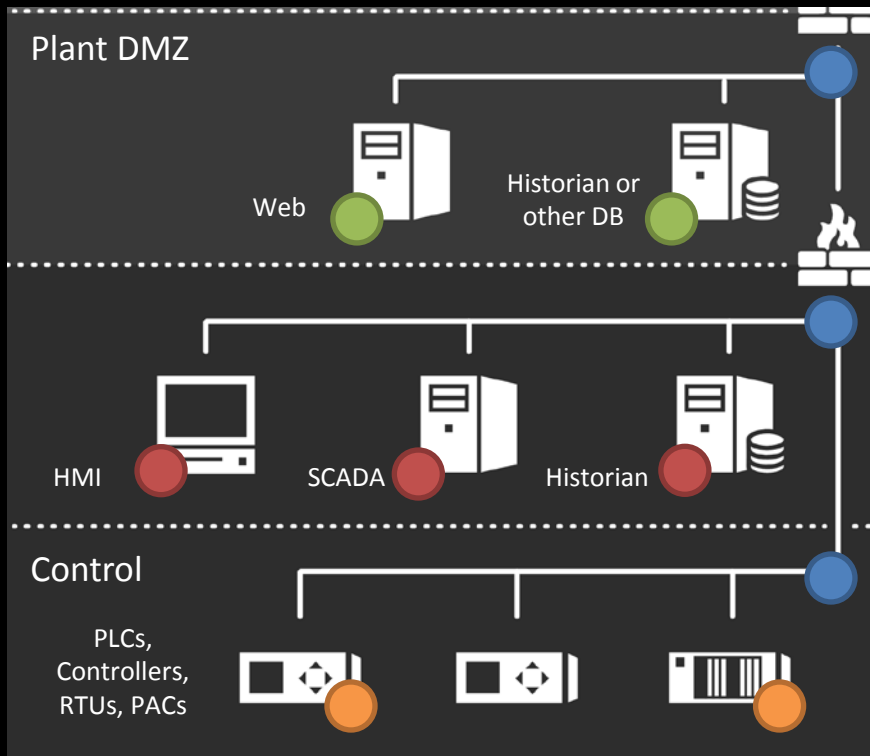
Non Typical, Inc

<http://www.buckmasters.com>

http://www.jimyuskavitchphotography.com/data/photos/56_1wolf_track4.jpg

NSM Analysis

Incident responders analyze the detected anomalies to find evil



- Application exploitation
- Third-party connections (ex. ICCP or vendor access)
- ICS-specific communication protocol attacks (ex. Modbus, DNP3, Profinet, EtherNet/IP)
- Remote access exploitation
- Direct network access due to poor physical security
- USB-delivered malware

NSM Analysis



FLYING SQUIRREL ATTACK!!!!!!

WILD

11/17/2011 9:50 PM



ICS NSM Examples

Security@nion

Session Data “Top Talkers”

FlowBAT characterizes Session Data, showing which nodes have the most traffic

Source IP	Destination IP	Source port	Destination port	IP protocol	Packet count	Byte count	TCP flags	Starting time	Duration	End time
141. [REDACTED]	192.168.133.128	80	51260	6	197	436574	FSPA	2015/01/06 21:13:02.379	0.454	2015/01/06 21:13:02.379
192.168.133.128	141. [REDACTED]	51260	80	6	113	4667	FSPA	2015/01/06 21:13:02.379	0.454	2015/01/06 21:13:02.379
74. [REDACTED]	192.168.133.128	443	38310	6	9	4663	SPA	2015/01/06 21:22:12.548	11.484	2015/01/06 21:22:12.548
74. [REDACTED]	192.168.133.128	443	40065	6	8	4622	SPA	2015/01/06 21:22:12.523	11.510	2015/01/06 21:22:12.523
74. [REDACTED]	192.168.133.128	443	44475	6	8	4622	SPA	2015/01/06 21:22:12.521	11.512	2015/01/06 21:22:12.521
192.168.133.128	74. [REDACTED]	38310	443	6	11	933	SRPA	2015/01/06 21:22:12.548	11.484	2015/01/06 21:22:12.548
192.168.133.128	74. [REDACTED]	40065	443	6	10	893	SRPA	2015/01/06 21:22:12.523	11.510	2015/01/06 21:22:12.523
192.168.133.128	74. [REDACTED]	44475	443	6	10	893	SRPA	2015/01/06 21:22:12.521	11.512	2015/01/06 21:22:12.521
192.168.133.1	192.168.133.255	138	138	6	2	469		2015/01/06 21:12:35.498	18.788	2015/01/06 21:12:35.498
149. [REDACTED]	192.168.133.128	123	123	6	5	380		2015/01/06 21:10:32.752	32.192	2015/01/06 21:10:32.752

< Previous 10 per page Next >

[Download full CSV](#) [Download full RWF](#)

SiLK and FlowBAT can be easily installed in Security Onion

Pcap Analysis for anomalies

NetworkMiner can find potential ARP spoofing (as well as many other indicators)

The screenshot shows the NetworkMiner interface with a list of anomalies. A red box highlights the following message:

```
Ethernet MAC has changed, possible ARP spoofing! IP [redacted], MAC [redacted] -> [redacted] (frame 42093)
```

The interface includes a menu bar (File, Tools, Help), a toolbar with tabs (Hosts (455), Frames (50xxx), Files, Images, Messages, Credentials, Sessions (13498), DNS (80), Parameters (1), Keywords, Cleartext, Anomalies), and a Case Panel on the right showing 'File...', 'MD5', and 'first50... 9aa6...'. A 'Clear' button is at the bottom center, and 'Reload Case Files' is at the bottom right.

Pcaps - Abnormal DNS Traffic

NetworkMiner sees “strange” DNS requests originating from within the ICS

The screenshot shows the NetworkMiner 1.5.1 interface with a table of DNS traffic. The table has columns for Frame, Time, Client, Server, Serial, IP TTL, DNS TTL, Tra, Type, DNS Query, DNS Answer, and Alexa Top 1M. A red box highlights a group of entries for 'infoc2.duba.net' and 'ivt.ihaveit.biz'.

Frame	Time	Client	Server	Serial	IP TTL	DNS TTL	Tra	Type	DNS Query	DNS Answer	Alexa Top 1M	
18740	8/28...	156.1...	52998	10.3...	53	123	00:00:00	0x...	0x0000	flashservice.adobe.com	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers
18738	8/28...	156.1...	52998	10.3...	53	124	00:00:00	0x...	0x0000	flashservice.adobe.com	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers
35597	8/28...	10.13...	51883	10.3...	53	126	00:00:00	0x0E2F	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
32465	8/28...	146.6...	59101	10.3...	53	123	00:00:00	0x5FB5	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8593)	N/A (Pro vers
32464	8/28...	146.6...	59101	10.3...	53	124	00:00:00	0x5FB5	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8593)	N/A (Pro vers
32475	8/28...	10.13...	55424	146....	53	126	00:00:00	0x5BEB	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
32470	8/28...	10.13...	55424	146....	53	127	00:00:00	0x5BEB	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
35595	8/28...	10.13...	51883	146....	53	127	00:00:00	0x0E2F	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
36209	8/28...	10.13...	56302	146....	53	126	00:00:00	0x68F1	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
33015	8/28...	10.13...	54907	146....	53	127	00:00:00	0xADFD	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
33016	8/28...	10.13...	54907	146....	53	126	00:00:00	0xADFD	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
33013	8/28...	146.6...	57230	10.3...	53	124	00:00:00	0x3FD2	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8193)	N/A (Pro vers
33014	8/28...	146.6...	57230	10.3...	53	123	00:00:00	0x3FD2	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8193)	N/A (Pro vers
36208	8/28...	10.13...	56302	146....	53	127	00:00:00	0x68F1	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
32697	8/28...	10.13...	64219	146....	53	126	00:00:00	0x19D1	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
32696	8/28...	10.13...	64219	146....	53	127	00:00:00	0x19D1	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
32692	8/28...	146.6...	58604	10.3...	53	124	00:00:00	0xC29D	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8593)	N/A (Pro vers
32695	8/28...	146.6...	58604	10.3...	53	123	00:00:00	0xC29D	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8593)	N/A (Pro vers
36006	8/28...	10.13...	49786	146....	53	126	00:00:00	0xEB65	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
36005	8/28...	10.13...	49786	146....	53	127	00:00:00	0xEB65	0x0000		NXDOMAIN (flags 0x8183)	N/A (Pro vers
18735	8/28...	156.1...	53322	10.3...	53	123	00:00:00	0x3329	0x0000	infoc2.duba.net	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8182)	N/A (Pro vers
18733	8/28...	156.1...	53322	10.3...	53	124	00:00:00	0x3329	0x0000	infoc2.duba.net	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8182)	N/A (Pro vers
32514	8/28...	156.1...	51251	10.3...	53	123	00:00:00	0x6843	0x0000	ivt.ihaveit.biz	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers
32513	8/28...	156.1...	51251	10.3...	53	124	00:00:00	0x6843	0x0000	ivt.ihaveit.biz	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers
32033	8/28...	156.1...	51251	10.3...	53	123	00:00:00	0x6843	0x0000	ivt.ihaveit.biz	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers
32032	8/28...	156.1...	51251	10.3...	53	124	00:00:00	0x6843	0x0000	ivt.ihaveit.biz	SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers
8069	8/28...	10.36...	60766	156....	53	126	00:00:00	0x0875	0x0000		SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers
8066	8/28...	10.36...	60766	156....	53	127	00:00:00	0x0875	0x0000		SERVFAIL (flags 0x8192)	N/A (Pro vers

IDS alerts - Abnormal DNS Traffic

DNS requests shown in the **Bro IDS** log in **ELSA**

The screenshot displays the ELSA web interface with the following details:

- Query:** class=BRO_DNS dstport="53" groupby:hostname
- From:** 2015-01-04 21:54:22
- To:** [Empty]
- Index:** hostname
- Result Options:** [Dropdown]
- Result Table:**

Count	Value
44	-
7	[Redacted]
6	[Redacted].rdns.orionvm.com.au
6	[Redacted]
6	[Redacted]
6	[Redacted]
5	181digitalwebcontrol.us
5	flashservice.adobe.com
4	consumeronlineproducts-p.us
4	[Redacted]
4	[Redacted]
4	e173.primody.com
4	[Redacted]
4	[Redacted]
4	[Redacted]
4	[Redacted]
3	infoc2.duba.net
3	launchermg.3g.cn

Pcaps - Malformed Modbus

Deep packet inspection of Modbus by **Wireshark**

The screenshot displays the Wireshark interface with a packet capture on the left and a 'Protocol Hierarchy Statistics' window on the right. The main window shows a list of packets with the filter 'mbtcp'. Packet 3968 is highlighted, showing a 'Malformed Packet' in the Modbus layer. The 'Protocol Hierarchy Statistics' window provides a detailed breakdown of the captured traffic.

Protocol	% Packets	Packets	% Bytes	Bytes	Mbit/s	End Packets	End Bytes	End Mbit/s
Frame	100.00 %	1440	100.00 %	93324	0.057	0	0	0.000
Ethernet	100.00 %	1440	100.00 %	93324	0.057	0	0	0.000
Internet Protocol Version 4	100.00 %	1440	100.00 %	93324	0.057	0	0	0.000
Transmission Control Protocol	100.00 %	1440	100.00 %	93324	0.057	0	0	0.000
Modbus/TCP	100.00 %	1440	100.00 %	93324	0.057	0	0	0.000
Text item	100.00 %	1440	100.00 %	93324	0.057	1152	74748	0.046
Malformed Packet	20.00 %	288	19.90 %	18576	0.011	288	18576	0.011

The packet list shows the following details for packet 3968:

- Frame 3968: 65 bytes on wire (528 bytes captured)
- Ethernet II, Src: WistronI_a4
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.0.1, Destination: 192.168.0.3
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 49152, Destination Port: 5000
- Modbus/TCP, Src: 192.168.0.1, Destination: 192.168.0.3
- Modbus
- [Malformed Packet: Modbus]**
- [Expert Info (Error/Malformed)]
- [Malformed Packet (Exception)]
- [Severity level: Error]
- [Group: Malformed]

The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII:

```
0000 00 30 a7 05 d4 94 3c 97 0e a4 f5 3a 08 00 45 00 .0...<. ....E.
0010 00 33 08 09 40 00 80 06 00 00 c0 a8 00 01 c0 a8 .3..@... ..
0020 00 03 ec 18 01 f6 ae 32 c3 b9 46 e2 7b 35 50 18 .....2 ..F.{5P.
0030 40 21 81 7a 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 05 01 01 00 00 @!.z.... ..
0040 00
```

IDS Logs

- **Bro IDS**

- DNP3 & Modbus
- More ICS protocols being developed by UIUC

- **Snort IDS**

- DNP3 & Modbus preprocessors
- ET SCADA & DigitalBond Quickdraw Snort rules

- **Suricata IDS**

- New DNP3 parser & ET SCADA rules

IDS Logs

Bro IDS parses Modbus and DNP3 packets, ELSA consolidates Bro logs

The image shows a terminal window displaying Bro IDS logs. The logs are organized into two main sections: Modbus and DNP3. The Modbus section is highlighted with a red box, and the DNP3 section is highlighted with a yellow box. The ELSA web interface is visible in the foreground, showing a search query for 'class=BRO_WEIRD' and a list of results.

```
#separator \x09
#set_separator
#empty_field (empty)
#unset_field
#path weird
#open 2014-11-10-18-12-38
#fields ts uid id.orig_h id.orig_p id.resp_h id.resp_p name addr notice peer
#types time string string string string bool string
1415643158.075719 C37a6N2PuUN301KEF7 192.168.0.7 44173 75.75.76.76 53 bad_UDP_checksum - F bro
1415643171.329125 - - - - - F bro
1415643171.329646 - - - - - F bro
1415643181.530697 - - - - - F bro
1415643333.743576 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415643333.785542 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 2 - F bro
1415643337.005274 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadDiscreteInputsRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415643337.048149 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadDiscreteInputsRequest: 4 > 2 - F bro
1415643340.262602 CFZNYo3XPkDSoo3Gka 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadHoldingRegistersRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415643340.304368 CFZNYo3XPkDSoo3Gka 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadHoldingRegistersRequest: 4 > 2 - F bro
1415643343.526561 CFZNYo3XPkDSoo3Gka 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadInputRegistersRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415643343.569314 CFZNYo3XPkDSoo3Gka 192.168.0.1 12423 192.168.0.3 502 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadInputRegistersRequest: 4 > 2 - F bro
1415643355.970682 CGKbeV3043NKUQiAo1 192.168.0.1 12424 192.168.0.3 443 bad_TCP_checksum - F bro
1415643700.826570 CC2tws4UkylgufRz14 fe80::6a05:caff:fe28:2342 5353 ff02::fb DNS_Conn_count_too_large - F bro
1415643724.601213 C3N4Jy1SssYMcwY0N5 192.168.0.1 12507 192.168.0.3 20001 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415643728.211378 CRd31o2ZcR6GE91oG4 192.168.0.1 12508 192.168.0.3 20000 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 2 - F bro
1415643730.826659 - - - - - F bro
1415643831.018184 - - - - - F bro
1415643831.018579 - - - - - F bro
1415643841.219311 - - - - - F bro
1415644094.522202 Cwsx 192.168.0.1 12614 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction - F bro
1415644094.522202 Cwsx 192.168.0.1 12614 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction - F bro
1415644097.643065 CLpo 192.168.0.1 12615 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction - F bro
1415644116.425850 CB1Vys4p20y4u0w1C2 192.168.0.1 12619 192.168.0.3 20001 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415644117.716313 CLpoMi26Do2yVhRHdg 192.168.0.1 12615 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_header_magic - F bro
1415644121.414554 CMyKEg2rmMjnE1Bp9 192.168.0.1 12620 192.168.0.3 20001 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415644149.129414 CLrbBbTsdYuX424rh 192.168.0.1 12626 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction - F bro
1415644149.364053 CEy8r3y3jEhcOpG9g2 192.168.0.1 12627 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction - F bro
1415644447.340837 - - - - - F bro
1415644447.341030 - - - - - F bro
1415644477.540805 - - - - - F bro
1415644724.161881 CfuuWd4ChV763jjPo3 fe80::6a05:caff:fe28:2342 5353 ff02::fb DNS_Conn_count_too_large - F bro
1415644734.161912 - - - - - F bro
1415644847.755515 CEdeV71pcXqFSS2gH1 192.168.0.1 12734 192.168.0.3 20000 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415644862.666545 CSEKaN3SCZu5AERPc1 192.168.0.1 12738 192.168.0.3 20000 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 2 - F bro
1415644872.337025 CBjNdG3dG2Pr9ZFqaj 192.168.0.1 12742 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction - F bro
1415644872.337025 CBjNdG3dG2Pr9ZFqaj 192.168.0.1 12742 192.168.0.3 20000 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 3 - F bro
1415644875.931040 CVMMxym4pDjKahhUh 192.168.0.1 12743 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction - F bro
1415644894.425338 CVMMxym4pDjKahhUh 192.168.0.1 12743 192.168.0.3 20000 dnp3_header_magic - F bro
```

The ELSA web interface shows a search query for 'class=BRO_WEIRD' and a list of results. The results are grouped by name and include the following entries:

- 61 dnp3_header_magic
- 34 dns_unmatched_msg
- 18 dnp3_unexpected_flow_direction
- 8 binpac exception: out_of_bound: DNP3_Application_Request_Header: 2 > 0
- 7 active_connection_reuse
- 7 bad_SYN_ack
- 6 DNS_truncated_len_it_hdr_len
- 4 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadInputRegistersRequest: 4 > 3
- 4 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadHoldingRegistersRequest: 4 > 2
- 4 DNS_Conn_count_too_large
- 4 unknown_protocol_2
- 4 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadInputRegistersRequest: 4 > 2
- 4 binpac exception: out_of_bound: ReadCoilsRequest: 4 > 3

IDS GUIs

Alerts in Sguil of scanning activity

RealTime Events | Escalated Events

ST	CNT	Sensor	Alert ID	Date/Time	Src IP	SPort	Dst IP	DPort	Pr	Event Message
RT	5	chris-Opti...	1.1	2014-11-11 05:06:16	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0		0	[OSSEC] Integrity checksum changed again (3rd time).
RT	17	chris-Opti...	1.2	2014-11-11 05:07:28	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0		0	[OSSEC] Integrity checksum changed again (2nd time).
RT	6	chris-Opti...	1.6	2014-11-11 05:08:27	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0		0	[OSSEC] Integrity checksum changed.
RT	1	chris-Opti...	1.20	2014-11-11 05:14:16	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0		0	[OSSEC] Received 0 packets in designated time interval (defined in ossec.conf). Please check interface, cabling, and tap/span!
RT	1	chris-Opti...	4.1	2014-11-11 05:40:22	192.168.0.1	1452	192.168.0.3	443	6	PADS New Asset - unknown@https
RT	4	chris-Opti...	3.1	2014-11-11 05:41:36	192.168.0.1	34995	192.168.0.3	3306	6	ET POLICY Suspicious inbound to MySQL port 3306
RT	3	chris-Opti...	3.3	2014-11-11 05:41:51	192.168.0.1	34995	192.168.0.3	5816	6	ET SCAN Potential VNC Scan 5800-5820
RT	3	chris-Opti...	3.4	2014-11-11 05:41:58	192.168.0.1	34995	192.168.0.3	5914	6	ET SCAN Potential VNC Scan 5900-5920
RT	4	chris-Opti...	3.6	2014-11-11 05:42:15	192.168.0.1	34996	192.168.0.3	1433	6	ET POLICY Suspicious inbound to MSSQL port 1433
RT	4	chris-Opti...	3.7	2014-11-11 05:42:21	192.168.0.1	34995	192.168.0.3	1521	6	ET POLICY Suspicious inbound to Oracle SQL port 1521
RT	2	chris-Opti...	3.12	2014-11-11 05:42:57	192.168.0.1	34996	192.168.0.3	4333	6	ET POLICY Suspicious inbound to mSQL port 4333
RT	8	chris-Opti...	3.13	2014-11-11 05:43:04	192.168.0.1	34995	192.168.0.3	5432	6	ET POLICY Suspicious inbound to PostgreSQL port 5432
RT	1	chris-Opti...	3.18	2014-11-11 05:43:14	192.168.0.3	443	192.168.0.1	1482	6	ET POLICY SSLv3 outbound connection from client vulnerable to POODLE attack
RT	1	chris-Opti...	3.19	2014-11-11 05:43:14	192.168.0.3	443	192.168.0.1	1482	6	ET POLICY SSLv3 inbound connection to server vulnerable to POODLE attack
RT	1	chris-Opti...	4.4	2014-11-11 05:43:14	192.168.0.1	1472	192.168.0.3	80	6	PADS Changed Asset - http lighttpd 1.4.28
RT	1	chris-Opti...	4.3	2014-11-11 05:43:14	192.168.0.1	1482	192.168.0.3	443	6	PADS Changed Asset - ssl OpenSSL
RT	2	chris-Opti...	4.2	2014-11-11 05:43:14	192.168.0.1	1472	192.168.0.3	80	6	PADS New Asset - unknown@www
RT	2	chris-Opti...	3.17	2014-11-11 05:43:14	192.168.0.1	1473	192.168.0.3	443	6	ET POLICY HTTP traffic on port 443 (OPTIONS)
RT	3	chris-Opti...	3.29	2014-11-11 05:44:55	192.168.0.1	52782	192.168.0.3	177	17	GPL RPC xdmcp info query
RT	1	chris-Opti...	4.5	2014-11-11 05:44:56	192.168.0.1	52782	192.168.0.3	123	17	PADS New Asset - unknown@ntp
RT	1	chris-Opti...	4.6	2014-11-11 05:44:58	192.168.0.1	52782	192.168.0.3	53	17	PADS New Asset - unknown@domain
RT	3	chris-Opti...	3.32	2014-11-11 05:44:59	192.168.0.1	54363	192.168.0.3	53	17	GPL DNS named version attempt
RT	1	chris-Opti...	4.7	2014-11-11 05:45:04	192.168.0.1	54360	192.168.0.3	111	17	PADS New Asset - unknown@cunrc

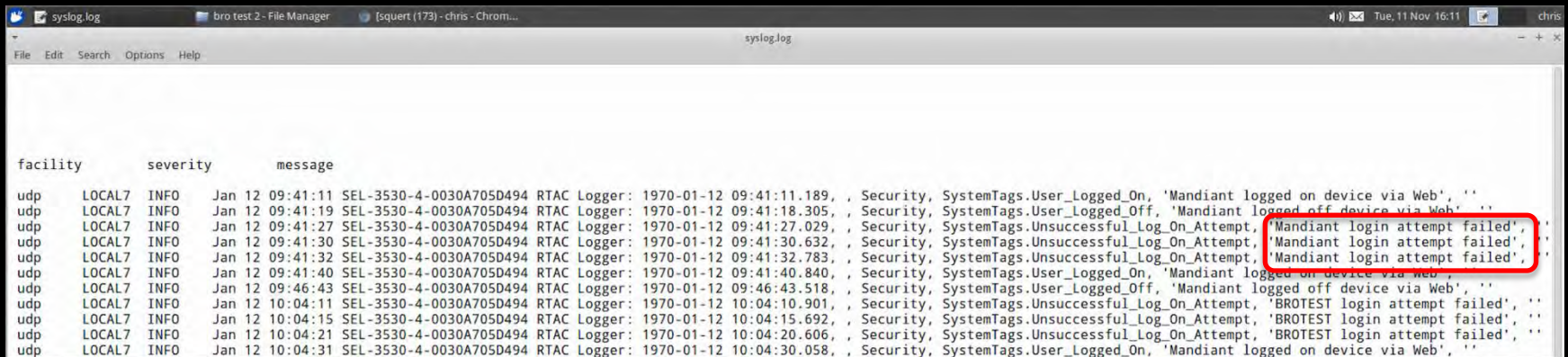
Sid	Sensor	Pckt Loss	Avg B/W	Alerts	Packets	Bytes	Match	New Sns	Ttl Sns	Max
3	chris-Opti...	0.000%	...1Mb/s	0.000/sec	...4k/sec	110/pckt	69.562%	0.090/sec	0.097	

Show Packet Data Show Rule

IP	Source IP	Dest IP	Ver	HL	TOS	len	ID	Flags	Offset	TTL	ChkSum						
IP	192.168.0.3	192.168.0.1	4	5	0	1153	39128	2	0	64	7242						
TCP	Source Port	Dest Port	R	R	U	A	P	R	S	F	Seq #	Ack #	Offset	Res	Window	Urp	ChkSum
TCP	443	1482	.	.	.	X	X	.	.	.	3505235830	1421189568	5	0	1825	0	30777
DATA	<pre> 06 13 02 33 33 31 13 30 11 06 03 35 04 08 13 04 57 61 73 68 69 6E 67 74 6F 6E 31 10 30 0E 06 03 55 04 07 13 07 50 75 6C 6C 6D 61 6E 31 32 30 30 06 03 55 04 0A 13 29 53 63 68 77 65 69 74 7A 65 72 20 45 6E 67 69 6E 65 65 72 69 6E 67 20 4C 61 62 6F 72 61 74 6F 72 69 65 73 2C 20 49 6E 63 2E 31 2F 30 2D 06 03 55 04 0B 13 26 41 75 74 6F 6D 61 74 69 6F 6E 20 61 6E 64 20 49 6E 74 65 67 72 61 74 69 6F 6E 20 45 6E 67 69 6E 65 65 72 69 6E 67 31 18 30 16 06 03 55 04 03 13 0F 53 45 4C 2D 33 35 33 30 2D 34 20 52 54 41 43 30 1E 17 0D 31 34 30 38 31 33 32 33 30 33 37 5A 17 0D 33 34 </pre>																

Syslog

Syslog can be configured to send to a NSM sensor or detected in network traffic if sent elsewhere. This is the **Bro IDS** Log for Syslog from an RTU.



```
syslog.log
File Edit Search Options Help
facility      severity    message
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 09:41:11 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 09:41:11.189, Security, SystemTags.User_Logged_On, 'Mandiant logged on device via Web', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 09:41:19 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 09:41:18.305, Security, SystemTags.User_Logged_Off, 'Mandiant logged off device via Web', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 09:41:27 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 09:41:27.029, Security, SystemTags.Unsuccessful_Log_On_Attempt, 'Mandiant login attempt failed', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 09:41:30 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 09:41:30.632, Security, SystemTags.Unsuccessful_Log_On_Attempt, 'Mandiant login attempt failed', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 09:41:32 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 09:41:32.783, Security, SystemTags.Unsuccessful_Log_On_Attempt, 'Mandiant login attempt failed', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 09:41:40 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 09:41:40.840, Security, SystemTags.User_Logged_On, 'Mandiant logged on device via web', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 09:46:43 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 09:46:43.518, Security, SystemTags.User_Logged_Off, 'Mandiant logged off device via Web', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 10:04:11 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 10:04:10.901, Security, SystemTags.Unsuccessful_Log_On_Attempt, 'BROTEST login attempt failed', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 10:04:15 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 10:04:15.692, Security, SystemTags.Unsuccessful_Log_On_Attempt, 'BROTEST login attempt failed', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 10:04:21 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 10:04:20.606, Security, SystemTags.Unsuccessful_Log_On_Attempt, 'BROTEST login attempt failed', ''
udp LOCAL7 INFO Jan 12 10:04:31 SEL-3530-4-0030A705D494 RTAC Logger: 1970-01-12 10:04:30.058, Security, SystemTags.User_Logged_On, 'Mandiant logged on device via Web', ''
```

RTUs with Syslog

- SEL-3530 RTAC
- GE D20MX
- Novatech OrionLX
- Cooper SMP 16



If not...require syslog and other logs in the ICS procurement language

NSM Tools for the 7 Data Types

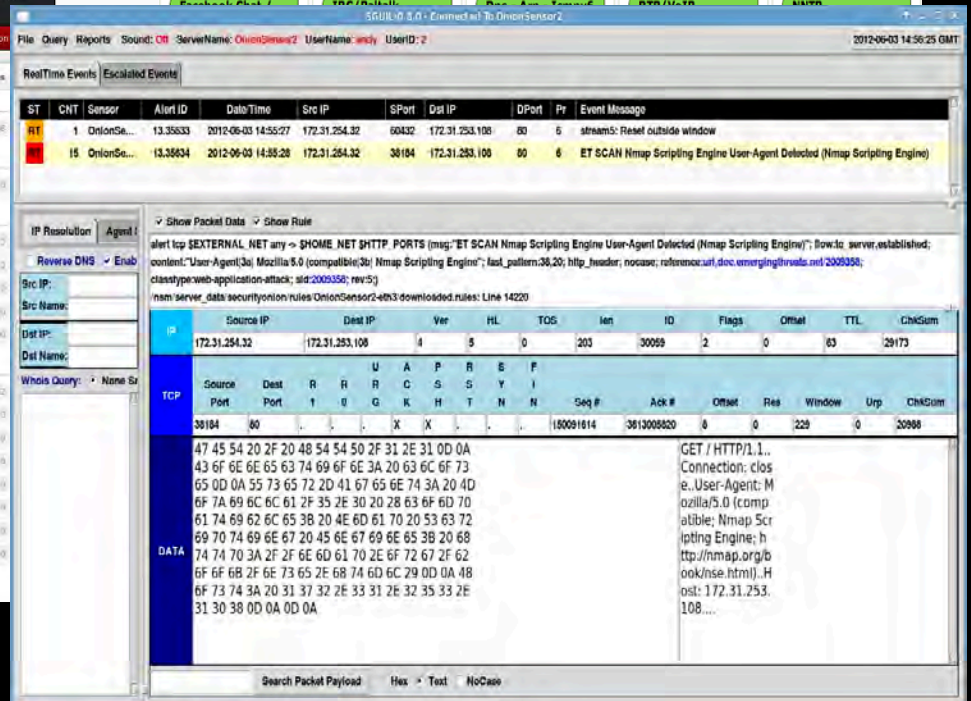
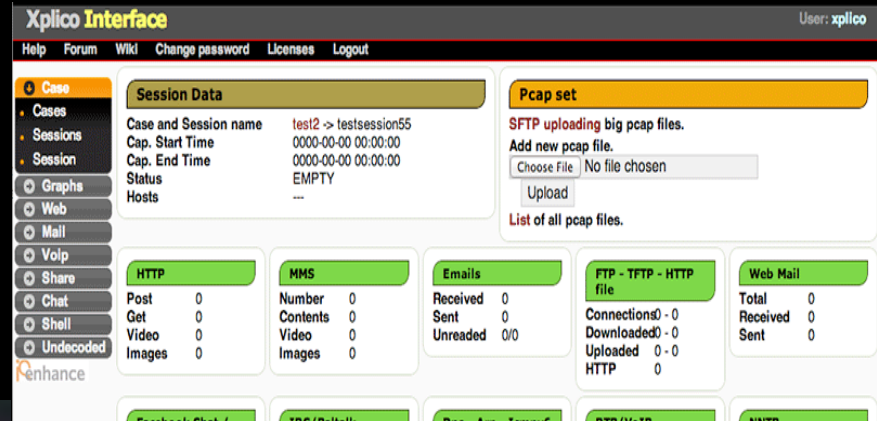
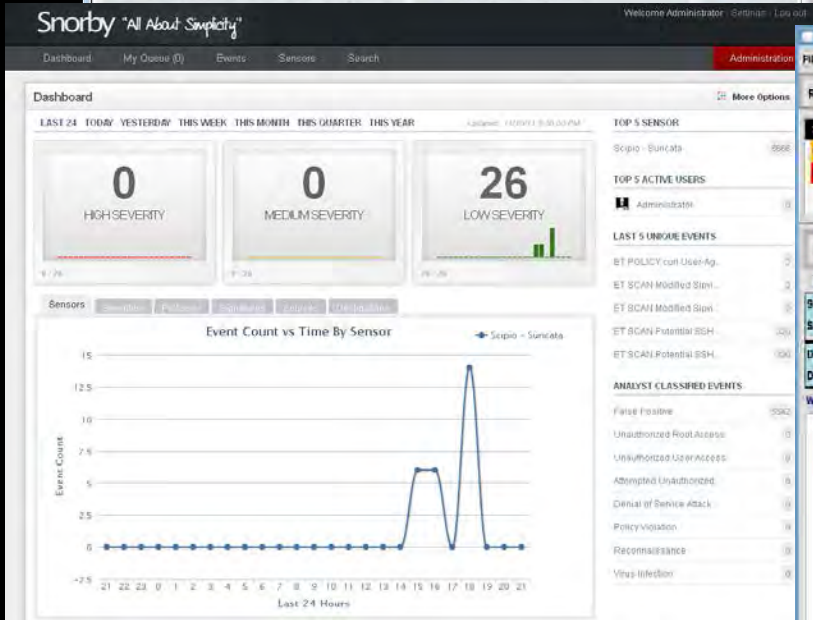
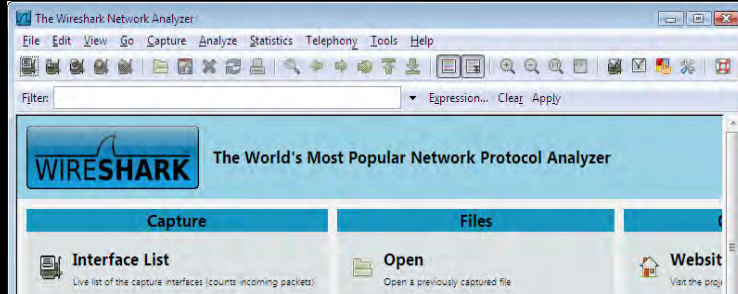
Security Onion Linux distribution

- Easy to install and lots of documentation
- **Full packet capture** – Tcpcap/Wireshark/NetworkMiner
- **Extracted content** – Xplico/NetworkMiner
- **Session data** – Bro/FlowBAT
- **Transaction data** – Bro
- **Statistical data** – Capinfos/Wireshark
- **Metadata** – ELSA (Whois)
- **Alert data** – Snort, Suricata, Sguil, Snorby



Peel Back the Layers of Your Network

Security Onion Tools



NetFlow Tools

SiLK & FlowBAT

- Install on Security Onion with 2 scripts
- www.flowbat.com

The screenshot shows the FlowBAT web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the FlowBAT logo and links for Dashboard, Quick Query, Saved Queries, and IP Sets. The user name 'Chris Sanders' is visible in the top right corner. Below the navigation bar, there is a search bar with the text 'Execute' and a dropdown arrow. To the right of the search bar are two buttons: 'Command line' and 'Query builder'. A timestamp 'UTC: 2014/10/13 18:31' is displayed in the top right. Below the search bar, there is a text input field for the 'rwfilter' containing the command '--type=all --any-address=162.212.181.0/24 --dport=53'. Below this is an 'Exclusions' section with a text input field containing the instruction 'Use "OR" to separate exclusions, for example: --type=7 OR --dport=80'. The 'Output type' section has three buttons: 'Records' (selected), 'Stats', and 'Count'. Below this is a table with the following columns: Source IP, Destination IP, Source port, Destination port, IP protocol, Packet count, Byte count, TCP flags, Starting time, Duration, End time, and Sensor. The table contains four rows of data.

Source IP	Destination IP	Source port	Destination port	IP protocol	Packet count	Byte count	TCP flags	Starting time	Duration	End time	Sensor
162.212.181.242	50.116.29.253	633	53	17	1	84		2014/10/13 00:05:33.128	0.000	2014/10/13 00:05:33.128	SO
162.212.181.242	50.116.29.253	12869	53	17	1	84		2014/10/13 00:56:24.642	0.000	2014/10/13 00:56:24.642	SO
162.212.181.242	50.116.29.253	30427	53	17	1	84		2014/10/13 01:34:38.773	0.000	2014/10/13 01:34:38.773	SO
162.212.181.242	50.116.29.253	29049	53	17	1	84		2014/10/13 02:38:20.594	0.000	2014/10/13 02:38:20.594	SO

Security Onion Implementation

- Test in a lab first
- Select suitable hardware platform
 - More RAM is better
 - Bigger hard drive is better (longer retention)
- Mirrored/SPAN port on router/switch or a good network tap
- Select proper placement of SO sensor
 - *The Practice of Network Security Monitoring*
 - *Applied Network Security Monitoring*
- Work with the right stakeholders if placing in production

SO for ICS = Security Ogre



NSM References/Resources

- *The Cuckoo's Egg* by Cliff Stoll
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EcKxaq1FTac>
1-hour NOVA Special (1990)
- *The Practice of Network Security Monitoring*
by Richard Bejtlich
<http://www.nostarch.com/nsm>
- *Applied Network Security Monitoring*
by Chris Sanders & Jason Smith
<http://www.appliednsm.com/>
- The NSM Wiki <http://nsmwiki.org>
- <http://securityonion.net>

Takeaways

- ✓ You can implement NSM in ICS today – without impacting your operations
- ✓ There are free tools available to help you start looking at your ICS and hunting for evil

People...

...the most important part of NSM!

- Gigabytes of data and 1000s of IDS alerts are useless without interpretation
- Analyze data collected to understand what's normal – and what's not
- Identify adversary TTPs and act to disrupt them



Remember

Adversaries are a “Who”, not a “What”

Find Evil



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@chrissistrunk